## PRELIMINARY OFFICIAL STATEMENT DATED MAY 2, 2025

## **NEW ISSUE – Book-Entry-Only**

Ratings: Moody's \_\_\_\_\_ Oklahoma #1

Due: July 1, As Shown Below

It is anticipated that prior to the delivery of the Bonds, Bond Counsel will render an opinion that under existing statutes and court decisions and assuming continuing compliance with certain tax covenants described herein, (i) interest on the 2025 Combined Purpose Bonds is excluded from gross income for Federal income tax purposes pursuant to Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), and (ii) interest on the 2025 Combined Purpose Bonds is not treated as a preference item in calculating the alternative minimum tax imposed on individuals under the Code. Interest on the 2025 Building Bonds is included in gross income for Federal income tax purposes. In the opinion of Bond Counsel, interest on the 2025 Building Bonds and the 2025 Combined Purpose Bonds is exempt from State of Oklahoma income tax under existing law. See "TAX MATTERS RESPECTING THE 2025 COMBINED PURPOSE BONDS" and "TAX MATTERS RESPECTING THE 2025 BUILDING BONDS" herein.

THE BONDS WILL NOT BE DESIGNATED AS "QUALIFIED TAX-EXEMPT OBLIGATIONS" FOR FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

# INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NUMBER 52 OKLAHOMA COUNTY, OKLAHOMA (Midwest City - Del City School District)

\$17,930,000 General Obligation Combined Purpose Bonds, Series 2025

\$800,000 General Obligation Building Bonds, Federally Taxable Series 2025

#### Dated: July 1, 2025

Interest on the \$17,930,000 Independent School District Number 52, Oklahoma County, Oklahoma, General Obligation Combined Purpose Bonds, Series 2025 (the "2025 Combined Purpose Bonds") will accrue from July 1, 2025, (the "Dated Date") and will be payable January 1 and July 1 of each year commencing July 1, 2027. Interest on the \$800,000 General Obligation Building Bonds, Federally Taxable Series 2025 (the "2025 Building Bonds") (collectively, the "Bonds" or "2025 Bonds") will accrue from the Dated Date and will be payable on July 1, 2027. Interest on the 2025 Bonds will be calculated on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months. The definitive Bonds will be initially registered and delivered only to Cede & Co., the nominee of the Depository Trust Company ("DTC") pursuant to the Book-Entry-Only System described herein. Beneficial ownership of the Bonds may be acquired in denominations of \$5,000 or integral multiples thereof. No physical delivery of the Bonds will be made to the owners thereof. Principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds will be payable by the Paying Agent/Registrar to Cede & Co., which will make distribution of the amounts so paid to the participating members of DTC for subsequent payment to the beneficial owners of the Bonds. See "The Bonds – Book Entry System" herein. The initial Paying Agent/Registrar is BancFirst (the "Paying Agent/Registrar").

The 2025 Bonds constitute direct and general obligations of Independent School District No. 52 of Oklahoma County, Oklahoma, payable from ad valorem taxes levied against all taxable property located therein, excepting homestead exemptions, without limitation as to rate or amount. The 2025 Bonds are being issued in accordance with the provisions contained in the Oklahoma Constitution, and laws of the State of Oklahoma supplementary and amendatory thereto.

\$17,930,000 General Obligation <u>Combined Purpose Bonds, Series 2025</u>				\$800,000 General Obligation <u>Building Bonds, Federally Taxable Series 2025</u>				<u>2025</u>	
<u>Maturity</u> 7-1-2027 7-1-2028 7-1-2029 7-1-2030	Principal <u>Amount</u> \$3,875,000 \$4,685,000 \$4,685,000 \$4,685,000	Interest <u>Rate</u>	<u>Yield</u>	CUSIP <u>678807</u>	<u>Maturity</u> 7-1-2027	Principal <u>Amount</u> \$800,000	Interest <u>Rate</u>	<u>Yield</u>	CUSIP <u>678807</u>

The 2025 Bonds are offered subject to the approval of legality by the Attorney General of the State of Oklahoma and \_\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, Oklahoma, Bond Counsel. It is anticipated that the 2025 Bonds in definitive form will be available for delivery on or about July 8, 2025.

## **Financial Advisor**

## BOK Financial Securities, Inc.

Official Statement Dated May \_\_, 2025

## **REGARDING USE OF THE OFFICIAL STATEMENT**

This Official Statement does not constitute an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy within any jurisdiction to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such offer or solicitation within such jurisdiction. In connection with the offering of the 2025 Bonds, no dealer, salesman or any other person has been authorized to give any information or to make any representation other than contained herein. If given or made, such information or representation must not be relied upon.

The information contained in this Official Statement, including the cover page and exhibits hereto, has been obtained from public officials, official records and from other sources which are deemed to be reliable. No representation or warranty is made, however, as to the accuracy or completeness of such information and nothing contained in this Official Statement is or shall be relied upon as a promise or representation by the Financial Advisor. The delivery of this Official Statement does not at any time imply that information contained herein is correct as of any time subsequent to its date.

Any statements, contained in this Official Statement involving matters of opinion, estimations or projections, whether or not expressly so stated, are intended as such and not as representations of facts. This Official Statement shall not be construed as a contract or agreement between the Board of Education of Independent School District No. 52 of Oklahoma County, Oklahoma, (the "School District") and the purchasers, holders or beneficial owners of any of the 2025 Bonds.

# THIS PRELIMINARY OFFICIAL STATEMENT IS DEEMED TO BE FINAL (EXCEPT FOR PERMITTED OMISSIONS) BY THE SCHOOL DISTRICT FOR PURPOSES OF COMPLYING WITH RULE 15c2-12 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION.

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#### **OFFICIAL STATEMENT**

#### INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 52 OKLAHOMA COUNTY, OKLAHOMA (Midwest City – Del City School District)

#### relating to

## \$17,930,000 General Obligation Combined Purpose Bonds, Series 2025 and \$800,000 General Obligation Building Bonds, Federally Taxable Series 2025

## INTRODUCTION

Independent School District No. 52 of Oklahoma County, Oklahoma, also known as the Midwest City – Del City School District (the "School District") is issuing its \$17,930,000 General Obligation Combined Purpose Bonds, Series 2025 (the "2025 Combined Purpose Bonds") and its \$800,000 General Obligation Building Bonds, Federally Taxable Series 2025 (the "2025 Building Bonds") (collectively, the "Bonds" or "2025 Bonds") to provide funds for the purpose of acquiring capital improvements and equipment within and for the benefit of the School District. The 2025 Bonds are being issued in accordance with the provisions of the Oklahoma Constitution and laws of the State of Oklahoma supplementary and amendatory thereto. The 2025 Bonds constitute direct and general obligations of the School District payable from ad valorem taxes levied against all taxable property, excepting homestead exemptions, located therein without limitation as to rate or amount.

The School District is located primarily in Oklahoma County just east of Oklahoma City, the state's largest city. The School District has included herein, as Exhibit A, a copy of its Financial Statements as of June 30, 2024, together with Auditor's Report. **Exhibit A should be read in its entirety.** 

#### THE BONDS

## Description

The 2025 Bonds shall bear interest at the rates and mature on the dates as shown on the cover of this Official Statement. Interest on the 2025 Combined Purpose Bonds will accrue from July 1, 2025, and will be payable January 1 and July 1 of each year commencing July 1, 2027, and will be calculated on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months. Interest on the 2025 Building Bonds will accrue from July 1, 2025, and will be payable on July 1, 2027, and will be calculated on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months. Interest on the 2025 Building Bonds will accrue from July 1, 2025, and will be payable on July 1, 2027, and will be calculated on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months. The definitive Bonds will be initially registered and delivered only to Cede & Co., the nominee of the Depository Trust Company ("DTC") pursuant to the Book-Entry-Only System described herein. Beneficial ownership of the Bonds may be acquired in denominations of \$5,000 or integral multiples thereof. No physical delivery of the Bonds will be made to the owners thereof. Principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds will be payable by BancFirst, as paying agent and registrar (the "Paying Agent/Registrar") to Cede & Co., which will make distribution of the amounts so paid to the participating members of DTC for subsequent payment to the beneficial owners of the Bonds. See "The Bonds – Book Entry System" herein.

## **Record Date**

The record date ("Record Date") for the interest payable on the Bonds on any interest payment date means the close of business on the 15<sup>th</sup> day preceding any interest payment date.

#### No Redemption Prior to Maturity

The 2025 Bonds are not subject to redemption prior to maturity.

## Registration

The 2025 Bonds will be initially registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of DTC. DTC will act as securities depository for the 2025 Bonds. Individual purchases may be made in book entry form only, in the principal amount of \$5,000 and integral multiples thereof. Purchasers will not receive certificates representing their interest in the 2025 Bonds purchased. See "Book-Entry System" below.

The 2025 Bonds are transferable by their registered owner(s) in person or by their attorney(ies) duly authorized in writing at the principal office of the Paying Agent/Registrar but only in the manner, subject to the limitations and upon payment of the charges provided in the Indenture, and upon surrender and cancellation of the Series 2025 Bond(s). Upon such transfer a new Bond or Bonds of the same maturity or maturities, interest rate or rates and of authorized denomination or denominations, for the same aggregate principal amount, will be issued to the transferee in exchange therefor. The School District and the Paying Agent/Registrar may deem and treat the registered owner(s) as the absolute owner(s) (whether or not the Series 2025 Bond(s) shall be overdue) for the purpose of receiving payment thereof and for all other purposes and neither School District nor Registrar shall be affected by any notice to the contrary.

## **Book-Entry System**

The information in this section concerning DTC and DTC's book-entry system has been obtained from DTC, and none of the School District, the Financial Advisor, the Paying Agent/Registrar or the Underwriters take any responsibility for the accuracy thereof.

DTC will act as securities depository for the 2025 Bonds. The 2025 Bonds will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. One fully-registered Series 2025 Bond certificate will be issued for each maturity of the 2025 Bonds, each in the aggregate principal amount of such maturity, and will be deposited with DTC at the office of the Paying Agent/Registrar on behalf of DTC utilizing the DTC FAST system of registration.

DTC, the world's largest depository, is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 2 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity, corporate and municipal debt issues, and money market instruments from over 85 countries that DTC's participants ("Direct Participants") deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC"). DTCC, in turn, is owned by a number of Direct Participants of DTC and Members of the National Securities Clearing Corporation, Government Securities Clearing Corporation, MBS Clearing Corporation, and Emerging Markets Clearing Corporation, (NSCC, GSCC, MBSCC, and EMCC, also subsidiaries of DTCC), as well as by the New York Stock Exchange, Inc., the American Stock Exchange LLC and the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants"). DTC has a rating of "AA+" from S&P Global Ratings, a Standard and Poor's Financial Services LLC business. The DTC rules applicable to its Participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com.

Purchases of 2025 Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the 2025 Bonds on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each Series 2025 Bond ("Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants'

records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the 2025 Bonds are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in the 2025 Bonds, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the 2025 Bonds is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all 2025 Bonds deposited by Direct Participants with DTC (or the Paying Agent/Registrar on behalf of DTC utilizing the DTC FAST system of registration) are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of 2025 Bonds with DTC (or the Paying Agent/Registrar on behalf of DTC utilizing the DTC FAST system of registration) and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other DTC utilizing the DTC FAST system of registration) and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other DTC nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the 2025 Bonds; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such 2025 Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time.

Redemption notices shall be sent to DTC. If less than all the 2025 Bonds within an issue are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in such issue to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor such other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to the 2025 Bonds unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's Procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to the School District as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts the 2025 Bonds are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Redemption proceeds, distributions and dividend payments on the 2025 Bonds will be made to Cede & Co. or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from the School District or the Paying Agent/Registrar on the payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name," and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC, the Paying Agent/Registrar or the School District, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of redemption proceeds, distributions and dividend payments on the 2025 Bonds to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of the School District or the Paying Agent/Registrar, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as securities depository with respect to the 2025 Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice to the School District or the Paying Agent/Registrar. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor securities depository is not obtained, Series 2025 Bond certificates are required to be printed and delivered.

The School District may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry-only transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, Series 2025 Bond certificates will be printed and delivered to DTC.

The School District, Financial Advisor, Bond Counsel, the Paying Agent/Registrar and the Underwriters cannot and do not give any assurances that the DTC Participants will distribute to the Beneficial Owners of the 2025 Bonds: (i) payments of principal of or interest on the 2025 Bonds; (ii) certificates representing an ownership interest or other confirmation of Beneficial Ownership interests in the 2025 Bonds; or (iii) redemption or other notices sent to DTC or its nominee, as the Registered Owners of the 2025 Bonds; or that they will do so on a timely basis or that DTC or its participants will serve and act in the manner described in this official statement. The current "Rules" applicable to DTC are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission and the current "Procedures" of DTC to be followed in dealing with DTC Participants are on file with DTC.

None of the School District, Financial Advisor, Bond Counsel, the Paying Agent/Registrar or the Underwriters will have any responsibility or obligation to such DTC Participants (Direct or Indirect) or the persons for whom they act as nominees with respect to: (i) the 2025 Bonds; (ii) the accuracy of any records maintained by DTC or any DTC Participant; (iii) the payment by any DTC Participant of any amount due to any Beneficial Owner in respect of the principal amount of or interest on the 2025 Bonds; (iv) the delivery by any DTC Participant of any notice to any Beneficial Owner which is required or permitted under the terms of the Bond Indenture to be given to Registered Owners; (v) the selection of the Beneficial Owners to receive payment in the event of any partial redemption of the 2025 Bonds; or (vi) any consent given or other action taken by DTC as Registered Owner.

CUSIP numbers have been assigned to the Bonds by CUSIP Global Services, which is managed on behalf of the American Bankers Association by S&P Global Market Intelligence, a part of S&P Global Inc., and are included solely for the convenience of the purchasers of the Bonds. None of the School District, Financial Advisor, Bond Counsel, the Paying Agent/Registrar or the Underwriters shall be responsible for the selection or correctness of the CUSIP numbers. Neither the failure to print such numbers on any Bonds, nor any error in the printing of such numbers shall constitute cause for a failure or refusal by the purchaser thereof to accept delivery of and payment for any Bonds.

In reading this Official Statement, it should be understood that while the 2025 Bonds are in the Book Entry system, references in other sections of this Official Statement to Registered Owner should be read to include the Beneficial Owners of the 2025 Bonds, but: (i) all rights of ownership must be exercised through DTC and the Book Entry system; and (ii) notices that are to be given to Registered Owners by the School District or the Paying Agent/Registrar will be given only to DTC.

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## Security for the Bonds

The 2025 Bonds are payable from ad valorem taxes levied annually on all taxable property, **without limitation as to rate or amount**, within the School District including real, personal and public service property, and any other monies available for such purpose. Pursuant to Oklahoma statutes, the Assessor is required to reassess the property within the County at least once each five years. The School District is required to pay a portion of the cost of such reassessment. The current assessment ratios for Oklahoma and Cleveland Counties are shown below:

	Oklahoma	Cleveland
	<u>County</u>	<u>County</u>
Real Estate	11.00%	12.00%
Personal	14.50	12.00
Public Service	22.85	22.85

\* Exceptions: the assessment ratio for Airlines and Railroads is 11.84%, and the assessment ratio for Video Services Providers is 12.00%.

The ad valorem tax rates are set by determining the actual dollars of revenues required for payment of principal and interest payments on indebtedness and judicial judgments. Such total amount may be reduced by any surplus from the prior fiscal year and any contribution made into the Sinking Fund. To the resulting net requirements, a reserve for delinquent taxes, in an amount of not less than 5% nor more than 20% of the net required tax collection, shall be added to the required collections. Such final total requirements shall then be divided by the total net assessed valuation of all real, personal and public service property in order to determine the appropriate tax rate for each property owner.

## Authority for Issuance and Purpose of Bonds

The Bonds are issued pursuant to the provisions of and in full compliance with the Constitution and Laws of the State of Oklahoma, particularly Article X, Section 26 of the Constitution of the State of Oklahoma and Title 70, Article XV of the Oklahoma Statutes 2011, and laws supplementary and amendatory thereto, and resolutions of the Board of Education to be adopted on May 12, 2025.

Under state law, school districts cannot become indebted beyond one year for an amount in excess of the income and revenue provided in such year without the approval of three-fifths (60 percent) of the voters within the district at an election held for such purpose.

## 2017 Authorization

The School District had a successful bond election on October 10, 2017. The special election authorized the issuance of a total of \$130,600,000 in bonds. The School District has previously issued \$97,140,000 of bonds authorized at this election. The 2025 Combined Purpose Bonds include \$14,180,000 of bonds authorized at this election. The 2025 Building Bonds include \$800,000 of bonds authorized at this election. The remaining bonds under this authorization are expected to be issued in 2026.

#### 2023 Authorization

The School District had a successful bond election on October 10, 2023. The special election authorized the issuance of a total of \$492,700,000 in bonds. The School District has previously issued \$8,560,000 of bonds authorized at this election. The 2025 Combined Purpose Bonds include \$3,750,000 of bonds authorized at this election. The remaining bonds under this authorization are expected to be issued in varying amounts and in separate series annually from 2026 through 2045.

## Tax Levy and Collection Procedures

Oklahoma statutes require that the School District each year make an ad valorem tax levy for a Sinking Fund which shall, with cash and investments in the fund, be sufficient to pay all the bonded indebtedness, interest and one-third of all outstanding judgments coming due in the following year.

After review and approval by the Board of Education of the School District, copies of the Sinking Fund Estimates are submitted to the County Excise Board to determine the ad valorem tax levy appropriations. This submission is required to be made by September 1<sup>st</sup> of each year. The estimates are for the purposes of determining ad valorem taxes required to fund the Sinking Fund. The amounts contained in the estimate of needs are verified by the County Excise Board and, upon verification, the levies contained therein are ordered to be certified to the County Assessor in order that the County Assessor may extend said levies upon the tax rolls for the year for which the estimate of needs is being submitted. The County Excise Board further certifies that the appropriations contained in the estimate of needs and the mill rate levies are within the limitations provided by law.

The County Assessor is required to file a tax roll report on or before October 1st each year with the County Treasurer indicating the net assessed valuation for each municipality within the County. This report includes the assessed valuation for all real, personal and public service property (public service property assessed valuations are determined by the Oklahoma Tax Commission). The County Treasurer must begin collecting taxes with the first half due and payable on or before January 1. The second half becomes due and payable on or before April 1. If the first half is not paid by January 1, it all becomes due and payable on January 2.

Ad valorem taxes not paid on or before April 1 are considered delinquent. If not paid by the following October 1, the property is offered for sale for the amount of taxes due. The purchaser is issued a tax lien; however, the original owner of the property has two (2) years in which to redeem the property by paying the taxes and penalties owed. If at the end of two years he has not done so, the purchaser may then apply for a deed to the property. If there is no purchaser, then the County acquires the same lien and the property is auctioned after approximately two and one-half (2 1/2) years.

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#### THE MIDWEST CITY - DEL CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Midwest City-Del City School District, located directly east of Oklahoma City, provides a comprehensive educational program for approximately 11,923 students (estimated average daily membership as of first quarter of Fiscal Year 2025). The district has developed a wide variety of academic, enrichment, and extracurricular programs to meet the needs of its students. Schools emphasize active student learning, higher order thinking, reading and writing across the curriculum, cooperative learning, parental involvement and high expectations for personal achievement.

- Schools routinely take top honors at academic, athletic, and fine arts competitions.
- Mid-Del students have been named Academic All-State, National Merit Finalist, Oklahoma Academic Scholar and Advanced Placement Scholar.
- Mid-Del has two National Blue Ribbon Schools
- School District encompasses 77 square miles
  - Serves Tinker Air Force Base
  - Serves Del City, Forest Park, Midwest City, Choctaw and part of Oklahoma City
- Number of Employees 953 Certified Teachers/Administrators & 677 Support Personnel
- Average Teacher Years of Experience: 11
- Nationally Board Certified Teachers: 16
- Number of Schools: 3 High Schools (Grades 9-12), 3 Middle Schools (Grades 6-8) and 13 Elementary Schools (Grades Pre K-5) (as of April 2025), Career Academy, Virtual Academy, and Mid-Del Technology Center (3 campuses)

Residents of the School District are employed at businesses located throughout the City of Midwest City, the City of Del City and the City of Oklahoma City as well as the surrounding communities. No separate employment figures are available for the School District; however, as of March 2025 the unemployment rate for the counties included in the school district are as follows:

	Unemployment Rate
Oklahoma County	3.1%
Cleveland County	2.7%
State of Oklahoma	3.3%
United States	4.2%

Note: County data not seasonally adjusted. State and federal data seasonally adjusted.

Source: Oklahoma Employment Security Commission

#### **Board of Education and School Administration**

The School District is governed by an elected five-member Board of Education. Members of the Board of Education are as follows.

#### Board of Education

Gina Standridge Dr. Silvya Kirk Shelly Schultz Dr. Ed Daniel Jonna Grant President & Member Vice President & Member Clerk & Member Member Member

## **School Administration**

Dr. Rick Cobb Jacqueline Woodard Superintendent of Schools Chief Financial Officer

## **Payment Record**

The School District has never defaulted.

## FINANCIAL INFORMATION

## **Computation of Legal Debt Margin**

2024-25	Estimated Market Value			\$6,394,715,423	
2024-25	Net Assessed Valuation (NAV)	<u>Oklahoma Co.</u> \$681,219,113	<u>Cleveland Co.</u> \$26,465,368	<u>Total</u> \$707,684,481	
Millage Ad	justment Factor (MAF)	103.2543%	102.980%		
Legal Deb	\$73,064,205				
General O Le	\$85,180,000 \$21,298,921				
Net Gener	al Obligation Indebtedness Outstanding			\$63,881,079	
Remaining	\$9,183,126				
Ratio of Ne	9.03%				
<sup>(1)</sup> As of April 15, 2025, and includes the 2025 Bonds.					

Source: The District

## Direct Indebtedness

Upon the issuance of the 2025 Bonds, the School District will have gross outstanding general obligation bonded indebtedness of \$85,180,000.

<u>Series</u>	Dated Date	Final Scheduled <u>Maturity</u>	Original Principal <u>Amount</u>	Principal Amount <u>Outstanding</u>
2020 BLDG	7/1/2020	7/1/2025	\$1,720,000	\$430,000
2020 CP	7/1/2020	7/1/2025	10,860,000	2,715,000
2020B BLDG	9/1/2020	9/1/2025	1,400,000	350,000
2021 CP	7/1/2021	7/1/2026	14,620,000	7,310,000
2021 BLDG	7/1/2021	7/1/2026	1,500,000	750,000
2022 CP	7/1/2022	7/1/2027	19,875,000	16,335,000
2023 CP	7/1/2023	7/1/2028	14,960,000	14,960,000
2023 BLDG	7/1/2023	7/1/2025	1,600,000	1,600,000
2023B BLDG	12/1/2023	12/1/2026	7,560,000	7,560,000
2024 CP	7/1/2024	7/1/2029	13,090,000	13,090,000
2024 BLDG	7/1/2024	7/1/2026	1,350,000	1,350,000
2025 CP	7/1/2025	7/1/2030	17,930,000	17,930,000
2025 BLDG	7/1/2025	7/1/2027	800,000	800,000
				\$85,180,000

## Direct, Overlapping and Underlying Indebtedness

	Total Net Assessed Valuation (by Municipal Entity)	Total Net Assessed Valuation in District	Percent of Municipality Net Assessed Valuation in Mid- Del District	Percent of Total District Net Assessed Valuation	Total Municipality Net Indebtedness	Total Muncipality Net Indebtedness Underlying or Overlapping Mid-Del Schools
Direct Indebtedness						
Mid-Del School District	707,684,481	707,684,481	100.00%	100.00%	63,881,079	63,881,079
Overlapping Indebtedness						
Oklahoma County	9,938,002,460	681,219,113	6.85%	96.26%	43,508,863	2,982,397
Cleveland County	3,161,386,656	26,465,368	0.84%	3.74%	0	0
		707,684,481		100.00%		
Career Tech Districts						
Rose State College	881,917,481	707,684,481	80.24%	100.00%	6,626,420	5,317,294
Underlying Indebtedness Cities & Towns						
City of Midwest City	441,583,341	281,074,951	63.65%	39.72%	47,703,780	30,364,229
TIF District (Total)	6,576,502	6,576,502	100.00%	0.93%	0	0
City of Del City	137,215,449	123,529,339	90.03%	17.46%	876,401	788,987
City of Oklahoma City	8,682,442,670	274,564,279	3.16%	38.80%	971,288,691	30,714,995
City of Norman	1,361,133,515	256,178	0.02%	0.04%	104,356,267	19,641
Town of Forest Park	14,186,734	12,137,262	85.55%	1.72%	0	0
Town of Smith Village	309,283	309,283		0.04%	0	0
Other/Unincorporated (Est.)		9,236,687	N.A.	1.31%	0	0
		707,684,481		100.00%	1,238,241,501	134,068,622

Note: Indebtedness figures for the Mid-Del School District are as of April 15, 2025, and include the 2025 Bonds. Indebtedness figures for all other entities are as of June 30, 2024. Figure for Other/Unincorporated is an estimate based on previous years.

#### 2024-25 Net Assessed Valuation

## (A) <u>The Composition</u>

	Oklahoma	Cleveland	Total	
<b>Classification</b>	<u>County</u>	<u>County</u>	<u>Amount</u>	Percent
Real (Net)	\$556,598,060	\$24,619,473	\$581,217,533	82.13%
Personal	99,622,618	535,668	100,158,286	14.15%
Public Service	24,998,435	1,310,227	26,308,662	3.72%
	\$681,219,113	\$26,465,368	\$707,684,481	100.00%

SOURCE: Oklahoma & Cleveland County Assessors

## (B) <u>The Growth</u>

Fiscal	Net Assessed	
<u>Year</u>	Valuation	<u>% Change</u>
2024-25	\$707,684,481	5,79%
2024-23	668,941,167	5.97%
2022-23	631,264,644	5.81%
2021-22	596,609,761	3.66%
2020-21	575,539,839	1.11%
2019-20	569,202,294	3.95%
2018-19	547,551,769	3.81%
2017-18	527,478,685	5.33%
2016-17	500,808,731	1.46%
2015-16	493,609,267	

Average Annual Growth 4.10%

SOURCE: Oklahoma & Cleveland County Assessors

# Major Property Taxpayers (Oklahoma County only)

		2024	% of Net
		Assessed	Assessed
<u>Rank</u>	<u>Taxpayer</u>	Valuation	<b>Valuation</b>
1	Oklahoma Gas & Electric	\$16,083,611	2.27%
2	The Boeing Co	12,684,761	1.79%
3	OKC Aerospace I Industrial LLC	8,601,990	1.22%
4	Oklahoma Heart Hospital LLC	8,418,925	1.19%
5	Sooner Town Center LLC	7,918,662	1.12%
6	Sooner Road 80 LLC	5,686,311	0.80%
7	OKC South Sunnylane LLC	4,795,655	0.68%
8	Hubbell Manufacturing OKC Inc	3,983,650	0.56%
9	Liberty Apartments LLC	3,925,517	0.55%
10	Oklahoma Natural Gas Co/Div ONEC	3,830,853	0.54%
		\$75,929,935	10.73%

SOURCE: Oklahoma County Assessor

## **Sinking Fund Tax Collections**

Fiscal Year	Net Levy	Current Collections	Total Collections	Collections Percentage*
<u>rear</u>	LCVY			rerectinge
2024-25	\$21,253,182			
2023-24	16,612,507	\$16,594,929	\$17,015,450	102.43%
2022-23	14,590,258	14,750,917	15,357,830	105.26%
2021-22	15,686,298	15,710,169	16,189,967	103.21%
2020-21	16,403,585	16,668,198	17,172,390	104.69%
2019-20	14,136,672	14,251,784	14,970,096	105.90%
2018-19	13,255,133	13,483,383	14,164,851	106.86%
2017-18	13,681,828	13,842,306	14,365,905	105.00%
2016-17	13,988,333	14,334,802	14,798,144	105.79%
2015-16	13,975,227	13,953,457	14,338,655	102.60%
2014-15	13,499,695	13,630,184	13,958,691	103.40%
			Average:	104.51%

\*An additional amount is added to compensate for delinquencies.

SOURCE: School District Administration and District Budgets.

## Trend of Tax Rates on Major Taxing Units\*

Fiscal Year <u>Beginning</u>	Mid-Del School <u>District</u>	City of <u>Midwest City</u>	City of <u>Del City</u>	City of <u>Okla. City</u>	Oklahoma <u>County</u>	Rose State <u>College</u>
7/1/2024	72.83	8.93	3.63	14.93	23.11	17.64
7/1/2023	67.38	9.55	4.30	14.78	22.99	17.79
7/1/2022	65.57	9.99	4.11	15.46	23.05	18.03
7/1/2021	68.91	9.44	4.69	14.73	22.92	18.18
7/1/2020	71.23	9.76	4.75	15.23	23.38	18.39
7/1/2019	67.38	8.08	4.76	15.41	23.49	18.54
7/1/2018	66.72	0.94	6.51	15.51	23.64	18.92
7/1/2017	68.54	0.92	5.58	15.26	23.28	19.21
7/1/2016	70.64	0.96	5.77	14.81	23.81	19.65
7/1/2015	71.03	5.18	5.91	15.62	23.72	19.88
Average	69.02	6.38	5.00	15.17	23.34	18.62

\* Dollars per \$1,000 of Net Assessed Valuation

SOURCE: School District Administration, Oklahoma County Assessor and District Budgets.

## ECONOMIC AND DEMOGRAPHIC INDICES

#### **Retail Sales**

	City of	City of	City of
<u>Year</u>	Midwest City	<u>Oklahoma City</u>	Del City
2023-24	\$1,043,642,746	\$14,511,102,876	\$300,316,732
2022-23	1,055,246,127	14,307,023,720	296,775,977
2021-22	991,617,246	13,431,262,811	290,636,440
2020-21	948,471,002	11,534,545,062	282,081,468
2019-20	861,231,787	11,263,383,032	267,016,645
2018-19	850,699,144	11,391,038,630	261,824,249
2017-18	828,134,467	11,031,345,551	259,561,235
2016-17	807,256,088	10,404,309,755	257,490,799
2015-16	829,753,792	10,737,150,194	256,222,928
2014-15	824,374,680	10,941,681,646	258,189,286

SOURCE: Oklahoma Tax Commission

#### **Major Employers**

Employer	Primary Business	Approximate Number of <u>Employees</u>
Tinker Air Force Base	Military	26,000
The Boeing Company <sup>(Note 1)</sup>	Aerospace	3,700
Midwest City-Del City Schools	Education	1,600
Rose State College	Education	731
SSM Health St. Anthony - Midwest	Hospital	620
Crest Discount Foods	Discount Food Stores	615
Walmart/Sam's Club	Retail	552
City of Midwest City	City Government	465
Hudiburg Auto Group	Automobile Dealer	401
Century Martial Arts	Athletic Supply	300

SOURCE: Oklahoma County, Oklahoma; City of Midwest City, Oklahoma; School District

Note 1: The Boeing Company is technically located within the City of Oklahoma City but this location is still within the boundaries of the Mid-Del School District.

## School Enrollment (Membership)

School Year			
Ending June	<u>Membership</u>	<u>Change %</u>	
2024	12,298	-1.36%	
2023	12,467	1.18%	
2022	12,322	10.77%	
2021	11,124	-20.93%	
2020	14,069	0.80%	
2019	13,957	-1.13%	
2018	14,116	-0.05%	
2017	14,123	-1.81%	
2016	14,384	-1.25%	
2015	14,566		

Note: As of the first quarter of Fiscal Year 2025, the estimated enrollment of the District was 11,923.

SOURCE: School Administration

## Population

	Year	City of <u>Midwest City</u>	City of <u>Oklahoma City</u>
Actual	1980	49,559	403,213
	1990	52,267	435,950
	2000	54,088	506,132
	2010	54,371	579,999
	2020	58,409	681,054
Estimate	2023	58,086	702,767

Source: U.S. Census Data.

#### ABSENCE OF MATERIAL LITIGATION

No litigation is pending (a) seeking to restrain or enjoin the issuance or delivery of the 2025 Bonds, (b) contesting or affecting any authority for or the validity of the 2025 Bonds, (c) contesting the power of the School District to issue the 2025 Bonds or the power of the School District to offer and sell them, (d) affecting the power of the School District to levy and collect taxes to pay the 2025 Bonds, or (e) contesting the corporate existence or boundaries of the School District.

#### LEGAL MATTERS

All legal matters incidental to the authorization and issuance of the 2025 Bonds are subject to the approving opinion of \_\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_, Oklahoma, Bond Counsel, and the Attorney General of the State of Oklahoma.

## CONTINUING DISCLOSURE

The School District has covenanted for the benefit of Bondholders to provide certain financial and operating information for the School District not later than nine months following the end of the fiscal year in which the bonds are issued (as of the date of this document, June 30 is the end of the fiscal year), or later as such information becomes publicly available, and each fiscal year thereafter, and to provide notice of the occurrence of certain events. The specific nature of the financial information and operating data to be provided and the events for which notice must be provided is described in the Continuing Disclosure Agreement (the "Disclosure Agreement"), the form of which is attached hereto as Exhibit B. These covenants have been made in order to assist the Underwriters in complying with Rule 15c2-12 promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission ("Rule 15c2-12").

The financial information and event notices will be filed by the School District or its dissemination agent with the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board (the "MSRB") through the MSRB's Electronic Municipal Market Access system ("EMMA"). EMMA is an internet-based, online portal for free investor access to municipal bond information, including offering documents, Listed Event notices, real-time municipal securities trade prices and MSRB education resources, available at www.emma.msrb.org. Nothing contained on EMMA relating to the School District or the Bonds is incorporated by reference in this Official Statement.

A failure by the School District to comply with the Continuing Disclosure Agreement will not constitute an event of default with respect to the Bonds, although any holder will have any available remedy at law or in equity, including seeking specific performance by court order, to cause the School District to comply with its obligations under the Continuing Disclosure Agreement. Any such failure must be reported in accordance with Rule 15c2-12 and must be considered by any broker, dealer or municipal securities dealer before recommending the purchase or sale of the Bonds in the secondary market. Consequently, such a failure may adversely affect the transferability and liquidity of the Bonds and their market price.

Rule 15c2-12 requires that an issuer or other obligated person disclose in an official statement any instances in the previous five years in which such issuer or other obligated person failed to comply, in all material respects, with any previous undertakings in a written contract or agreement specified in paragraph (b)(5)(i) of Rule 15c2-12. In connection with certain bonds previously issued by or for the benefit of the School District, the School District agreed to provide certain annual financial information and notice of certain events pursuant to continuing disclosure undertakings similar to the Disclosure Agreement (the "Prior Undertakings"). The School District does not believe it has failed to comply, in all material respects, with any of these Prior Undertakings within the previous five years.

## TAX MATTERS RESPECTING THE 2025 COMBINED PURPOSE BONDS

## Opinion of Bond Counsel

In the opinion of Bond Counsel, under existing statutes and court decisions and assuming continuing compliance with certain tax covenants described herein, (i) interest on the 2025 Combined Purpose Bonds is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes pursuant to Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), and (ii) interest on the 2025 Combined Purpose Bonds is not treated as a preference item in calculating the alternative minimum tax imposed on individuals under the Code; however, it should be noted that with respect to certain corporations (as defined for federal income tax purposes), for taxable years beginning before January 1, 2018, such interest is taken into account in determining adjusted current earnings for the purpose of computing the alternative minimum tax imposed on such corporations. No federal alternative minimum tax applies to corporations for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017. In rendering its opinion, Bond Counsel has relied on certain representations, certifications of fact, and statements of reasonable expectations made by the School District in connection with the 2025 Combined Purpose Bonds, and Bond Counsel has assumed compliance by the School District with certain ongoing covenants to comply with applicable requirements of the Code to assure the exclusion of interest on the 2025 Combined Purpose Bonds from gross income under Section 103 of the Code.

The Code provides that commercial banks, thrift institutions and other financial institutions may not deduct the portion of their interest expense allocable to tax-exempt obligations acquired after August 7, 1986, (other than certain "qualified" obligations). The 2025 Combined Purpose Bonds are <u>not</u> "qualified" obligations for this purpose.

In addition, under existing statutes interest on the 2025 Combined Purpose Bonds shall be exempt from Oklahoma income taxation pursuant to Section 2358.5 of Title 68, Oklahoma Statutes, 2011.

## Certain Ongoing Federal Tax Requirements and Covenants

The Code establishes certain ongoing requirements that must be met subsequent to the issuance and delivery of the 2025 Combined Purpose Bonds in order that interest on the 2025 Combined Purpose Bonds be and remain excluded from gross income under Section 103 of the Code. These requirements include, but are not limited to, requirements relating to use and expenditure of gross proceeds of the 2025 Combined Purpose Bonds, yield and other restrictions on investments of gross proceeds, and the arbitrage rebate requirement that certain excess earnings on gross proceeds be rebated to the federal government. Noncompliance with such requirements may cause interest on the 2025 Combined Purpose Bonds to become included in gross income for federal income tax purposes retroactive to their issue date, irrespective of the date on which such noncompliance occurs or is discovered. The School District has covenanted to comply with certain applicable requirements of the Code to assure the exclusion of interest on the 2025 Combined Purpose Bonds from gross income under Section 103 of the Code.

## Certain Collateral Federal Tax Consequences

The following is a brief discussion of certain collateral federal income tax matters with respect to the 2025 Combined Purpose Bonds. It does not purport to address all aspects of federal taxation that may be relevant to a particular owner of a 2025 Combined Purpose Bond. Prospective investors, particularly those

who may be subject to special rules, are advised to consult their own tax advisors regarding the federal tax consequences of owning and disposing of the 2025 Combined Purpose Bonds.

Prospective owners of the 2025 Combined Purpose Bonds should be aware that the ownership of such obligations may result in collateral federal income tax consequences to various categories of persons, such as corporations (including S corporations and foreign corporations), financial institutions, property and casualty and life insurance companies, individual recipients of Social Security and railroad retirement benefits, individuals otherwise eligible for the earned income tax credit, and taxpayers deemed to have incurred or continued indebtedness to purchase or carry obligations the interest on which is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes. Interest on the 2025 Combined Purpose Bonds may be taken into account in determining the tax liability of foreign corporations subject to the branch profits tax imposed by Section 884 of the Code.

## Original Issue Discount

"Original issue discount" ("OID") is the excess of the sum of all amounts payable at the stated maturity of a 2025 Combined Purpose Bond (excluding certain "qualified stated interest" that is unconditionally payable at least annually at prescribed rates) over the issue price of that maturity. In general, the "issue price" of a maturity (a bond with the same maturity date, interest rate, and credit terms) means the first price at which at least 10 percent of such maturity was sold to the public, i.e., a purchaser who is not, directly or indirectly, a signatory to a written contract to participate in the initial sale of the 2025 Combined Purpose Bonds. In general, the issue price for each maturity of 2025 Combined Purpose Bonds is expected to be the initial public offering price set forth on the cover page of the Official Statement. Bond Counsel further is of the opinion that, for any 2025 Combined Purpose Bonds having OID (a "Discount Bond"), OID that has accrued and is properly allocable to the owners of the Discount Bonds under Section 1288 of the Code is excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes to the same extent as other interest on the 2025 Combined Purpose Bonds.

In general, under Section 1288 of the Code, OID on a Discount Bond accrues under a constant yield method, based on periodic compounding of interest over prescribed accrual periods using a compounding rate determined by reference to the yield on that Discount Bond. An owner's adjusted basis in a Discount Bond is increased by accrued OID for purposes of determining gain or loss on sale, exchange, or other disposition of such 2025 Combined Purpose Bond. Accrued OID may be taken into account as an increase in the amount of tax-exempt income received or deemed to have been received for purposes of determining various other tax consequences of owning a Discount Bond even though there will not be a corresponding cash payment.

Owners of Discount Bonds should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the treatment of original issue discount for federal income tax purposes, including various special rules relating thereto, and the state and local tax consequences of acquiring, holding, and disposing of Discount Bonds.

## **Bond Premium**

In general, if an owner acquires a 2025 Combined Purpose Bond for a purchase price (excluding accrued interest) or otherwise at a tax basis that reflects a premium over the sum of all amounts payable on the 2025 Combined Purpose Bond after the acquisition date (excluding certain "qualified stated interest" that is unconditionally payable at least annually at prescribed rates), that premium constitutes "bond premium" on that 2025 Combined Purpose Bond (a "Premium Bond"). In general, under Section 171 of the Code, an owner of a Premium Bond must amortize the bond premium over the remaining term of the Premium Bond, based on the owner's yield over the remaining term of the Premium Bond determined based on constant yield principles (in certain cases involving a Premium Bond callable prior to its stated maturity date, the amortization period and yield may be required to be determined on the basis of an earlier call date that results in the lowest yield on such bond). An owner of a Premium Bond must amortize the bond premium by offsetting the qualified stated interest allocable to each interest accrual period under the owner's regular method of accounting against the bond premium allocable to that period. In the case of a tax-exempt Premium Bond, if the bond premium allocable to an accrual period exceeds the qualified stated interest

allocable to that accrual period, the excess is a nondeductible loss. Under certain circumstances, the owner of a Premium Bond may realize a taxable gain upon disposition of the Premium Bond even though it is sold or redeemed for an amount less than or equal to the owner's original acquisition cost. Owners of any Premium Bonds should consult their own tax advisors regarding the treatment of bond premium for federal income tax purposes, including various special rules relating thereto, and state and local tax consequences, in connection with the acquisition, ownership, amortization of bond premium on, sale, exchange, or other disposition of Premium Bonds.

## Information Reporting and Backup Withholding

Information reporting requirements apply to interest paid on tax-exempt obligations, including the 2025 Combined Purpose Bonds. In general, such requirements are satisfied if the interest recipient completes, and provides the payor with, a Form W-9, "Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification," or if the recipient is one of a limited class of exempt recipients. A recipient not otherwise exempt from information reporting who fails to satisfy the information reporting requirements will be subject to "backup withholding," which means that the payor is required to deduct and withhold a tax from the interest payment, calculated in the manner set forth in the Code. For the foregoing purpose, a "payor" generally refers to the person or entity from whom a recipient receives its payments of interest or who collects such payments on behalf of the recipient.

If an owner purchasing a 2025 Combined Purpose Bond through a brokerage account has executed a Form W-9 in connection with the establishment of such account, as generally can be expected, no backup withholding should occur. In any event, backup withholding does not affect the excludability of the interest on the 2025 Combined Purpose Bonds from gross income for federal income tax purposes. Any amounts withheld pursuant to backup withholding would be allowed as a refund or a credit against the owner's federal income tax once the required information is furnished to the Internal Revenue Service.

#### Miscellaneous

Tax legislation, administrative actions taken by tax authorities, or court decisions, whether at the federal or state level, may adversely affect the tax-exempt status of interest on the 2025 Combined Purpose Bonds under federal or state law or otherwise prevent beneficial owners of the 2025 Combined Purpose Bonds from realizing the full current benefit of the tax status of such interest. In addition, such legislation or actions (whether currently proposed, proposed in the future, or enacted) and such decisions could affect the market price or marketability of the 2025 Combined Purpose Bonds.

## No Other Opinion

Bond Counsel expresses no opinion regarding any other federal or state tax consequences with respect to the 2025 Combined Purpose Bonds. Bond Counsel renders its opinion under existing statutes and court decisions as of the issue date, and assumes no obligation to update, revise or supplement its opinion to reflect any action hereafter taken or not taken, or any facts or circumstances that may hereafter come to its attention, or changes in law or in interpretations thereof that may hereafter occur, or for any other reason. Bond Counsel expresses no opinion on the effect of any action hereafter taken or not taken in reliance upon an opinion of other counsel on the exclusion from gross income for federal income tax purposes of interest on the 2025 Combined Purpose Bonds, or under state and local tax law.

Prospective purchasers of the 2025 Combined Purpose Bonds should consult their own tax advisors as to the consequences of their acquisition, holding, or disposition of the 2025 Combined Purpose Bonds.

## TAX MATTERS RESPECTING THE 2025 BUILDING BONDS

## **Opinion of Bond Counsel**

In the opinion of bond counsel, interest on the 2025 Building Bonds is included in gross income for federal income tax purposes.

In the opinion of bond counsel, under existing statutes interest on the 2025 Building Bonds shall be exempt from Oklahoma income taxation pursuant to Section 2358.5 of Title 68, Oklahoma Statutes, 2011.

Bond Counsel has expressed no opinion regarding other tax consequences arising with respect to the 2025 Building Bonds under the laws of the State or any other state or jurisdiction.

## **General Matters**

The following is a summary of certain anticipated federal income tax consequences of the purchase, ownership and disposition of the 2025 Building Bonds under the Code and the Regulations, and the judicial and administrative rulings and court decisions now in effect, all of which are subject to change or possible differing interpretations. The summary does not purport to address all aspects of federal income taxation that may affect particular investors in light of their individual circumstances, nor certain types of investors subject to special treatment under the federal income tax laws. Potential purchasers of the 2025 Building Bonds should consult their own tax advisors in determining the federal, state or local tax consequences to them of the purchase, holding and disposition of the 2025 Building Bonds.

In general, interest paid on the 2025 Building Bonds, original issue discount, if any, and market discount, if any, will be treated as ordinary income to the owners of the 2025 Building Bonds, and principal payments (excluding the portion of such payments, if any, characterized as original issue discount or accrued market discount) will be treated as a return of capital.

## **Bond Premium**

An investor which acquires a 2025 Building Bond for a cost greater than its remaining stated redemption price at maturity and holds such 2025 Building Bond as a capital asset will be considered to have purchased such 2025 Building Bond at a premium and, subject to prior election permitted by Section 171(c) of the Code, may generally amortize such premium under the constant yield method. Except as may be provided by regulation, amortized premium will be allocated among, and treated as an offset to, interest payments. The basis reduction requirements of Section 1016(a)(5) of the Code apply to amortizable 2025 Building Bond premium that reduces interest payments under Section 171 of the Code. 2025 Building Bond premium is generally amortized over the 2025 Building Bond's term using constant yield principles, based on the purchaser's yield to maturity. Investors of any 2025 Building Bond purchased with a 2025 Building Bond premium should consult their own tax advisors as to the effect of such 2025 Building Bond premium with respect to their own tax situation and as to the treatment of 2025 Building Bond premium for state tax purposes.

## Market Discount

An investor that acquires a 2025 Building Bond for a price less than the adjusted issue price of such 2025 Building Bond (or an investor who purchases a 2025 Building Bond in the initial offering at a price less than the issue price) may be subject to the market discount rules of Sections 1276 through 1278 of the Code. Under these sections and the principles applied by the Regulations, "market discount" means (a) in the case of a 2025 Building Bond, increased by all accrued original issue discount (as if held since the issue date), exceeds the initial tax basis of the owner therein, less any prior payments that did not constitute payments of qualified stated interest, and (b) in the case of a 2025 Building Bond at maturity exceeds the initial tax basis of the owner therein price of such 2025 Building Bond at maturity exceeds the initial tax basis of the owner there of a 2025 Building Bond at maturity exceeds the initial tax basis of the stated redemption price of such 2025 Building Bond at maturity exceeds the initial tax basis of the owner there of such 2025 Building Bond at maturity exceeds the initial tax basis of the owner there of such 2025 Building Bond at maturity exceeds the initial tax basis of the owner there of such 2025 Building Bond at maturity exceeds the initial tax basis of the owner there of such 2025 Building Bond at maturity exceeds the initial tax basis of the owner there of such 2025 Building Bond at maturity exceeds the initial tax basis of the owner there of such 2025 Building Bond at maturity exceeds the initial tax basis of the owner there of such 2025 Building Bond at maturity exceeds the initial tax basis of the owner there of such 2025 Building Bond at maturity exceeds the initial tax basis of the owner there of such 2025 Building Bond at maturity exceeds the initial tax basis of the owner there of such 2025 Building Bond at maturity exceeds the initial tax basis of the owner there of such 2025 Building Bond at maturity exceeds the initial tax basis of the owner there of such 2025 Bu

will generally be required (i) to allocate each principal payment to accrued market discount not previously included in income and, upon sale or other disposition of the 2025 Building Bond, to recognize the gain on such sale or disposition as ordinary income to the extent of such cumulative amount of accrued market discount as of the date of sale or other disposition of such a 2025 Building Bond or (ii) to elect to include such market discount in income currently as it accrues on all market discount instruments acquired by such owner on or after the first day of the taxable year to which such election applies.

The Code authorizes the Treasury Department to issue regulations providing for the method for accruing market discount on debt instruments the principal of which is payable in more than one installment. Until such time as regulations are issued by the Treasury Department, certain rules described in the legislative history will apply. Under those rules, market discount will be included in income either (a) on a constant interest basis or (b) in proportion to the accrual of stated interest or, in the case of a 2025 Building Bond with original issue discount, in proportion to the accrual of original issue discount.

An owner of a 2025 Building Bond that acquired such 2025 Building Bond at a market discount also may be required to defer, until the maturity date of such 2025 Building Bond or its earlier disposition in a taxable transaction, the deduction of a portion of the amount of interest that the owner paid or accrued during the taxable year on indebtedness incurred or maintained to purchase or carry such 2025 Building Bond in excess of the aggregate amount of interest (including original issue discount) includable in such owner's gross income for the taxable year with respect to such 2025 Building Bond. The amount of such net interest expense deferred in a taxable year may not exceed the amount of market discount accrued on the 2025 Building Bond for the days during the taxable year on which the owner held such 2025 Building Bond and, in general, would be deductible when such market discount is includable in income. The amount of any remaining deferred deduction is to be taken into account in the taxable year in which the 2025 Building Bond matures or is disposed of in a taxable transaction. In the case of a disposition in which gain or loss is not recognized in whole or in part, any remaining deferred deduction will be allowed to the extent gain is recognized on the disposition. This deferral rule does not apply if the owner elects to include such market discount in income currently as it accrues on all market discount obligations acquired by such owner in that taxable year or thereafter.

Attention is called to the fact that Treasury regulations implementing the market discount rules have not yet been issued. Therefore, investors should consult their own tax advisors regarding the application of these rules as well as the advisability of making any of the elections with respect thereto.

## Sales or Other Dispositions

If an owner of a 2025 Building Bond sells the 2025 Building Bond, such person will recognize gain or loss equal to the difference between the amount realized on such sale and such owner's basis in such 2025 Building Bond. Ordinarily, such gain or loss will be treated as a capital gain or loss. At the present time, the maximum capital gains rate for certain assets held for more than 12 months is 15%. However, if a 2025 Building Bond was, at its initial issuance, sold at a discount, a portion of such gain will be recharacterized as interest and therefore ordinary income. Neither the School District nor Bond Counsel can predict whether the President or Congress will propose legislation effecting the long-term capital gains rate.

If the terms of a 2025 Building Bond were materially modified, in certain circumstances, a new debt obligation would be deemed created and exchanged for the prior obligation in a taxable transaction. Among the modifications that may be treated as material are those that relate to redemption provisions and, in the case of a nonrecourse obligation, those which involve the substitution of collateral. Each potential owner of a 2025 Building Bond should consult its own tax advisor concerning the circumstances in which such 2025 Building Bond would be deemed reissued and the likely effects, if any, of such reissuance.

## Defeasance

The legal defeasance of the 2025 Building Bonds may result in a deemed sale or exchange of such 2025 Building Bond under certain circumstances. Owners of such 2025 Building Bonds should consult their tax advisors as to the federal income tax consequences of such a defeasance.

## **Backup Withholding**

An owner of a 2025 Building Bond may be subject to backup withholding at the applicable rate determined by statute with respect to interest paid with respect to the 2025 Building Bonds, if such owner, upon issuance of the 2025 Building Bonds, fails to provide to any person required to collect such information pursuant to Section 6049 of the Code with such owner's taxpayer identification number, furnishes an incorrect taxpayer identification number, fails to report interest, dividends or other "reportable payments" (as defined in the Code) properly, or, under certain circumstances, fails to provide such persons with a certified statement, under penalty of perjury, that such owner is not subject to backup withholding.

## **Foreign Investors**

An owner of a 2025 Building Bond that is not a "United States person" (as defined below) and is not subject to federal income tax as a result of any direct or indirect connection to the United States of America in addition to its ownership of a 2025 Building Bond will generally not be subject to United States income or withholding tax in respect of a payment on a 2025 Building Bond, provided that the owner complies to the extent necessary with certain identification requirements (including delivery of a statement, signed by the owner under penalties of perjury, certifying that such owner is not a United States person and providing the name and address of such owner). For this purpose the term "United States person" means a citizen or resident of the United States of America, a corporation, partnership or other entity created or organized in or under the laws of the United States of America or any political subdivision thereof, or an estate or trust whose income from sources within the United States of America is includable in gross income for United States of America income tax purposes regardless of its connection with the conduct of a trade or business within the United States of America.

Except as explained in the preceding paragraph and subject to the provisions of any applicable tax treaty, a 30% United States withholding tax will apply to interest paid and original issue discount accruing on 2025 Building Bonds owned by foreign investors. In those instances in which payments of interest on the 2025 Building Bonds continue to be subject to withholding, special rules apply with respect to the withholding of tax on payments of interest on, or the sale or exchange of 2025 Building Bonds having original issue discount and held by foreign investors. Potential investors that are foreign persons should consult their own tax advisors regarding the specific tax consequences to them of owning a 2025 Building Bond.

## Tax-Exempt Investors

In general, an entity that is exempt from federal income tax under the provisions of Section 501 of the Code is subject to tax on its unrelated business taxable income. An unrelated trade or business is any trade or business that is not substantially related to the purpose that forms the basis for such entity's exemption. However, under the provisions of Section 512 of the Code, interest may be excluded from the calculation of unrelated business taxable income unless the obligation that gave rise to such interest is subject to acquisition indebtedness. Therefore, except to the extent any owner of a 2025 Building Bond incurs acquisition indebtedness with respect to such 2025 Building Bond, interest paid or accrued with respect to such owner may be excluded by such tax-exempt owner from the calculation of unrelated business taxable income. Each potential tax-exempt holder of a 2025 Building Bond is urged to consult its own tax advisor regarding the application of these provisions.

## **ERISA** Considerations

The Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended ("ERISA"), imposes certain requirements on "employee benefit plans" (as defined in Section 3(3) of ERISA) subject to ERISA, including entities such as collective investment funds and separate accounts whose underlying assets include the assets of such plans (collectively, "ERISA Plans") and on those persons who are fiduciaries with respect to ERISA Plans. Investments by ERISA Plans are subject to ERISA's general fiduciary requirements, including the requirement of investment prudence and diversification and the requirement that an ERISA Plan's investments be made in accordance with the documents governing the ERISA Plan. The prudence of any investment by an ERISA Plan in the 2025 Building Bonds must be determined by the responsible

fiduciary of the ERISA Plan by taking into account the ERISA Plan's particular circumstances and all of the facts and circumstances of the investment. Government and non-electing church plans are generally not subject to ERISA. However, such plans may be subject to similar or other restrictions under state or local law.

In addition, ERISA and the Code generally prohibit certain transactions between an ERISA Plan or a qualified employee benefit plan under the Code and persons who, with respect to that plan, are fiduciaries or other "parties in interest" within the meaning of ERISA or "disqualified persons" within the meaning of the Code. In the absence of an applicable statutory, class or administrative exemption, transactions between an ERISA Plan and a party in interest with respect to an ERISA Plan, including the acquisition by one from the other of the 2025 Building Bonds could be viewed as violating those prohibitions. In addition, Section 4975 of the Code prohibits transactions between certain tax-favored vehicles such as Individual Retirement Accounts and disqualified persons. Section 503 of the Code includes similar restrictions with respect to governmental and church plans. In this regard, the School District or any dealer of the 2025 Building Bonds might be considered or might become a "party in interest" within the meaning of ERISA or a "disqualified person" within the meaning of the Code, with respect to an ERISA Plan or a plan or arrangement subject to Sections 4975 or 503 of the Code. Prohibited transactions within the meaning of ERISA and the Code may arise if the 2025 Building Bonds are acquired by such plans or arrangements with respect to which the School District or any dealer is a party in interest or disqualified person.

In all events, fiduciaries of ERISA Plans and plans or arrangements subject to the above sections of the Code, in consultation with their advisors, should carefully consider the impact of ERISA and the Code on an investment in the 2025 Building Bonds. The sale of the 2025 Building Bonds to a plan is in no respect a representation by the School District that such an investment meets the relevant legal requirements with respect to benefit plans generally or any particular plan. Any plan proposing to invest in the 2025 Building Bonds should consult with its counsel to confirm that such investment is permitted under the plan documents and will not result in a non-exempt prohibited transaction and will satisfy the other requirements of ERISA, the Code and other applicable law.

## Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010

Pursuant to Section 1411 of the Code, as enacted by the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010, an additional tax is imposed on individuals beginning January 1, 2013. The additional tax is 3.8% of the lesser of (i) net investment income (defined as gross income from interest, dividends, net gain from disposition of property not used in a trade or business, and certain other listed items of gross income), or (ii) the excess of "modified adjusted gross income" of the individual over \$200,000 for unmarried individuals (\$250,000 for married couples filing a joint return and a surviving spouse). Holders of the 2025 Building Bonds should consult with their tax advisor concerning this additional tax as it may apply to interest earned on the 2025 Building Bonds as well as gain on the sale of a 2025 Building Bond.

## Changes in Federal and State Tax Law

From time to time, there are legislative proposals in the Congress and in the states that, if enacted, could alter or amend the federal and state tax matters referred to above or adversely affect the market value of the 2025 Building Bonds. It cannot be predicted whether or in what form any such proposal might be enacted or whether if enacted it would apply to indebtedness issued prior to enactment. In addition, regulatory actions are from time to time announced or proposed and litigation is threatened or commenced which, if implemented or concluded in a particular manner, could adversely affect the market value of the 2025 Building Bonds. It cannot be predicted whether any such regulatory action will be implemented, how any particular litigation or judicial action will be resolved, or whether the 2025 Building Bonds or the market value thereof would be impacted thereby. Purchasers of the 2025 Building Bonds should consult their tax advisors regarding any pending or proposed legislation, regulatory initiatives or litigation. The opinions expressed by Bond Counsel are based on existing legislation and regulations as interpreted by relevant judicial and regulatory authorities as of the date of issuance and delivery of the 2025 Building Bonds, and Bond Counsel expresses no opinion as of any date subsequent thereto or with respect to any pending legislation, regulatory initiatives or litigation.

#### **GLOBAL RISKS**

Certain external events, such as pandemics, natural disasters, severe weather, riots, acts of war or terrorism, technological emergencies, or other circumstances, could potentially disrupt the operations and effectiveness of municipal governments, such as the School District.

#### CREDIT RATINGS

The 2025 Bonds have been rated "\_\_\_\_\_" by Moody's Investors Service, Incorporated ("Moody's"), 99 Church Street, New York, New York, and the School District is currently rated Oklahoma #1 by the Municipal Rating Committee of Oklahoma. The ratings assigned by Moody's and the Municipal Rating Committee of Oklahoma express only the view of each respective rating agency. The explanation of the significance of each rating may be obtained from Moody's and the Municipal Rating Committee of Oklahoma, respectively. There is no assurance that any rating will continue for any period of time or that it will not be revised or withdrawn. Except as set forth in EXHIBIT B – FORM OF CONTINUING DISCLOSURE AGREEMENT, none of the School District, the Financial Advisor, the Paying Agent/Registrar or the Underwriters has undertaken any responsibility either to bring to the attention of the owners of the 2025 Bonds any proposed revision or withdrawal of the rating of the 2025 Bonds or to oppose any such proposed revision or withdrawal. Any revision or withdrawal of ratings may have an effect on the market price of the 2025 Bonds.

## UNDERWRITING

The 2025 Combined Purpose Bonds are being purchased at competitive sale by \_\_\_\_\_\_. The underwriter of the 2025 Combined Purpose Bonds has agreed to purchase the 2025 Combined Purpose Bonds at a price equal to \$\_\_\_\_\_\_ plus accrued interest from July 1, 2025.

The 2025 Building Bonds are being purchased at competitive sale by \_\_\_\_\_\_. The underwriter of the 2025 Building Bonds has agreed to purchase the 2025 Building Bonds at a price equal to \$\_\_\_\_\_\_ plus accrued interest from July 1, 2025.

## FINANCIAL ADVISOR

BOK Financial Securities, Inc. is employed as Financial Advisor to the District in connection with the issuance of the Bonds. The Financial Advisor's fee for services rendered with respect to the sale of the Bonds is contingent upon the issuance and delivery of the bonds. In the normal course of business, the Financial Advisor may also from time to time sell investment securities to the District for the investment of debt proceeds or other funds of the District, upon the request of the District.

BOK Financial Securities, Inc., in its capacity of Financial Advisor, has not verified and does not assume any responsibility for the information, covenants and representations contained in any of the legal documents with respect to the federal income tax status of the Bonds or the possible impact of any present, pending or future actions taken by any legislative or judicial bodies.

The Financial Advisor to the District has provided the following sentence for inclusion in the Official Statement. The Financial Advisor has reviewed the information in the Official Statement in accordance with, and as part of, its responsibilities to the District and, as applicable, to investors under the federal securities laws as applied to the facts and circumstances of this transaction, but the Financial Advisor does not guarantee the accuracy of such information.

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## MISCELLANEOUS

All quotations from and summaries and explanations of law herein do not purport to be complete and reference is made to said laws for full and complete statements of their provisions.

The Official Statement is not to be construed as a contract or agreement between the School District and the purchasers or holders of any of the Bonds. Any statements made in this Official Statement involving matters of opinion are intended merely as opinion and not as representation of fact. The information and expressions of opinion herein are subject to change without notice and neither the delivery of this Official Statement nor any sale made hereunder shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the School District, or its agencies and authorities, since the date hereof.

> **INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 52** OF OKLAHOMA COUNTY, OKLAHOMA

BY: \_\_\_\_\_ President, Board of Education

# EXHIBIT A

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

## AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REPORTS OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

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# MIDWEST CITY-DEL CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-52, OKLAHOMA COUNTY, OKLAHOMA

JUNE 30, 2024



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## INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-52, OKLAHOMA COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT OFFICIALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

## **BOARD OF EDUCATION**

President

Vice-President

Clerk

Mr. Le Roy Porter Ms. Gina Standridge

Dr. Ed Daniel

Member

Member

Dr. Silvya Kirk

Ms. Shelly Schultz

## SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS

Dr. Rick Cobb

## SCHOOL DISTRICT TREASURER and CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Mrs. Jacqueline Woodard



JACK JENKINS, CPA MICHAEL KEMPER, CPA

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Board of Education Midwest City-Del City School District No. I-52 Midwest City, Oklahoma 73110

## Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Midwest City-Del City School District No. I-52, Midwest City, Oklahoma (the "School District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Midwest City-Del City School District No. I-52, Oklahoma County, Oklahoma as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Midwest City-Del City School District No. I-52, Midwest City, Oklahoma and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* 

will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
  error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
  examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 7-11, Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual on pages 58 and 59, Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability on page 56, Schedule of Contributions on page 57, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the method of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

## **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining fund statements, regulatory basis, listed in the accompanying table of contents are presented for purpose of additional analysis, and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting

and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated January 8, 2025, on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Jenkons & Kunper, CPAS P.C.

Jenkins & Kemper Certified Public Accountants, P.C.

January 8, 2025

**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS** 

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

## MIDWEST CITY - DEL CITY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-52

## June 30, 2024

This section of Midwest City-Del City Independent School District #52's annual financial report presents the District's discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

## OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts - Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are district-wide financial statements that provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operation in more detail than the district-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how basic services like regular and special education were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year.

	District-Wide Statements	Fund Financial Statements - Governmental Funds
Scope	Entire district (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the district that are not proprietary or fiduciary such as special education and building maintenance
Required Financial Statements	<ol> <li>Statement of Net Position</li> <li>Statement of Activities</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Balance Sheet</li> <li>Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances</li> </ol>
Accounting Basis and Measurement Focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus.
Type of Asset/ Liability Information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally, assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included
Type of Inflow/ Outflow Information	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year, expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable

TABLE A-1 Major Features of District-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Table A-1 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

<u>District-Wide Statements</u>: The district-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the district's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two district-wide statements report the District's net position. Net position - the difference between the District's assets and liabilities is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial
  position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District, you need to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

In the district wide financial statements, the District's activities are categorized as governmental activities.

• Governmental Activities - Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation, and administration. Property taxes and state aid formula finance most of these activities.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u>: The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (like repaying its long-term debts) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues.

Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on 1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out; and 2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the district-wide statements, the District provides additional information with the governmental funds statements that explain the relationship (or differences) between them.

# FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

# TABLE A2 Net Position

		3	2024		2023
ASSETS			(in Mi	llions )	
Current and other assets		\$	354.0	\$	81.0
Capital assets			221.6		224.8
	TOTAL ASSETS	\$	575.6	\$	305.8
Deferred Outflows of Resources		\$	21.6	\$	25.4
LIABILITIES					
Long-term liabilities		\$	454.0	\$	215.0
Other liabilities		~	11.6	~	11.4
	TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	465.6	\$	196.9
Deferred Inflows of Resources		\$	2.0	\$	1.5
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets		\$	130.5	\$	134.7
Restricted			26.6		25.0
Unrestricted			(27.5)		(51.1)
	TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	129.6	\$	108.6
TABLE A3 Changes in Net Position					

		2024	(in	2023 Millions)	Di	fference
REVENUES				, ,		
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	8.8	\$	8.7	\$	0.1
Federal and State grants		25.3		29.4	\$	(4.1)
General revenues:						
Property taxes		44.6		41.0	\$	3.6
Other taxes		12.3		11.9	\$	0.4
State entitlement		76.5		59.8	\$	16.7
Other general revenues		9.0		3.8	\$	5.2
TOTAL REVENUES		176.5		154.6	\$	21.9
EXPENSES						
Instruction		78.7		74.4	\$	4.3
Support services		64.8		59.3	\$	5.5
Non-instruction		6.4		6.2	\$	0.2
Interest on long-term debt		1.6		1.8	\$	(0.2)
Other outlays/uses		4.0		0.2	\$	3.8
TOTAL EXPENSES	-	155.5	-	141.9	\$	13.6
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	21.0	\$	12.7	\$	8.3

<u>Changes in Net Position</u>: The ending net position increased by approximately \$8.3 million from the prior fiscal year. All categories of revenue saw an increase except for federal and state grants. Property valuations grew 5.97% increasing overall property tax collections. State aid had the biggest increase. Oklahoma increased state funding to schools to fund a historic pay raise and provide districts with additional operational funding. Other general revenues include interest earnings. Interest rates peaked in FY24 which provided additional revenue on investments. Federal revenue continues to decrease as one-time COVID funding expires. Expenditures increased approximately \$13.6 largely due to the state mandated raises. All certified staff received the state mandated amounts, and the district chose to provide support raises as well. The district continues to feel the effects of inflation for goods. Energy conservation efforts reduced some of energy expenses, but property insurance continues to be an area of increased expenses on an annual basis.

## FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$82.5 million, compared to \$65.1 million in FY23. General fund's fund balance went from 17.17% in FY23, to 17.12% in FY24 (cash basis). This was a decrease by .02%. The district was able to make budget modifications to keep the general fund's fund balance stable. The Sinking fund's fund balance continues to decrease as bond payments continue to catch up with current year collections.

The only limitations that affect the availability of fund resources for future use would be that the Bond funds are only restricted in the sense that they must meet the 85% rule of what was voted on by the patrons of the District and then used for like purposes. The Building Fund, Child Nutrition Fund and Debt Service Fund are restricted only in regards to what is required by law to be used in those respected funds.

<u>General Fund Budgetary Highlights</u>: The final General fund budget was approved at a board meeting held on November 13, 2023. The General fund budget increased by \$9 million and actual expenditures increased by \$9.3 million compared to FY23 to accommodate state mandated raises.

#### CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

<u>Capital Assets</u>: By the end of 2024 the district expended \$2.7 million on AV equipment, appliances, playgroup equipment, construction, athletic equipment, vehicles, buses, and musical equipment. The district also purchased \$1M of apple computers for staff via a lease.

Long-Term Debt: At year end the district had \$52.4 million in total long-term GO debt outstanding. This is an increase from last year's amount of \$46.9 million. (More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 5 to the financial statements.)

- The district continued to pay down its debt, retiring \$45.0 million of outstanding GO bonds, leases payable, premium on bonds and compensated absences in FY24.
- \$24.1 million in new GO debt and premium was issued during the year.

## FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was not aware of any existing circumstances that would adversely impact the finances of the district that have not already been presented in the audit.

#### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designated to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent, Mid-Del Schools, 7217 S.E. 15th, Midwest City, OK 73110.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-52, OKLAHOMA COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

Assets	Governmental Activities
Current assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 85,630,257
Property taxes receivable	2,200,268
Due from other governments	4,509,933
Other receivables	261,062,829
Inventory	609,734
Total current assets	354,013,021
Noncurrent assets	. <u></u>
Land and construction-in-process	18,363,233
Net investment in capital assets	203,238,762
Total noncurrent assets	221,601,995
Total assets	575,615,016
Deferred outflows of resources	
Pension related deferred outflows	21,590,057
Liabilities	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable	1,075,697
Wages payable	7,875,951
Liabilities for incurred claims	111,312
Bond proceeds good faith deposit	288,800
Current portion of long-term debt	12,863,975
Accrued interest	2,207,051
Total current liabilities	24,422,786
Noncurrent liabilities	24,422,100
Noncurrent portion of long-term debt	338,785,862
Net pension obligation	102,377,120
Total noncurrent liabilities	441,162,982
Total liabilities	465,585,768
	400,000,100
Deferred inflows of resources	
Pension related deferred inflows	1,993,240
Net Position	
Investment in capital assets	130,495,210
Restricted for:	100,100,210
Debt service	1,609,788
Child nutrition	3,936,661
Building	21,022,578
Unrestricted (deficit)	(27,438,172)
Total net position	\$ 129,626,065
hourse	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

## INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-52, OKLAHOMA COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Charges in Program RevenuesNet PositionPrograms/FunctionsExpensesServicesContributionsActivitiesGovernmental Activities:578,697,9758,073,04822,691,520(47,933,407)Instruction\$78,697,9758,073,04822,691,520(47,933,407)Support services6,427,323684,9082,629,332(3,113,083)Other outlays1,607,489(1,607,489)(1,607,489)Interest on long-term debt4,035,752(4,035,752)Total primary government\$ 155,570,1608,757,95625,320,852(121,491,352)General RevenuesTaxes:Property taxes, levied for general purposes3,388,0553,388,055Property taxes, levied for debt service17,124,4747,420,384General taxes76,544,1353,343,337Interest, dividends, and investment earnings7,417,212Other general revenues1,583,034Total general revenues1,583,034Total general revenues142,436,093Net position, end of year108,681,324Net position, end of year108,681,324						Net (Expenses) Revenue and
Programs/FunctionsExpensesOperating Grants and ContributionsGovernmental ActivitiesGovernmental Activities:\$ 78,697,9758,073,04822,691,520(47,933,407)Instruction\$ 78,697,9758,073,04822,691,520(47,933,407)Support services64,801,621(64,801,621)(64,801,621)Non-instruction services6,427,323684,9082,629,332(3,113,083)Other outlays1,607,489(1,607,489)(4,035,752)(4,035,752)Total primary government\$ 155,570,1608,757,95625,320,852(121,491,352)General RevenuesTaxes:3,388,0553,388,0553,388,055Property taxes, levied for 				Program I	Revenues	
Programs/FunctionsExpensesCharges for ServicesGrants and ContributionsGovernmental ActivitiesGovernmental Activities:instruction\$ 78,697,9758,073,04822,691,520(47,933,407)Support services64,801,621(64,801,621)(64,801,621)(64,801,621)Non-instruction services6,427,323684,9082,629,332(3,113,083)Other outlays1,607,489(1,607,489)(4,035,752)(4,035,752)Total primary government\$ 155,570,1608,757,95625,320,852(121,491,352)General Revenues3,388,055Property taxes, levied for building purposes3,388,055Property taxes, levied for debt service17,124,4743,388,055Property taxes, levied for debt service17,124,4743,388,055Other outlays1,607,489142,436,093Interest, dividends, and investment earnings7,417,212Other general revenues142,436,093Total general revenues142,436,093Non ther local governments1,42,436,093Norticed, and investment earnings20,944,741Net position, beginning of year108,681,324						
Governmental Activities:Instruction\$ 78,697,9758,073,04822,691,520(47,933,407)Support services64,801,621(64,801,621)(64,801,621)Non-instruction services6,427,323684,9082,629,332(3,113,083)Other outlays1,607,489(1,607,489)(4,035,752)Total primary government\$ 155,570,1608,757,95625,320,852(121,491,352)General Revenues*3,388,055*24,115,262Taxes:Property taxes, levied for general purposes3,388,055*3,388,055Property taxes, levied for debt service17,124,474*7,420,384State aid not restricted for specific purposes76,544,135*4,843,537Interest, dividends, and investment earnings7,417,2121,583,034*Total general revenues1,263,034142,436,093Changes in net position20,944,74120,944,741Net position, beginning of year108,681,324				Charges for		Governmental
Instruction\$ 78,697,9758,073,04822,691,520(47,933,407)Support services64,801,621(64,801,621)(64,801,621)Non-instruction services6,427,323684,9082,629,332(3,113,083)Other outlays1,607,489(1,607,489)(4,035,752)Total primary government\$ 155,570,1608,757,95625,320,852(121,491,352)General RevenuesTaxes:Property taxes, levied for general purposes\$ 24,115,2623,388,055Property taxes, levied for debt service17,124,4747,420,384State aid not restricted for specific purposes76,544,1357420,384Support from other local governments4,843,5371,42,436,093142,436,093Other general revenues1,583,034142,436,093142,436,093Changes in net position20,944,741108,681,324	Programs/Functions		Expenses	Services	Contributions	Activities
Support services64,801,621(64,801,621)Non-instruction services6,427,323684,9082,629,332(3,113,083)Other outlays1,607,489(1,607,489)(1,607,489)Interest on long-term debt4,035,752(4,035,752)Total primary government\$ 155,570,1608,757,95625,320,852(121,491,352)General RevenuesTaxes:Property taxes, levied for general purposes\$ 24,115,262Property taxes, levied for debt service3,388,055Property taxes, levied for debt service17,124,474General taxes7,420,384State aid not restricted for specific purposes76,544,135Support from other local governments4,843,537Interest, dividends, and investment earnings7,417,212Other general revenues1,583,034Total general revenues142,436,093Changes in net position20,944,741Net position, beginning of year108,681,324	Governmental Activities:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Non-instruction services6,427,323684,9082,629,332(3,113,083)Other outlays1,607,489(1,607,489)(1,607,489)Interest on long-term debt4,035,752(4,035,752)Total primary government\$ 155,570,1608,757,95625,320,852(121,491,352)General RevenuesTaxes:Property taxes, levied for general purposes\$ 24,115,262Property taxes, levied for building purposes3,388,055Property taxes, levied for debt service17,124,474General taxes7,420,384State aid not restricted for specific purposes76,544,135Support from other local governments4,843,537Interest, dividends, and investment earnings7,417,212Other general revenues1,583,034Total general revenues142,436,093Changes in net position20,944,741Net position, beginning of year108,681,324	Instruction	\$	78,697,975	8,073,048	22,691,520	(47,933,407)
Other outlays1,607,489(1,607,489)Interest on long-term debt4,035,752(4,035,752)Total primary government\$ 155,570,1608,757,95625,320,852(121,491,352)General RevenuesTaxes:Property taxes, levied for general purposes\$ 24,115,262Property taxes, levied for building purposes3,388,055Property taxes, levied for debt service17,124,474General taxes7,420,384State aid not restricted for specific purposes76,544,135Support from other local governments4,843,537Interest, dividends, and investment earnings7,417,212Other general revenues1,583,034Total general revenues1,42,436,093Changes in net position20,944,741Net position, beginning of year108,681,324	Support services		64,801,621			(64,801,621)
Interest on long-term debt4,035,752(4,035,752)Total primary government\$ 155,570,1608,757,95625,320,852(121,491,352)General RevenuesTaxes: Property taxes, levied for general purposes\$ 24,115,262Property taxes, levied for building purposes3,388,055Property taxes, levied for debt service17,124,474General taxes7,420,384State aid not restricted for specific purposes76,544,135Support from other local governments4,843,537Interest, dividends, and investment earnings7,417,212Other general revenues1,583,034Total general revenues142,436,093Changes in net position20,944,741	Non-instruction services		6,427,323	684,908	2,629,332	(3,113,083)
Total primary government\$ 155,570,1608,757,95625,320,852(121,491,352)General RevenuesTaxes:Property taxes, levied for general purposes\$ 24,115,262Property taxes, levied for building purposes3,388,055Property taxes, levied for debt service17,124,474General taxes7,420,384State aid not restricted for specific purposes76,544,135Support from other local governments4,843,537Interest, dividends, and investment earnings7,417,212Other general revenues1,583,034Total general revenues142,436,093Changes in net position20,944,741Net position, beginning of year108,681,324	Other outlays		1,607,489			(1,607,489)
General RevenuesTaxes:Property taxes, levied for general purposesProperty taxes, levied for building purposesProperty taxes, levied for debt service17,124,474 General taxesState aid not restricted for specific purposesSupport from other local governmentsInterest, dividends, and investment earningsOther general revenues1,583,034 142,436,093Changes in net position20,944,741Net position, beginning of year	Interest on long-term debt		4,035,752			(4,035,752)
Taxes:Property taxes, levied for general purposes\$ 24,115,262Property taxes, levied for building purposes3,388,055Property taxes, levied for debt service17,124,474General taxes7,420,384State aid not restricted for specific purposes76,544,135Support from other local governments4,843,537Interest, dividends, and investment earnings7,417,212Other general revenues1,583,034Total general revenues142,436,093Changes in net position20,944,741Net position, beginning of year108,681,324	Total primary government	\$	155,570,160	8,757,956	25,320,852	(121,491,352)
Taxes:Property taxes, levied for general purposes\$ 24,115,262Property taxes, levied for building purposes3,388,055Property taxes, levied for debt service17,124,474General taxes7,420,384State aid not restricted for specific purposes76,544,135Support from other local governments4,843,537Interest, dividends, and investment earnings7,417,212Other general revenues1,583,034Total general revenues142,436,093Changes in net position20,944,741Net position, beginning of year108,681,324	Conoral Powonuos					
Property taxes, levied for general purposes\$ 24,115,262Property taxes, levied for building purposes3,388,055Property taxes, levied for debt service17,124,474General taxes7,420,384State aid not restricted for specific purposes76,544,135Support from other local governments4,843,537Interest, dividends, and investment earnings7,417,212Other general revenues1,583,034Total general revenues142,436,093Changes in net position20,944,741Net position, beginning of year108,681,324						
general purposes\$ 24,115,262Property taxes, levied for building purposes3,388,055Property taxes, levied for debt service17,124,474General taxes7,420,384State aid not restricted for specific purposes76,544,135Support from other local governments4,843,537Interest, dividends, and investment earnings7,417,212Other general revenues1,583,034Total general revenues142,436,093Changes in net position20,944,741Net position, beginning of year108,681,324						
Property taxes, levied for building purposes3,388,055Property taxes, levied for debt service17,124,474General taxes7,420,384State aid not restricted for specific purposes76,544,135Support from other local governments4,843,537Interest, dividends, and investment earnings7,417,212Other general revenues1,583,034Total general revenues142,436,093Changes in net position20,944,741Net position, beginning of year108,681,324						¢ 24 115 262
building purposes3,388,055Property taxes, levied for debt service17,124,474General taxes7,420,384State aid not restricted for specific purposes76,544,135Support from other local governments4,843,537Interest, dividends, and investment earnings7,417,212Other general revenues1,583,034Total general revenues142,436,093Changes in net position20,944,741Net position, beginning of year108,681,324						\$ 24,113,202
Property taxes, levied for debt service17,124,474General taxes7,420,384State aid not restricted for specific purposes76,544,135Support from other local governments4,843,537Interest, dividends, and investment earnings7,417,212Other general revenues1,583,034Total general revenues142,436,093Changes in net position20,944,741Net position, beginning of year108,681,324						2 200 055
debt service17,124,474General taxes7,420,384State aid not restricted for specific purposes76,544,135Support from other local governments4,843,537Interest, dividends, and investment earnings7,417,212Other general revenues1,583,034Total general revenues142,436,093Changes in net position20,944,741Net position, beginning of year108,681,324	<b>C</b> 1 1					3,366,035
General taxes7,420,384State aid not restricted for specific purposes76,544,135Support from other local governments4,843,537Interest, dividends, and investment earnings7,417,212Other general revenues1,583,034Total general revenues142,436,093Changes in net position20,944,741Net position, beginning of year108,681,324						17 124 474
State aid not restricted for specific purposes76,544,135Support from other local governments4,843,537Interest, dividends, and investment earnings7,417,212Other general revenues1,583,034Total general revenues142,436,093Changes in net position20,944,741Net position, beginning of year108,681,324						and the second second
Support from other local governments4,843,537Interest, dividends, and investment earnings7,417,212Other general revenues1,583,034Total general revenues142,436,093Changes in net position20,944,741Net position, beginning of year108,681,324		293				27 #10 CODE + C#1919D - 14
Interest, dividends, and investment earnings7,417,212Other general revenues1,583,034Total general revenues142,436,093Changes in net position20,944,741Net position, beginning of year108,681,324		100				
Other general revenues1,583,034Total general revenues142,436,093Changes in net position20,944,741Net position, beginning of year108,681,324		os				
Total general revenues142,436,093Changes in net position20,944,741Net position, beginning of year108,681,324		55				
Changes in net position20,944,741Net position, beginning of year108,681,324						
Net position, beginning of year 108,681,324	0					
	Changes in net position					20,944,741
Net position, end of year \$ 129,626,065	Net position, beginning of year					108,681,324
	Net position, end of year					\$ 129,626,065

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**GOVERNMENTAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

#### INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-52, OKLAHOMA COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

	General Fund	Tech Center Fund	Building Fund	Tech Center Building Fund	Bond Fund
Assets		0.000.000	0.000.000	44 300 033	40.000.455
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 27,807,399	9,398,266	8,993,929	11,780,377	18,202,455
Property taxes receivable	1,179,268		168,629	000 005	
Receivables net of allowance for uncollectibles	3,655,546	575,426		262,365	
Inventory	235,909		218,486		
Total assets	32,878,122	9,973,692	9,381,044	12,042,742	18,202,455
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances					
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	38,929	110,107	241,334	30,597	97,907
Accrued wages	7,461,214	211,083			·
Total liabilities	7,500,143	321,190	241,334	30,597	97,907
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	911,476		129,277		
Total deferred inflows of resources	911,476	-	129,277	0 <u>4</u> 3	
Fund Balances					
Nonspendable inventory	235,909		218,486		
Restricted fund balances:					
School construction					18,104,548
Retirement of long-term debt					
Buildings			8,791,947	12,012,145	
Custodial funds					
Child nutrition					
Assigned		9,652,502			
Unassigned	24,230,594				
Total fund balances	24,466,503	9,652,502	9,010,433	12,012,145	18,104,548
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of					
resources, and fund balances	\$ 32,878,122	9,973,692	9,381,044	12,042,742	18,202,455

Sinking Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
1,410,860	7,802,351	85,395,637
852,372		2,200,269
	16,595	4,509,932
	155,339	609,734
2,263,232	7,974,285	92,715,572

	87,730	606,604
	203,655	7,875,952
	291,385	8,482,556
653,444		1,694,197
653,444	-	1,694,197
	155,339	609,734
		18,104,548
1,609,788		1,609,788
		20,804,092
	2,465,840	2,465,840
	3,781,322	3,781,322
	1,280,399	10,932,901
		24,230,594
1,609,788	7,682,900	82,538,819
2,263,232	7,974,285	92,715,572

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## INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-52, OKLAHOMA COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 82,538,819
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and; therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds.		221,132,901
Capitalized bond issuance costs are not reported in governmental funds.		3,055,468
Revenues receivable are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.		
Property taxes		1,694,197
An internal service fund is used by the District to charge the costs of workers' compensation insurance to the individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included with governmental activities.		123,308
Pension related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current year and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds, as follows: Deferred outflows of resources Deferred inflows of resources	21,590,057 (1,993,240)	19,596,817
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and; therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of: Bonds Premium on bonds Leases payable Accrued interest Compensated absences Bond proceeds good faith deposit	(3,585,706) (27,651,432) (320,932,474) (2,207,051) (2,535,691) (288,800)	
Net pension liability	(102,377,120)	(459,578,274)
Funds available for drawdown under the capital lease are reported as a receivable and related construction-in-progress as an accounts paya	: <u></u> -	
in the governmental activities, but not reported in governmental funds.		261,062,829
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 129,626,065
See Notes to Basic Financial Statements		

#### INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-52, OKLAHOMA COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

	General Fund	Tech Center Fund	Building Fund	Tech Center Building Fund
Revenues:				
Property tax	\$ 23,734,384		3,388,315	
Interest	1,750,508	609,120		
County	4,843,537			
State	71,612,079	2,362,965	2,735,734	
Federal	17,296,145	109,987	256,092	
Local	298,518	5,552,943	543	2,117,261
Other	271,010	3		
Total revenues	119,806,181	8,635,015	6,380,684	2,117,261
Expenditures:				
Instruction	66,468,093	3,416,445		
Support services	50,989,494	4,470,994	3,749,717	78,952
Non-instruction services	239,358	the product	382 200 S 52	1.146233
Capital outlays	and a deal and the second	673,337		395,023
Other outlays	358,962	4		
Debt service:				
Principal paid				
Interest paid				
Total expenditures	118,055,907	8,560,780	3,749,717	473,975
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	1,750,274	74,235	2,630,967	1,643,286
Other financing sources (uses) Premium on bonds sold Proceeds of bonds				
Total other financing sources (uses)				
			<b>X</b>	
Net change in fund balances	1,750,274	74,235	2,630,967	1,643,286
Fund balance, beginning of year	22,716,229	9,578,267	6,379,466	10,368,859
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 24,466,503	9,652,502	9,010,433	12,012,145

Bond Fund	Sinking Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
1,149,988	17,125,789 39,500	313,209	44,248,488 3,862,325 4,843,537
	1,380	416,151	77,128,309
		5,032,154	22,694,378
23		3,810,135	11,779,423
		889,749	1,160,759
1,150,011	17,166,669	10,461,398	165,717,219
797,770		707,938	71,390,246
4,341,477		1,940,008	65,570,642
5,978,405		6,523,074	12,740,837
			1,068,360
		1,165,016	1,523,982
	18,635,000		18,635,000
	2,085,052		2,085,052
11,117,652	20,720,052	10,336,036	173,014,119
(9,967,641)	(3,553,383)	125,362	(7,296,900)
	614,958		614,958
24,077,600			24,077,600
24,077,600	614,958	<u> </u>	24,692,558
14,109,959	(2,938,425)	125,362	17,395,658
3,994,589	4,548,213	7,557,538	65,143,161
18,104,548	1,609,788	7,682,900	82,538,819

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#### INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-52, OKLAHOMA COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2024

Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds		\$ 17,395,658
Amounts reported for governmental activities and the statement of activities are different because: Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities, those costs are shown in the statement of net position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expense in the statement of activities. This is the amount by which the capital outlays exceeded depreciation and retirements in the period.		
Capital outlays Depreciation expense	\$ 4,707,241 (8,387,648)	(3,680,407)
Capital lease funds held in escrow for construction and debt service are not reported in governmental funds, but are recognized on the statement of activities. Interest revenues		3,550,475
Drawdowns to acquire capital assets and service debt		(7,680,149)
Because some revenues will not be collected for several months after the District's year end, they are not considered "available" revenues in the governmental funds and are, instead counted as deferred inflows of resources. They are, however, recorded as revenues in the statement of activities.		
Property taxes		390,806
Some of the capital assets acquired this year were financed with general obligation bonds. The amount financed by the bonds and related premium is reported in the governmental funds as a source of financing, but increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position and does not affect the statement of activities.		6,750,000
Repayment of bond principal and repayment on capital lease purchases are an expense in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position and does not affect the statement of activities.		(2,556,259)
Amortization of bond premium is recorded in the statement of activities, but not in the governmental funds.		1,215,215
In the statement of activities, certain expenses do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated absences Pension expense adjustments net of state contributions		(98,099) 7,578,590
An internal service fund is used by the District to charge the costs of workers compensation insurance to the individual funds. The changes in net position of the internal service fund is reported with governmental activities.		31,052
Interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus, requires the use of current financial resources. In the statement of activities, interest expense is recognized		
as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.		 (1,952,141)
Change in net position - statement of activities		\$ 20,944,741

# INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-52, OKLAHOMA COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2024

	Ser	Internal vice Fund - Workers' npensation
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	234,620
Total assets		234,620
Liabilities		
Liability for incurred claims		111,312
Net Position		
Unrestricted	\$	123,308

# INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-52, OKLAHOMA COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2024

Operating revenues:\$ 27,282Local\$ 27,282Total operating revenues27,282Operating expenses:642Management fees642Total operating expenses642Operating income26,640Nonoperating revenues, interest income4,412Changes in net position31,052Net position, beginning of year92,256Net position, end of year\$ 123,308		Servi W	Internal Service Fund - Workers' Compensation		
Local\$27,282Total operating revenues27,282Operating expenses: Management fees642Total operating expenses642Operating income26,640Nonoperating revenues, interest income4,412Changes in net position31,052Net position, beginning of year92,256	Operating revenues:				
Operating expenses: Management fees642Total operating expenses642Operating income26,640Nonoperating revenues, interest income4,412Changes in net position31,052Net position, beginning of year92,256		\$	27,282		
Management fees642Total operating expenses642Operating income26,640Nonoperating revenues, interest income4,412Changes in net position31,052Net position, beginning of year92,256	Total operating revenues		27,282		
Management fees642Total operating expenses642Operating income26,640Nonoperating revenues, interest income4,412Changes in net position31,052Net position, beginning of year92,256	Operating expenses:				
Total operating expenses642Operating income26,640Nonoperating revenues, interest income4,412Changes in net position31,052Net position, beginning of year92,256			642		
Nonoperating revenues, interest income4,412Changes in net position31,052Net position, beginning of year92,256					
Changes in net position31,052Net position, beginning of year92,256	Operating income		26,640		
Net position, beginning of year 92,256	Nonoperating revenues, interest income		4,412		
	Changes in net position		31,052		
	Net position, beginning of year		92,256		
		\$	123,308		

# INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-52, OKLAHOMA COUNTY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Internal Service Fund - Workers' Compensation	
Cash flows from operating activities: Refunds received Payments for workers' compensation claims and management fees <b>Net cash (used in) operating activities</b>	\$	27,282 (35,263) (7,981)
Cash flows from investing activities, interest earnings		4,412
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(3,569)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	238,189 234,620
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash (used in) operating activities: Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash (used in) operating activities:	\$	26,640
Change in liability for incurred claims		(34,621)
Net cash (used in) operating activities	\$	(7,981)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Midwest City-Del City Public Schools Independent District No. 52 (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applied to government units as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"), the standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

## A. Reporting Entity

The District is a corporate body for public purposes created under Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes and, accordingly, is a separate entity for operating and financial reporting purposes. The District is part of the public school system of Oklahoma under the general direction and control of the State Board of Education and is financially dependent on the State of Oklahoma for support. The general operating authority for the public school system is the Oklahoma School Code contained in Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes. The governing body of the District is the Board of Education composed of five elected members. The appointed superintendent is the executive officer of the District.

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the basic financial statements present the reporting entity which consists of the primary government; organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion could cause the District's basic financial statements to be misleading.

The District has presented the entities which comprise the reporting entity in the basic financial statements for 2024.

The Midwest City-Del City Lewis Eubanks Technical Center (formerly the Mid-Del Area Vo-Tech) became a designated Area Vocational-Technical School in 1977 by action of the Oklahoma State Board of Vocational and Technical Education with no ad valorem millage devoted specifically for its support. It is the only designated technology center in the State of Oklahoma that shares a school board with a public school district. The Mid-Del School District No. I-52 board of education serves as the Tech Center's board of education. The Technical Center is reported as a blended component unit as a special revenue fund of the primary government.

## 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

A. Reporting Entity - contd.

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net position and the statement of activity) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the school district. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements.

## B. Fund Accounting

Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues and are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. All of the District's activities are reported as governmental activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Indirect expenses of other functions are not allocated to those functions but are reported separately in the statement of activities. Program revenues include 1) tuition or fees paid by students or citizens of the District and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items, including state aid, that are not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

The school district segregates transactions related to certain functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-side financial statements.

## **Governmental Fund Types**

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies (special revenue funds), the acquisition or construction of general capital assets (capital projects funds), and the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service funds).

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include state and local property taxes and state funding under the Foundation and Incentive Aid Program.

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

B. Fund Accounting - contd.

Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operations of the schools except for programs funded for building repairs and maintenance, school construction and debt service on bonds and other long-term debt.

<u>Special Revenue Fund</u> - The special revenue funds are the District's building, co-op and child nutrition funds.

<u>Building Fund</u> - The building fund consists of monies derived property taxes levied for the purpose of erecting, remodeling, repairing, or maintaining school buildings and for purchasing furniture and equipment.

<u>Co-op Fund</u> - The co-op fund is established when the boards of education of two or more school districts enter into cooperative agreements and maintain joint programs. The revenues necessary to operate a cooperative program can come from federal, state, or local sources, including the individual contributions of participating school districts. The expenditures for this fund would consist of those necessary to operate and maintain the joint programs. The District did not maintain this fund during the 2023-2024 fiscal year.

<u>Child Nutrition Fund</u> – The child nutrition fund is a special revenue fund used to account for the operations of the child nutrition programs. Revenue sources include meal ticket sales and Federal and State grants for free and reduced meals.

<u>Technology Center Fund</u> – The technology center fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the operation of vocational and technical education programs.

<u>Custodial Funds</u> – The student activity fund, tech center activity fund, and child nutrition clearing funds are used to account for monies collected principally through fundraising efforts of the students and district sponsored groups.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – The debt service (sinking fund) is used to account for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs. The primary revenue sources are local property taxes levied specifically for debt service and interest earnings from temporary investments.

<u>Capital Projects Bond Funds</u> – The bond funds are capital project funds used to account for the proceeds of bond sales to be used exclusively for acquiring school sites,

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

#### B. Fund Accounting - contd.

constructing and equipping new school facilities, renovating existing facilities, and acquiring transportation equipment.

<u>Tech Center Building Fund</u> – The tech center building fund is used to account for financial resources restricted to the Technology Center's remodeling or repairing buildings and purchasing furniture and equipment.

<u>Casualty/Insurance Funds</u> – The insurance fund was established to account for revenues and expenditures for all types of insurance coverage and major reimbursements and reserves for property.

#### **Proprietary Fund Types**

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities similar to those found in the private sector, where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. Goods or services from such activities can be provided either to outside parties (enterprise funds) or to other departments or agencies primarily within the District (internal service funds). Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. The District reports the following non-major propriety fund:

<u>Internal Service Fund – Worker's Compensation</u> – The workers' compensation insurance fund is an internal service fund used to account for the accumulation, recording and disbursing of District contributions to the District's self-insured Workers' Compensation Account.

#### Fiduciary Fund Types

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the District. When these assets are held under the terms of a formula trust agreement, either a private purpose trust fund or a permanent fund is used. The terms "permanent" and "private purpose" refer to whether or

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

B. Fund Accounting - contd.

not the District is under an obligation to maintain the trust principal. Agency funds generally are used to account for assets that the District holds on behalf of others as their agent and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

The District reports the following non-major fiduciary funds:

<u>Private Purpose Trust Funds – Gifts Fund</u> – The gifts fund is a private-purpose trust fund to account for donations received for the benefit of specified individuals associated with the District. This fund was not active during the current fiscal year.

The District's fiduciary funds have been excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

## Account Group

Account groups are not funds and consist of a self-balancing set of accounts used only to establish accounting control over long-term debt and fixed assets.

<u>General Long-Term Debt Account Group</u> - This account group was established to account for all long-term debt of the District, which is offset by the amount available in the debt service fund and the amount to be provided in future years to complete retirement of the debt principal. It is also used to account for other liabilities (judgments and lease purchases), which are to be paid from funds provided in future years.

## C. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. The economic resources measurement focus is not applicable to the agency fund and therefore they have no measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied.

Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - contd.

#### C. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus – contd.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and pension liabilities are recorded only when the payment is due.

Property taxes and interest and certain state and federal grants associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

#### D. Budget and Budgetary Accounting

A budget is legally adopted by the Board of Education for the general fund, building fund, debt service (sinking) fund, child nutrition fund, tech center, and tech center building fund that included revenues and expenditures. These budgets are prepared on a modified cash basis of accounting. Budgetary control is maintained by fund, function, and activity and budgeted expenditures may not exceed appropriations at the fund level. Amendments may be made to the budget without approval by the governing body at the function and activity levels. Fund level budgetary amendments require approval of the governing body.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve a portion of the applicable fund balance is utilized in all governmental funds of the District. Appropriations which are not spent lapse at the end of the fiscal year and encumbrances are reversed. On the first day of the following fiscal year, the encumbrances are reinstated and the expenditures are applied against the year's budget. At the beginning of the next year, prior year encumbrances are reviewed and some are reestablished. There were no material encumbrances which lapsed at June 30, 2023 and were reinstated during fiscal year 2024.

## 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

## E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows/Outflows and Fund Balance/Net Position

<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments</u> – The District considers all cash on hand, demand deposits interest bearing checking accounts, and highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash and cash equivalents. As of June 30, 2024, all of the District's investments were in money market accounts which meet the definition of cash equivalents. Investments, not meeting the definition of cash equivalents, are recorded at fair value.

<u>Inventories</u> – Inventories in the governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when consumed. Inventories include fuel, maintenance supplies, instructional supplies, and food service supplies. Cost of donated federal surplus commodities is based on values established by the federal government at the time of donation.

<u>Capital Assets</u> – Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

The capitalization threshold is \$5,000. All purchased capital assets are valued at cost when historical records exist and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are valued at their fair market value on the date donated.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Type of Asset	Years		
Buildings and renovations	45		
Furniture and accessories	5-20		
Equipment and appliances	7-15		
Computer software/hardware	5		
Vehicles/buses	6		

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

#### E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows/Outflows and Fund Balance/Net Position - contd.

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> – In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s). It will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Deferred outflows of resources for the year ended June 30, 2024 consist of unrecognized items not yet charged to pension expense and contributions from the District after the measurement date but before the end of the District's reporting period.

<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> – In addition to liabilities, financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s). It will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then. The governmental fund balance sheet includes deferred inflows of resources related to unavailable revenue from property taxes, federal revenue, and local revenue. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Deferred inflows of resources in the statement of net position for the year ended June 30, 2024 consist of succeeding year property tax receivables that will not be recognized until the year for which it is levied and budgeted for and the unamortized portion of the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments and pension plan experience.

<u>Compensated Absences</u> – The District's policy allows employees to accumulate unused sick leave from year to year as long as employees remain continuously in the Midwest City-Del City School system. Maximum number of days that can be accumulated for purposes of sick leave cannot exceed one hundred twenty (120) days at the beginning of the school year. For the purposes of sick leave reimbursement upon retirement or resignation, the district pays for all sick leave accrued during employment not previously paid for by the Midwest City-Del City School District.

A twelve-month salaried employee is eligible for twelve (12) days paid vacation each year accrued at the rate of one (1) day per month. Twelve-month employees may carry over vacation days up to a maximum of twenty-four (24) days. Upon retirement or resignation, the District will reimburse an employee for accrued vacation at the employee's regular daily rate of pay.

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

#### Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows/Outflows and Fund Balance/Net Position - contd.

The liability for compensated absences attributable to the District's governmental funds is recorded in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for those amounts is recorded in governmental funds only if the liability has matured as a result of employee resignations or retirements.

<u>Long-term Liabilities</u> – In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-ling method which approximates the effective interest method. Bond issuance costs are expensed when incurred.

In the governmental fund financial statements, the face amount of debt is reported as other financing sources. Repayments of long-term debt are reported as expenditures. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

<u>Pensions</u> – For purposed of measuring the net pension asset (liability), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System (OTRS) and additions to/deductions from these fiduciary net positions has been determined on the same basis as they are reported by OTRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

<u>Net Position</u> – The government-wide, proprietary fund, and fiduciary fund financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> – This component of net position reports capital assets less both accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balance of debt (excluding unexpended proceeds) that is directly attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Any deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in the component of net position.

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows/Outflows and Fund Balance/Net Position – contd.

<u>Restricted Net Position</u> – This component of net position reports the difference between assets, deferred inflows/outflows of resources and liabilities of certain programs or funds that consist of assets with constraints placed on their use by either external parties and/or enabling legislation. Net position restricted by enabling legislation consists of \$1,609,788 for debt service, \$3,936,661 for child nutrition and \$21,022,578 for buildings.

<u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> – Net position that does not meet the definition of net investment in capital assets or restricted are classified as unrestricted.

It is the District's policy to first use restricted net position prior to the use of unrestricted net position when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

<u>Fund Balance</u> – Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance consists of five categories, defines as follows:

<u>Nonspendable Fund Balance</u> – The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. This would include items not expected to be converted to cash including inventories, long-term receivables, and prepaid amounts. It may also include long-term loans and receivables, as well as property acquired for resale and the corpus (principal) of a permanent fund.

<u>Restricted Fund Balance</u> – The restricted fund balance classification should be reported when constraints placed on the use of resources are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed Fund Balance</u> – The committed fund balance classification reflects specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority (the District's Board of Education). Such constraints can only be removed or changed by the same form of formal action. Funds set aside by the Board of Education as committed fund balance requires the approval of a resolution by a majority vote of the members of the Board of Education. Such approval must take place prior to the District's fiscal year-end in order for it to be applicable to that fiscal year. It is permitted for the specific amount of the commitment to be determined after the fiscal year-end if any additional information is

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows/Outflows and Fund Balance/Net Position - contd.

#### Committed Fund Balance - contd.

required in order to determine the exact amount. The Board of Education has the authority to remove or change the commitment of funds with a resolution.

<u>Assigned Fund Balance</u> – The assigned fund balance classification reflects amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes but meet neither the restricted nor committed forms of constraint. Assigned funds cannot cause a deficit in unassigned fund balance. For the purposes of assigned fund balance, the District has given authority to the Superintendent and Deputy Superintendent of Fiscal Services to assign funds for specific purposes.

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> – The unassigned fund balance classification is the residual classification for the General Fund only. It is also where negative residual amounts for all other governmental funds must be reported. Unassigned fund balance essentially consists of excess funds that have not been classified in the other four fund balance categories mentioned above.

It is the District's policy to use restricted fund balance prior to the use of unrestricted fund balance when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available. The District's policy for the use of unrestricted fund balance amounts requires that committed amounts would be used first, followed by assigned and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

#### F. Revenue and Expenditures

<u>Local Revenues</u> – Revenue from Local sources is the monies generated from within the boundaries of the District and available to the District for its use. The District is authorized by State law to levy property taxes, which consist of ad valorem taxes on real and personal property within the District. These property taxes are distributed to the District's General, Building and Debt Service Funds based on the levies approved for each fund. The County Assessor, upon receipt of the certification of tax levies from the County Excise Board, extends the tax levies on the tax roll for submission to the county treasurer prior to October 1. The County Treasurer must commence tax collection within fifteen days of receipt of the tax rolls. The first half of taxes are due prior to January 1. The second half is due prior to April 1.

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

F. Revenue and Expenditures - contd.

#### Local Revenues - contd.

If the first payment is not made timely, the entire tax becomes due and payable on January 2. Second half taxes become delinquent on April 1, of the year following the year of assessment. If not paid by the following October 1, the property is offered for sale for the amount of taxes due. The owner has two years to redeem the property by paying the taxes and penalty owed. If at the end of two years the owner has not done so, the purchaser is issued a deed to the property.

Uncollected taxes assessed on valuations made each year are recorded in the District's financial statements. The delinquent taxes which are not collected within 60 days of yearend are recorded in the financial statements as deferred inflows of resources. Uncollectible personal and real property taxes are deemed to be immaterial because the property can be sold for the amount of taxes due.

Other Local sources of revenues include tuition, fees, rentals, disposals, commissions and reimbursements. The District also enters into agreements each year between the Board of Education for the Midwest City-Del City Lewis Eubanks Technical Center and the Board of Trustees for the Rose State College Technical Area Education District. Under these agreements, the Mid-Del School District receives 50 percent of total collections for the fiscal year.

<u>State Revenues</u> - Revenues from state sources for current operations are primarily governed by the state aid formula under the provisions of Article XVIII, Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes. The State Board of Education administers the allocation of state aid funds to school districts based on information accumulated from the Districts.

After review and verification of reports and supporting documentation, the State Department of Education may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of money for prior year errors disclosed by review. Normally such adjustments are treated as reductions or additions of revenue of the year when the adjustment is made. The District receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical educational programs. State Board of Education rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be expended only for the program which the money is provided and require that the money not expended as of the close of the fiscal year be carried forward into the following year to be expended for the same categorical programs. The State Department of Education requires that categorical education program revenues be accounted for in the general fund. The aforementioned state revenues are apportioned to the District's General Fund.

## 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

F. Revenue and Expenditures- contd.

<u>Federal Revenues</u> – Federal revenues consist of revenues from the federal government in the form of operating grants or entitlements. An operating grant is a contribution to be used for a specific purpose, activity or facility. A grant may be received either directly from the federal government or indirectly as a pass-through from another government, such as the state. An entitlement is the amount of payment to which the District is entitled pursuant to an allocation formula contained in applicable statutes. The majority of the federal revenues are apportioned to the General and Technology Center Funds. The District maintains a separate Child Nutrition Fund and the federal revenues received for the child nutrition programs are apportioned there.

Interest Earnings - Represent compensation for the use of financial sources over time.

<u>Other Sources and Non-Revenue Receipts</u> – Other sources represent primarily prior year lapsed encumbrances and prior year reimbursements and adjustments. Non-revenue receipts represent receipts deposited into a fund that is not new revenues to the District, but the return of assets.

<u>Instruction Expenditures</u> – Instruction expenditures include the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Teaching may be provided for students in a school classroom, in another location, such as a home or hospital, and in other learning situations, such as those involving co-curricular activities. It may also be provided through some other approved medium, such as television, radio, telephone and correspondence. Included here are the activities of teacher assistants of any type (clerks, graders, teaching machines, etc.) which assist in the instructional process.

The activities of tutors, translators and interpreters would be recorded here. Department chairpersons who teach for any portion of time are included here. Tuition/transfer fees paid to other local education agencies would be included here.

<u>Support Services</u> – Support services expenditures provide administrative, technical (such as guidance and health) and logistical support to facilitate and enhance instruction. These services exist as adjuncts for fulfilling the objectives of instruction, community services and enterprise programs, rather than as entities within themselves. These services are designed to assess and improve student well-being and to supplement the teaching process.

<u>Operation of Non-Instructional Services Expenditures</u> – Activities concerned with providing non-instructional services to students, staff or the community.

## 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

F. Revenue and Expenditures- contd.

<u>Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Expenditures</u> – Consists of activities involved with the acquisition of land and buildings; remodeling buildings; the construction of buildings and additions to buildings; initial installation or extension of service systems and other built-in equipment; and improvements to sites.

<u>Other Outlays Expenditures</u> – A number of outlays of governmental funds are not properly classified as expenditures but still require budgetary or accounting control. These are classified as Other Outlays. These include debt service payments (principal and interest).

<u>Other Uses Expenditures</u> – This includes scholarships by private gifts and endowments; student aid and staff awards supported by outside revenue sources (i.e., foundations), and expenditures for self-funded employee benefit programs administered either by the District or a third party administrator.

<u>Repayment Expenditures</u> – Repayment expenditures represent checks/warrants issued to outside agencies for refund or restricted revenue previously received for overpayment, nonqualified expenditures and other refunds to be repaid from District funds.

Inter<u>fund Transactions</u> – Interfund services provided and used are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions, except interfund services provided and used or reimbursements, are reported as transfers.

<u>Use of Estimates</u> – The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## 2. Deposits

## Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of failure of a counterparty, the District will not be able to recover its deposits. Deposits are exposed to credit risk if they are uninsured or uncollateralized. The District's policy requires that all deposits in excess of amounts covered by federal deposit insurance be fully collateralized by the entity holding the deposits. As of June 30, 2024, all the District's deposits were federally insured by FDIC or collateralized.

#### 2. Deposits - contd.

The District had cash deposits at financial institutions with a book balance of approximately \$85,630,257 at June 30, 2024. The bank balance of these deposits was approximately \$91,421,891. The difference between the bank balance and book balance are the outstanding checks and deposits.

## Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the District, and are held by counterparty or the counterparty's trust department but not in the name of this District. The District's policy requires that all investments in excess of amounts covered by federal deposit insurance be fully collateralized by the entity holding the investments. As of June 30, 2024, all of the District's investments were collateralized.

#### Concentration of Credit Risk:

The District's investment policies are governed by state statute. Permissible investments include:

- a. Direct obligations of the United State Government to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the government is pledged.
- b. Obligations to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the state is pledged.
- c. Certificates of deposits of banks when such certificates of deposits are secured by acceptable collateral as in the deposit of other public monies.
- d. Savings accounts or savings certificates of saving and loan associations to the extent that such accounts or certificates are fully insured by the Federal Saving and Loan Insurance Corporation.
- e. Repurchase agreements that have underlying collateral consisting of those items specified in paragraphs 1 and 2 of this section including obligations of the United States, its agencies and instrumentalities, and where collateral has been deposited with a trustee of custodian bank in an irrevocable trust or escrow account established for such purposes.

## 2. Deposits - contd.

- f. County, municipal or school district direct debt obligations for which an ad valorem tax may be levied or bond and revenue anticipation notes, money judgments against such county, municipality or school district ordered by a court of record or bonds or bond and revenue anticipation notes issued by a public trust for which such county, municipality or school district is a beneficiary thereof. All collateral pledged to secure public funds shall be valued at no more than market value.
- g. Money market mutual funds regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission and which investments consist of obligations of the United States, its agencies and instrumentalities, and investments in those items listed above.
- h. Warrants, bonds, or judgments of the school district.
- i. Qualified pooled investment programs, the investments of which consist of those items specified above, as well as obligations of the United States agencies and instrumentalities, regardless of the size of the district's budget. To be qualified, a pooled investment program for the school funds must be governed through an Interlocal cooperative agreement formed pursuant to Title 70 Section 5-117b, and the program must competitively select its investment advisors and other professional. Any pooled investment program must be approved by the Board of Education.

	Weighted Average Maturity	3. <i>e</i> 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	7 1		
Туре	(Months)	Market V	/alue	(	Cost
Investments					
Money Market		\$	0	\$	0
Municipal tax-supported money judgment	S		0		0
Certificate of Deposit		_ 80	0,000	80	0,000
Total investments		\$ 80	<u>0,000</u>	<u>\$ 80</u>	0,000

#### 2. Deposits - contd.

The District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. The District has the following of credit risk: 0% in Money Market funds, 0% in Municipal tax-supported money judgments and 100% in CDs (\$800,000).

#### Interest Rate Risk:

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Investments are made based upon prevailing market conditions at the time of the transaction with the intent to hold the instrument until maturity. However, the District has no formal written policy addressing interest rate risk.

# 3. Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2024, for the individual governmental and proprietary funds are as follows:

						Other Governi	nental Funds
		Debt		Tech	Tech	Child	Internal
	General	Service	Building	Center	Building	Nutrition	Service
Receivables							
Ad valorem	\$ 1,179,268	852,371	168,629				
Federal grants	3,411,098			20,950		12,021	
Local & intermediate	70,756			505,917	262,365	4,574	.=
State dedicated revenue	173,692			48,560			
Total receivables	\$ 4,834,814	852,371	168,629	575,427	262,365	16,595	// <del></del>

The government-wide financial statements also include other receivables of approximately \$261 million for amounts available to draw down on the capital lease (see Note 5).

# 4. Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2024 follows:

	Balance June 30, 2023	Additions	Transfers	Disposals	Balance June 30, 2024
Governmental activities:					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 16,372,412				16,372,412
Construction in progress	554,351	1,990,821	(554,351)		1,990,821
Total capital assets not being depreciated	16,926,763	1,990,821	(554,351)	. <u> </u>	18,363,233
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and renovations Furniture and assessories Equipment and appliances Computer software/hardware Vehicles/buses	319,036,951 529,410 18,798,010 8,743,244 13,509,350	167,834 1,248,286 1,063,300 742,907	546,351 8,000	2	319,751,136 529,410 20,054,296 9,806,544 14,252,257 264,292,642
Total capital assets being depreciated	360,616,965	3,222,327	554,351		364,393,643
Less: accumulated depreciation	152,767,232	8,387,649			161,154,881
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	207,849,733	(5,165,322)	554,351	<u> </u>	203,238,762
Total Capital assets, net	\$ 224,776,496	(3,174,501)		<u> </u>	221,601,995

Depreciation expense on the government-wide statement of activities includes \$7,392,330 in expense under instruction and \$995,319 in expense under support services.

# 5. General Long-Term Debt

State statutes prohibit the District from becoming indebted in an amount exceeding the revenue to be received for any fiscal year without approval by the District's voters. Bond issues have been approved by the voters and issued by the District for various capital improvements. These bonds are required to be fully paid serially within 25 years from the date of issue. General long-term debt of the District consists of bond payable, and obligations for compensated absences. Debt service requirements for bonds are payable solely from fund balance and future revenues of the debt service fund.

The following is a summary of the long-term debt transactions of the District for the year ended June 30, 2024:

		Balance			Balance	
		June 30,			June 30,	Due within
		2023	Additions	Retirements	2024	one year
Bonds payable	\$	46,875,000	24,120,000	18,635,000	52,360,000	350,000
Premium on bonds		4,483,089	614,957	1,512,340	3,585,706	1,467,375
Leases payable		43,045,000	234,358,300	8,830,825	268,572,475	9,745,000
Premium on leases		-	27,969,266	317,833	27,651,433	1,301,600
Debt issuance costs			(3,092,281)	(36,813)	(3,055,468)	
Compensated absences		2,437,592	98,099		2,535,691	
Net pension liability	-	118,201,138		15,824,018	102,377,120	
Total	\$	215,041,819	284,068,341	45,083,203	454,026,957	12,863,975

A brief description of the outstanding general obligation bond issues at June 30, 2024, is set forth below:

		Amount tstanding
Combined Purpose Bonds, Series 2020, original issue \$10,860,000, interest rate of 1.00-1.75%, due in annual installments of \$2,715,000 beginning on 7-1-22;	\$	2,715,000
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2020A, original issue \$1,720,000, interest rate of 1.2%, due in annual installments of \$430,000 beginning on 7-1-22;		430,000
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2020B, original issue \$1,400,000, interest rate of 0.75%, due in annual installments of \$350,000 beginning on 9-1-21;	\$	700.000
beginning on y=1-21,	Ψ	100,000

# 5. General Long-Term Debt - cont'd

			ount anding	g
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2021, original issue \$1,500,000, interest rate of 0.7-2.0%, due in annual installments of \$375,000 beginning on 7-1-23;	\$	7	50,00	0
Combined Purpose Bonds, Series 2021, original issue \$14,620,000, interest rate of 1.0-2.0%, due in annual installments of \$3,655,000 beginning on 7-1-23;		7,3	10,00	00
Combined Purpose Bonds, Series 2022, original issue \$19,875,000, interest rate of 4.0%, due in an initial installment of \$3,540,000 on 7-1-24 annual installments thereafter of \$5,445,000 beginning on 7-1-25;		16,3	35,00	00
Building Bonds, Series 2023A, original issue \$1,600,000, interest rate of 4.65%, due in one installment on 7-1-25;		1,6	00,00	0
Building Bonds, Series 2023B, original issue \$7,560,000, interest rate of 4.0%, due in installments of \$2,520,000 beginning 12-1-25, final payment due on 12-1-27;		7,5	60,00	0
Combined Purpose Bonds, Series 2023, original issue \$14,960,000, interest rate of 4.0%, due in an initial installment of \$2,540,000 on 7-1-25, annual installments thereafter of \$4,140,000 beginning on 7-1-26;	e	14,9	60,00	1 <u>0</u>
Totals	\$ <u>_</u>	52,3	60,00	0

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# 5. General Long-Term Debt - cont'd

The annual debt service requirements for the retirement of bond principal, and payment of interest are as follows:

Year ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	\$ 350,000	458,850	808,850
2026	19,630,000	2,276,740	21,906,740
2027	16,135,000	930,419	17,065,419
2028	12,105,000	407,700	12,512,700
2029	4,140,000	82,800	4,222,800
Total	\$ 52,360,000	4,156,509	56,516,509

# Lease-purchase agreements

The District entered into a lease-purchase agreement dated 1-10-2024 for 700 Apple Macbook Air computers totaling \$1,063,300, due in annual principal and interest installments of \$265,825, beginning 1-10-24, final payment due 7-10-26. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2024 was \$797,475.

Annual principal and interest payments for lease purchase agreements are as follows:

Year ending	
June 30	Payment
2025	\$265,825
2026	265,825
2027	265,825
Total	\$797,475

#### 5. General Long-Term Debt - cont'd

#### Compensated Absences:

Compensating absences represent the estimated liability for employees accrued vacation and sick leave for which employees are entitled to be paid upon termination or resignation. The liability at June 30, 2024 totaled \$2,535,691 and is recorded as long-term debt of the District in the government-wide financial statements. The retirement of this liability is liquidated by the general fund or special revenue funds based on the assignment of the employee at termination or resignation. Below is the liquidation by fund:

General Fund	\$ 2,162,651
Tech Center	235,277
Child Nutrition	137,763
Total	\$ 2,535,691

#### Capital Leases:

In February 2019, the school district entered into a Ground Lease Agreement with the Oklahoma County Finance Authority (the "Authority") under which the district is leasing certain land upon which the Authority will construct improvements from the proceeds of \$77,060,000 in revenue bonds sold for that purpose. Improvements are to be constructed for so long as there are obligations outstanding, which are secured by the Ground Lease Agreement. The improvements to be constructed by the Authority consist of stadium renovations to Carl Albert Harris, Del City Kalsu, and Midwest City Darnell Stadiums, improvements to Kerr Middle School, Carl Albert Middle School, Monroney Middle School and Schwartz Elementary, Del City and Midwest City High School Performing Arts Centers renovations and various reoccurring District-wide projects. These facilities will be leased by the Authority to the school district pursuant to a sublease agreement enter into as of February 1, 2018. The sublease agreement between the Authority and the Mid-Del School District enables the district to lease back the property leased in the ground lease and utilized the proceeds of the revenue bonds (issued by the Authority) for the construction and improvements on the property. The sublease agreement also provides a mechanism for the district to obtain title to the improvements free and clear of security interest. The District intends to finance the sublease agreements lease payments through a periodic issuance of Building Bonds which were authorized and approved by school district voters at an election held on October 10, 2017. These bonds are scheduled to be issued on dates, and in amounts, which coincide with sublease rental payments.

#### 5. General Long-Term Debt - cont'd

Capital Leases:

The Oklahoma County Finance Authority issued additional Educational Facilities Lease Revenue Bonds in subsequent years as follows:

• February 1, 2024, issued \$233.3 million, Series 2024

The trustee bank holds the cash and makes payments after authorization from the District. Amounts held by the trustee and available for draw down at June 30, 2024 are recorded as a receivable in the government wide statements.

Under the agreements, the District transferred ownership for land and facilities covered by the ground lease to the Authority. Ownership will revert to the District upon payment of the lease purchase acquisition payments. Accordingly, the original cost of the assets is expensed if the item does not meet the District's capitalization criteria.

The present value of minimum sublease payments is recorded in the District's long-term debt. Lease payments are primarily payable from the capital projects fund.

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these lease payments as of June 30, 2024, were as follows:

Year ending	
June 30	Amount
2025	\$ 24,186,208
2026	24,640,500
2027	27,494,875
2028	12,383,125
2029	12,221,875
2030-2034	91,169,500
2035-2039	103,807,375
2040-2044	116,008,000
2045-2049	32,758,250
Total minimum lease payments	444,669,708
Less amount representing interest	(176,894,708)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 267,775,000

#### 5. General Long-Term Debt - cont'd

#### Capital Leases - cont'd

Pursuant to the sublease agreement, the District is also required to make the following rental payments:

Year ending	Rental	
June 30	Payments	
2025	\$ 6,000	
2026	6,000	
2027	3,000	
2028	3,000	
2029	3,000	
2030-2034	15,000	
2035-2039	15,000	
2040-2044	15,000	
2045-2049	4,500	
Total	\$ 70,500	

#### 6. Operating Leases

The District leases various business machines under operating lease agreements. The lease agreements are generally for one-year terms and subject to annual ratification. Management expects that in the normal course of business, leases that expire for the business machines will be renewed or replaced by other leases. The total rent expenditures were approximately \$348,237 for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Minimum future lease commitments under leases payable are as follows:

June 30	Amount		
2025	\$	81,168	
2026		81,168	
2027		81,168	
2028		54,112	
Total	\$	297,616	

#### 7. Employee Retirement System

#### **Oklahoma Teachers Retirement System**

#### Plan Description:

The District participates in the OTRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system that is self-administered. OTRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established and may be amended by the legislature of the State of Oklahoma. Title 70 of the Oklahoma State Statues assigns the authority for management and operation of OTRS to the Board of Trustees of the System. OTRS issues a publicly available annual financial report that can be obtained at www.ok.gov/TRS.

#### Benefits Provided:

OTRS provides defined retirement benefits based on members' final compensation, age, and term of service. In addition, the retirement program provides for benefits upon disability and to survivors upon the death of eligible members. Title 70 O. S. Sec. 17-105 defines all retirement benefits. The authority to establish and amend benefit provisions rests with the State Legislature.

#### Benefit Provisions Include:

- Members who joined the system prior to November 1, 2017 are fully vested after 5 years of contributory Oklahoma membership service. Those who join on or after November 1, 2017 are fully vested after seven years of contributory Oklahoma membership service and may choose to take an early, reduced retirement benefit, or stay to qualify for a regular, unreduced retirement benefit. Member who joined OTRS on June 30, 1992 or prior are eligible to retire at maximum benefits when age and years of creditable service total 80. Members joining ORTS after June 30, 1992 are eligible for maximum benefits when their age and year of creditable service total 90. Members whose age and service do not equal the eligible limit may receive reduced benefits as early as age 55, and at the age 62 receive unreduced benefits based on their years of service. The maximum retirement benefit is equal to 2 percent of final compensation for year of credited service.
- Final compensation for members who joined OTRS prior to July 1, 1992 is defined as the average salary for the three highest years of compensation. Final compensation for members joining OTRS after June 30, 1992 is defined as the average of the five consecutive years of annual compensation in which contributions have been made. The final average compensation is limited for

#### 7. Employee Retirement System - cont'd

service credit accumulated prior to July 1, 1995 to \$40,000 or \$25,000, depending on the member's election. Monthly benefits are 1/12 of the amount. Service credits accumulated after June 30, 1995 are calculated based on each member's final average compensation, except for certain employees of the two comprehensive universities. Upon the death of a member who has not yet retired, the designated beneficiary shall receive the member's total contributions plus 100 percent of interest earned through the end of the fiscal year, with interest rates varying based on time of service. A surviving spouse of a qualified member was entitled to at the time of death as provided under the Joint Survivor Benefit Option.

- Upon the death of a retired member, OTRS will pay \$5,000 to the designated beneficiary, in addition to the benefits provided for the retirement option selected by the member.
- A member is eligible for disability benefits after ten years of credited Oklahoma service. The disability benefit is equal to 2% of final average compensation for the applicable year of credited service.
- Upon separation from OTRS, members' contributions to a tax-sheltered annuity program up to the exclusion allowance provided under the IRC under Code Section 403(b).

#### Contributions:

The contribution requirements of OTRS are at an established rate determined by Oklahoma Statute and are not based on actuarial calculations. Employees are required to contribute 7 percent of their annual compensation. The District paid the employees' required contribution. The amount paid by the District for employees totaled approximately \$5.2 million for the year ended June 30, 2024. The District's contribution rate is 9.5 percent for the year ended June 30, 2024. In addition, the District is required to match the State's contribution rate on salaries that are paid with federal funds. The District's contributions to OTRS in 2024 were \$8.6 million, equal to the annual required contributions each year. The District's matching contributions to OTRS in 2024 were \$0.6 million.

The State makes a contribution on behalf of each teacher meeting minimum salary requirements (known as the OTRS years of services credit). The credit amount is determined based on years of services and ranges from \$60.15 per year for 0 years of service to \$1,410.53 per year for 25 years or more of service. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the State paid approximately \$581,445 on behalf of teachers employed at the District. In accordance with generally accepted accounting practices, the District recognized the on-behalf-of payments as revenue and expense/expenditure in the government wide and fund financial statements. These on behalf payments do not meet the definition of a special funding situation.

#### 7. Employee Retirement System - cont'd

The State of Oklahoma is also required to contribute to the System on behalf of the participating employers. For 2024, the State of Oklahoma contributed 5 percent of state revenues from sales and use taxes and individual income taxes, to the System on behalf of participating employers. The District has estimated the amounts contributed to the System by the State of Oklahoma on its behalf based on a contribution rate provided to the District. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the total amount contributed to the System by the State of Oklahoma on behalf of the District was approximately \$6.82 million. In accordance with generally accepted accounting practices, District recognized the on-behalf-of payments as revenue and expense/expenditure in the government fund financial statements. These on-behalf payments do not meet the definition of a special funding situation.

### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions:

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$102,377,120 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions to OTRS relative to total contributions of OTRS for all participating employees for the year ended June 30, 2023. Based upon this information, the District's proportion was 1.32845589 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized pension expense of \$753,884. June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred	Deferred
Outflows of	Inflows of
Resources	Resources
\$ 1,670,249	(1,993,240)
4,159,054	
7,164,167	
-	-
8,596,587	-
\$21,590,057	(1,993,240)
	Outflows of Resources \$ 1,670,249 4,159,054 7,164,167 - 8,596,587

# 7. Employee Retirement System - cont'd

Deferred pension outflows totaling \$8.6 million resulting from the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. The net deferred pension inflows totaling approximately \$1.9 million will be recognized in pension expense using the average expected remaining life of the Plan. The average expected remaining life of the Plan is determined by taking the calculated total future service years of the Plan divided by the number of people in the Plan including retirees. The total future service years of the Plan are estimated at 5.4 years at June 30, 2023 and are determined using the mortality, termination, retirement and disability assumptions associated with the Plan.

Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended	
June 30	Amount
2024	\$ 4,363,096
2025	(1,633,882)
2026	8,874,734
2027	(502,688)
2028	(101,030)
Total	\$ 11,000,230

Actuarial Assumptions:

The total pension liability was determined based on an actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2023 using the following actuarial assumptions:

- Actuarial Cost Method-Entry Age Normal
- Amortization Method—Level Percentage of Payroll
- Amortization Period-Amortization over an open 20-year period
- Asset Valuation Method—5-year smooth market
- Inflation-2.25 percent
- Salary Increases—Composed of 2.25 percent inflation, plus .75 percent productivity increase rate, plus step-rate promotional increases for members with less than 25 years of service
- Investment Rate of Return—7.00 percent, net of expenses and compounded annually
- Retirement Age—Experience-based table of rates based on age, service, and gender. Adopted by the Board in July 2020 in conjunction with the five-year experience study for the period ending June 30, 2019.

#### 7. Employee Retirement System - cont'd

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study, dated July 15, 2020, for the period July 1, 2014-June 30, 2019 and in conjunction with the five-year-experience study for the period ending June 30, 2019.

Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows, the pension plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were projected to be available to finance all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic expected real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2023, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	38.3%	4.6%
International Equity	16.7%	5.2%
Fixed Income	22.0%	1.8%
Real Estate *	10.0%	4.4%
Private Equity	8.0%	7.3%
Private Debt	5.0%	5.3%
Total	100.0%	

\* - The Real Estate total expected return is a combination of US Direct Real Estate (unlevered) and US Value added Real Estate (unlevered)

#### 7. Employee Retirement System - cont'd

#### **Discount Rate:**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.0 percent. The single discount rate was based solely on the expected investment rate of return on pension plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were projected to be available to finance all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate:

The following table presents the net pension liability of the District calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent, as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if OTRS calculated the total pension liability using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.0 percent) or 1-percentage point higher (8.0 percent) than the current rate:

	1	% Decrease (6.0%)	Irrent Discount Rate (7.0%)	1% Increase (8.0%)	_
District's net pension liability	\$	147,8967,997	\$ 102,377,120	\$ 64,717,572	

#### 8. Sanctioned Organizations

The following entities are separately constituted and, accordingly, their financial position and results of operations have not been presented in the accompanying financial statements. The board of education does not appoint officers. The board of education is not responsible for approving budgets, contracts, key personnel, fiscal matters or day-to-day operations of the entity.

Barnes Elementary PTA	Jarman MS Band Parents Assoc.	Del City HS Homerun Club
Cleveland Bailey PTSA	Jarman MS Cheerleaders	DC Tip-In-Club
Country Estates Elem. PTA	Jarman MS PTSA	Del City HS Quarterback Club Del City HS Midfielders Booster
Del City Elementary PTA	Kerr MS Band Parent Association	Club
East Side Elementary PTA	Kerr MS Cheer Booster Club	MCHS Boys Basketball Tip In Club
Epperly Heights Elem. PTA	Kerr MS PTSA	Del City HS Fastpitch
Highland Park Elementary PTA	Monroney MS Band Boosters	DCHS Swim Team Parents Assc.
Parkview Elementary PTA	Monroney MS Orchestra	DCHS Aires Patrons Organization
Pleasant Hill Elementary PTA	Monroney MS Cheer Booster Club	DCHS Orchestra Boosters
Ridgecrest Elementary PTA	Monroney MS PTA	Del City HS Volleyball Booster Club
Schwartz Elementary PTA	Carl Albert HS Band Boosters	Del City HS Take Down Club
Soldier Creek Elementary PTA	Carl Albert HS Homerun Club Carl Albert HS Basketball Tip In	MCHS Band Parents Association
Soldier Creek Natural Notes	Club	Midwest City HS Homerun Club
Parents Association	CAHS Cheerleader Parent Account	MCHS Girls BB Booster Club
Tinker Elementary PTA	Carl Albert HS Cross Country	Midwest City HS Boys Basketball
Townsend Elementary PTA Carl Albert MS Band Parents Club	Carl Albert HS Quarterback Club Carl Albert HS Pom Pon Booster Club	MCHS Cheer Parent Booster
CAMS Cheer Parent Assoc.		Midwest City HS Quarterback Club
	Carl Albert HS PTSA	MCHS Bomber Golf Boosters
Carl Albert MS Pom	CAHS Titans Soccer Boosters Carl Albert HS Softball Booster	Midwest City HS Pom Pon Squad
Carl Albert MS PTSA	Club	MCHS Soccer Booster Club
Carl Albert MS Swim	Carl Albert HS Swim Club	Midwest City HS Swim Club MCHS Lady Bomber Softball
Carl Albert MS Vocal Music	CAHS Vocal Music Booster Club Carl Albert HS Sideout Booster	Booster
Carl Albert MS Mat Club	Club	Midwest City HS Volleyball
Del Crest MS Bank Boosters	Carl Albert Orchestra Booster	MCHS Chorus Booster Club
Del Crest MS Orchestra	Carl Albert HS Track	Midwest City HS Bomber Mat Club
Del Crest MS Choral Booster	Carl Albert HS Takedown Club	Mid-Del Orchestra
Del Crest MS PTA	Del City HS Band Boosters	Mid-Del PTA Council

#### 9. Risk Management

The District administered a self-insurance workers' compensation fund for District employees until June 30, 2018. Currently, the District is now insured through Oklahoma Schools Assurance Group (OSAG). The self-insurance program was administered by an independent third-party and covers workers' compensation expenses for employees. In order to mitigate the risk associated with this program, the District has purchased individual "stop loss" insurance of \$1,000,000. The District made payments to the internal service fund based on estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims. As of the end of the fiscal year, it was determined that the liability for incurred claims approximately \$111,312. Changes in the claims liability were as follows:

Fiscal Year	Beginning Balance	Claims Incurred	Claims Paid	Ending Balance
2023-				
2024	\$ 145,933	-	(34,621)	\$ 111,312

The District purchases commercial insurance for all other types of risk including, but not limited to, property, casualty, vehicles, and employee life. Settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

The full amount of the claims liability at June 30, 2024 is expected to be paid during fiscal year 2024.

#### 10. Surety Bonds

The District has a Position Schedule Bond with Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America Bond #106118502, for the period of July 1, 2023 to June 30, 2024, covering the following positions/amounts:

Superintendent	\$100,000	Director of Accounting	\$ 25,000
Treasurer	350,000	Child Nutrition Director	25,000
Assistant Treasurer	350,000	Accounts Payable Clerk	25,000
Encumbrance Clerk	100,000	Child Nutrition Clerk	25,000
Payroll Clerk	100,000	Activity Clerk	25,000
Treasurer's Clerk	100,000	Deputy Minutes Clerk	25,000
Minutes Clerk	25,000		

#### 11. New/Adopted Pronouncements

The GASB has issued several new accounting pronouncements, which will be effective to the District in both the reported and subsequent years. A description of the new accounting pronouncements applicable to the District, the fiscal year in which they are effective, and the District's consideration of the impact of these pronouncements are described below:

#### Adopted: Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

**GASB issued Statement No. 100**, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections, issued June 2022. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections. The requirements of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2023. The District has considered the requirements of this statement in the 2024 fiscal year.

**GASB issued Statement No. 101**, Compensated Absences, issued June 2022. This Statement updates the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2023. The District has considered the requirements of this statement in the 2024 fiscal year.

#### Issued Not Yet Adopted:

GASB issued Statement No. 102, *Certain Risk Disclosures, issued December 2023*. This Statement establishes financial reporting requirements for risks related to vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations or constraints. The requirements of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2024. GASB No. 102 will be implemented in the District's fiscal year 2025 financial statements and the impact has not yet been determined.

#### 12. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through the date of the audit report, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued and have determined that no additional information needs to be added to the financial statements. **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** 

#### INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-52, OKLAHOMA COUNTY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 LAST 10 YEARS \*

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	As of June 30, 2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Proportion of the net pension liability	1.33%	1.44%	1.55%	1.67%	1.66%	1.66%	1.75%	1.65%	1.66%	1.65%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 102,377,120	\$ 118,201,138	\$ 79,290,697	\$ 158,626,216	\$ 109,967,540	\$100,183,700	\$115,630,011	\$ 137,373,683	\$ 100,913,059	\$ 88,880,852
Covered payroll	\$ 80,157,620	\$ 76,167,770	\$ 75,133,999	\$ 74,862,779	\$ 79,291,499	\$ 76,626,141	\$ 64,032,397	\$ 66,932,668	\$ 66,929,860	\$ 65,939,633
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as percentage of covered-employee payroll	127.72%	155.19%	105.53%	211.89%	138.69%	130.74%	180.58%	205.24%	150.77%	134.79%
Plan's fiduciary net position	\$ 82,780,302	\$ 88,851,124	\$ 98,834,732	\$ 115,008,081	\$ 98,095,686	\$ 96,697,773	\$ 108,410,195	\$ 100,706,830	\$110,226,600	\$101,021,665
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	80.86%	75.17%	124.65%	72.50%	89.20%	96.52%	93.76%	73.31%	109.23%	113.66%

#### Notes to schedule:

\* GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information is not available. During

this transition period, the information will be presented for as many years as are available.

# INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-52, OKLAHOMA COUNTY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	I	tatutorily Required ntribution	Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily Required Contribution	Contributions Deficiency (Excess)	District's Covered- Employee Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll
2024	\$	8,596,587	8,596,587	÷	80,157,620	10.72%
2023		7,813,965	7,813,965	-	76,167,770	10.26%
2022		7,814,149	7,814,149	;=;	75,133,999	10.40%
2021		7,747,150	7,747,150	-	74,862,779	10.35%
2020		8,131,088	8,131,088	-	79,291,499	10.25%
2019		7,892,184	7,892,184	-	76,626,141	10.30%
2018		6,777,253	6,777,253	-	65,819,885	10.30%
2017		6,648,486	6,648,486	-	64,032,397	10.38%
2016		6,993,055	6,993,055	-	66,932,668	10.36%
2015		6,934,426	6,934,426		66,929,860	10.37%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

The Districts' statutorily required contribution rate has changed over the prior 10 years as follows:

January 1, 2010 to present

9.50%

# INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-52, OKLAHOMA COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance
	Original	Final	(budgetary basis)	(final budget)
Revenues:	0			
Property tax	\$ 22,894,959	22,894,959	23,586,865	(691,906)
Interest	700,000	900,000	1,750,508	(850,508)
County	4,250,000	4,250,000	4,821,814	(571,814)
State	68,300,241	70,241,774	71,623,540	(1,381,766)
Federal	17,759,660	16,934,412	16,754,012	180,400
Local	327,469	327,469	308,594	18,875
Total revenues	114,232,329	115,548,614	118,845,333	(3,296,719)
Expenditures:				
Instruction	69,115,009	69,584,078	66,750,719	2,833,359
Support services	51,527,160	52,895,701	50,914,069	1,981,632
Non-instructional services	265,232	257,892	239,173	18,719
Other outlays	210,190	2,029,156	358,963	1,670,193
Total expenditures	121,117,591	124,766,827	118,262,924	6,503,903
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	(6.895.202)	(0.010.010)	582.400	(0.000.000)
(under) expenditures	(6,885,262)	(9,218,213)	582,409	(9,800,622)
Other financing sources (uses): Non-revenue receipts <b>Total other financing</b>	150,000	184,133	303,413	(119,280)
sources	150,000	184,133	303,413	(119,280)
Net change in fund				
balance	(6,735,262)	(9,034,080)	885,822	(9,919,902)
Fund balance, beginning of year	14,116,469	19,460,363	19,460,363	<u> </u>
Cash fund balance, end of year budgetary basis	\$ 7,381,207	10,426,283	20,346,185	(9,919,902)
Adjustments to conform with GAAP Inventory Receivables at year end			235,909	
less unavailable revenues			3,923,338	
Accounts payable at year end Fund balance, end of year -			(38,929)	
modified accrual basis			\$ 24,466,503	

# INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-52, OKLAHOMA COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUILDING FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance
	Original	Final	(budgetary basis)	(final budget)
Revenues:				
Property tax	\$ 3,279,544	3,387,128	3,367,553	19,575
State	150,000	150,000	2,735,734	(2,585,734)
Federal	350,000	82,916	256,092	(173,176)
Local	······································		786	(786)
Total revenues	3,779,544	3,620,044	6,360,165	(2,740,121)
Expenditures:				
Instruction		195,115		195,115
Support services	5,380,255	5,884,841	3,755,583	2,129,258
Capital outlays	159,745	127,718	13,000	114,718
Total expenditures	5,540,000	6,207,674	3,768,583	2,439,091
Net change in fund balance	(1,760,456)	(2,587,630)	2,591,582	5,179,212
bulunce	(1,700,400)	(2,007,000)	2,001,002	0,170,212
Fund balance, beginning of year	4,111,581	6,402,347	6,402,347	
Cash fund balance, end of year budgetary basis	\$ 2,351,125	3,814,717	8,993,929	5,179,212
Adjustments to conform with GAAP Inventory Receivables at year end			218,486	
less unavailable revenues			39,352	
Accounts payable at year end			(241,334)	
Fund balance, end of year - modified accrual basis			\$ 9,010,433	

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OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-52, OKLAHOMA COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

	Special Revenue Funds			
	Child Nutrition Fund	Custodial Funds	Casualty/ Insurance Fund	Total Other Governmental Funds
Assets		0.407.450	4 000 000	7 000 054
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,034,802	2,487,150	1,280,399	7,802,351
Receivables net of allowance for uncollectibles	16,595			16,595
Inventories	155,339	0 407 450	4 000 000	155,339
Total assets	4,206,736	2,487,150	1,280,399	7,974,285
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	66,420	21,310		87,730
Accrued wages	203,655			203,655
Total liabilities	270,075	21,310	<u> </u>	291,385
Fund Balances				
Nonspendable: Inventory	155 220			155 220
Restricted fund balances:	155,339			155,339
Custodial funds		2,465,840		2,465,840
Child nutrition	3,781,322	2,400,040		3,781,322
Assigned	0,701,022		1,280,399	1,280,399
Total fund balances	3,936,661	2,465,840	1,280,399	7,682,900
				1,002,000
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of				
resources, and fund balances	\$ 4,206,736	2,487,150	1,280,399	7,974,285

See Notes to Basic Financial Statements

# INDEPENENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-52, OKLAHOMA COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

	Special Reve	enue Funds		
				Total
	Child		Casualty/	Other
	Nutrition	Custodial	Insurance	Governmental
	Fund	Funds	Fund	Funds
Revenues:				
Interest	\$ 240,604	72,605		313,209
State	416,151	12,000		416,151
Federal	4,724,351	307,803		5,032,154
Local	684,907	3,120,751	4,477	3,810,135
Other	2,975	886,774	- 00	889,749
Total revenues	6,068,988	4,387,933	4,477	10,461,398
Expenditures:				
Instruction		707,274	664	707,938
Support services		1,857,575	82,433	1,940,008
Non-instruction services	5,853,472	669,602	02,100	6,523,074
Other outlays	2,975	1,162,041		1,165,016
Total expenditures	5,856,447	4,396,492	83,097	10,336,036
	·			
Net change in fund balances	212,541	(8,559)	(78,620)	125,362
Fund balance, beginning of year	3,724,120	2,474,399	1,359,019	7,557,538
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 3,936,661	2,465,840	1,280,399	7,682,900

See Notes to Basic Financial Statements

# INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-52, OKLAHOMA COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - DEBT SERVICE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Budgeted A	Amounts	Actual	Variance
	Original	Final	(budgetary basis)	(final budget)
Revenues:				
Property tax	\$ 16,831,275	17,116,367	17,015,450	100,917
Interest	3,500	16,820	39,500	(22,680)
State	1,000	1,000	1,380	(380)
Total revenues	16,835,775	17,134,187	17,056,330	77,857
Expenditures:				
Other outlays	10,000	10,000		10,000
Debt service	20,990,000	20,990,000	20,720,052	269,948
Total expenditures	21,000,000	21,000,000	20,720,052	279,948
Excess (deficiency) of				
revenues over				
(under) expenditures	(4,164,225)	(3,865,813)	(3,663,722)	(202,091)
2° 3 74		······································	2 2 2 2	
Other financing sources,				
bond premium	250,000	541,172	614,958	(73,786)
Net change in fund				
balance	(3,914,225)	(3,324,641)	(3,048,764)	(275,877)
Fund balance, beginning of year	4,637,576	4,459,624	4,459,624	
	4,007,070	4,400,024	4,400,024	
Cash fund balance, end of year				
budgetary basis	\$ 723,351	1,134,983	1,410,860	(275,877)
Adjustments to conform with GAAP Receivables at year end				
less unavailable revenues			198,928	
Fund balance, end of year -				
modified accrual basis			\$ 1,609,788	

# INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-52, OKLAHOMA COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - CHILD NUTRITION FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance
	Original	Final	(budgetary basis)	(final budget)
Revenues:				
Interest	\$ 90,000	120,000	240,543	(120,543)
State	401,253	426,743	416,151	10,592
Federal	4,171,381	4,468,684	4,757,307	(288,623)
Local	732,722	732,722	680,395	52,327
Total revenues	5,395,356	5,748,149	6,094,396	(346,247)
Expenditures:				
Non-instructional services	6,634,894	6,624,484	5,752,937	871,547
Other outlays	3,465	13,875	2,975	10,900
Total expenditures	6,638,359	6,638,359	5,755,912	882,447
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
(under) expenditures	(1,243,003)	(890,210)	338,484	(1,228,694)
Other financing sources (uses): Cash or change	3,065	2,975	2,975	-
Total other financing	204 (1495)993			
sources	3,065	2,975	2,975	······································
Net change in fund balance	(1,239,938)	(887,235)	341,459	(1,228,694)
Fund balance, beginning of year	2,285,601	3,489,688	3,489,688	
Cash fund balance, end of year budgetary basis	\$ 1,045,663	2,602,453	3,831,147	(1,228,694)
Adjustments to conform with GAAP Inventory Receivables at year end Accounts payable at year end Fund balance, end of year - <i>modified accrual basis</i>			155,339 16,595 (66,420) \$ 3,936,661	

# INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-52, OKLAHOMA COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - TECH CENTER YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Variance	
	Original	Final	(budgetary basis)	(final budget)	
Revenues:					
Interest	\$ 300,000	400,000	609,120	(209,120)	
State	2,377,909	2,494,942	2,440,694	54,248	
Federal	212,333	212,333	203,999	8,334	
Local	4,757,011	4,808,423	5,525,994	(717,571)	
Total revenues	7,647,253	7,915,698	8,779,807	(864,109)	
Expenditures:					
Instruction	3,986,139	3,788,411	3,522,860	265,551	
Support services	5,552,592	5,095,530	4,438,312	657,218	
Capital outlays	0,002,002	673,337	673,337		
Other outlays		7,754	4	7,750	
Total expenditures	9,538,731	9,565,032	8,634,513	930,519	
Net change in fund					
balance	(1,891,478)	(1,649,334)	145,294	(1,794,628)	
Fund balance, beginning of year	9,117,960	9,041,889	9,041,889	÷	
Cash fund balance, end of year budgetary basis	\$ 7,226,482	7,392,555	9,187,183	(1,794,628)	
Adjustments to conform with GAAP Receivables at year end Accounts payable at year end Fund balance, end of year - <i>modified accrual basis</i>			575,426 (110,107) \$ 9,652,502		

# INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-52, OKLAHOMA COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - TECH CENTER BUILDING FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Budgeted		Actual	Variance
	Original	Final	(budgetary basis)	(final budget)
Revenues:				
Local	\$ 1,870,000	1,870,000	2,036,066	(166,066)
Total revenues	1,870,000	1,870,000	2,036,066	(166,066)
Expenditures:				
Support services	440,000	440,000	78,951	361,049
Capital outlays	1,700,000	1,700,000	468,463	1,231,537
Total expenditures	2,140,000	2,140,000	547,414	1,592,586
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Net change in fund				
balance	(270,000)	(270,000)	1,488,652	(1,758,652)
For the large the incidence former	0.007.100	10 001 705	40 004 705	
Fund balance, beginning of year	9,987,128	10,291,725	10,291,725	
Cash fund balance, end of year				
budgetary basis	\$ 9,717,128	10,021,725	11,780,377	(1,758,652)
Adjustments to conform with GAAP				
Receivables at year end			262,365	
Accounts payable at year end			(30,597)	
Fund balance, end of year -				
modified accrual basis			\$ 12,012,145	

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# **COMPLIANCE SECTION**

#### INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-52, OKLAHOMA COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Federal	Pass-through Grantor's	Program	Beginning	-		Ending
Federal Grantor/Pass Through	Award Listing	Project	or Award	Balance	Revenue	Total	Balance
Grantor/Program Title	Number	Number	Amount	7/1/2023	Collected	Expenditures	6/30/2024
U.S. Department of Education							
Direct Programs:	da -			¥			
Title VII Impact Aid							
Title VII Impact Aid - BF	84.041	591	\$ 683,001	426,909	256,092	683,001	
Title VII Impact Aid - GF	84.041	591	3,484		3,484	3,484	
Title VII Impact Aid - GF	84.041	592	86,716	75,339	11,377	14,693	72,023
Subtotal - Title VII Impact Aid			773,201	502,248	270,953	701,178	72,023
Title VI-Part A, Indian Education	84.060	561	228,400		179,388	228,400	(49,012)
Title VI-Part A, Indian Education 2022-23	84.060	799		(45,459)	45,459		Carola Sana Sana
Pell Grant Program	84.063	474	307,803		307,803	307,803	
Subtotal - Direct Programs			1,309,404	456,789	803,603	1,237,381	23,011
Passed Through State Department of Education:							
* Title I Cluster:							
Title I-Part A, Improving Basic Programs	84.010	511	4,844,824		3,742,115	4,489,889	(747,774)
Title I-Part A, Improving Basic Programs 2022-23	84.010	799		(893,801)	893,801		a
Title I-School Improvement	84.010	515	699,690		382,917	468,144	(85,227)
Title I-School Improvement 2022-23	84.010	799		(64,767)	64,767		
Title I-Part A, Neglected 2022-23	84.013	799		(9,748)	9,748		
Subtotal - Title I Program (Cluster)			5,544,514	(968,316)	5,093,348	4,958,033	(833,001)
Title II Cluster:							
Title II-Part A, Teacher & Principal Training	84.367	541	1,124,190		631,775	703,227	(71,452)
Title II-Part A 2022-23	84.367	799		(151,549)	151,549		
Title IV-SSAE Grant	84.424A	552	326,324		326,324	326,324	
Subtotal - Title II Program (Cluster)	04.005	670	1,450,514	(151,549)	1,109,648	1,029,551	(71,452)
Title III-Part A, ELA	84.365	572	60,065		47,869	53,646	(5,777)
Title IX-Part A, Homeless	84.196	596	80,780	(10, 100)	40,521	54,038	(13,517)
Title IX-Part A, Homeless 2022-23 CDC Covid Prevention Grant 2022-23	84.196 93.323	799 799	¢	(10,199)	10,199		
CDC Covid Prevention Grant 2022-25	93.323	199	\$ -	(8,843)	8,843		

#### INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-52, OKLAHOMA COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		Pass-through	Ę					
	Federal	Grantor's		rogram	Beginning			Ending
Federal Grantor/Pass Through	Award Listing	Project	01	r Award	Balance	Revenue	Total	Balance
Grantor/Program Title	Number	Number	I	Amount	7/1/2023	Collected	Expenditures	6/30/2024
* Education Stabilization Funds (Covid19)								
Counselor Grant (Covid19)	84.425U	722	\$	62,036		47,063	62,020	(14,957)
Counselor Grant (Covid19) 2022-23	84.425U	799			(30,433)	30,433		
ARP/ESSER III Student Teacher Stipend (Covid19)	84.425U	725		12,243	116	12,243	12,163	196
ARP/ESSER Science of Reading (Covid19)	84.425U	726		1,938	12	1,938	1,929	21
High Dosage Literacy Tutoring (Covid19)	84.425U	717		51,324		23,796	32,914	(9,118)
ESSER II (Covid19) 2022-23	84.425D	799			(76,820)	76,820	5993 ( <b>1</b> 995 ( 13 - 50	1 N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N
ARP/ESSER III (Covid19)	84.425U	795	7	7,234,642	(	4,114,710	5,281,309	(1,166,599)
ARP/ESSER III (Covid19) 2022-23	84.425U	799			(1,200,709)	1,200,709		A DESCRIPTION OF A
ARP/ESSER III Homeless I (Covid19)	84.425U	796		66,429		50,681	65,297	(14,616)
ARP/ESSER III Homeless I (Covid19) 2022-23	84.425U	799			(1,858)	1,858		A 11 400 11 2 4
ARP/ESSER III Homeless II (Covid19)	84.425U	797		38,448		32,113	37,782	(5,669)
ARP/ESSER III Homeless II (Covid19) 2022-23	84.425U	799			(5,816)	5,816		
Subtotal - Education Stabilization Funds (Covid19)			7	7,467,060	(1,315,508)	5,598,180	5,493,414	(1,210,742)
Special Education Cluster:					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			·
IDEA-B Discretionary	84.027	613		3,385		1,760	1,760	
IDEA-B Discretionary	84.027	615		13,121		5,646	6,411	(765)
IDEA-B Discretionary 2022-23	84.027	799			(313)	313		
IDEA-B Transition Development	84.027	618		21,464		21,399	21,399	
IDEA-B Flowthrough	84.027	621	E	5,072,814		3,135,891	4,263,700	(1,127,809)
IDEA-B Flowthrough 2022-23	84.027	799			(9,972)	9,972		
IDEA-B Flowthrough Private School	84.027	625		44,617		1,053	1,053	
ARP/IDEA-B Flowthrough	84.027X	628		176,035		176,035	176,035	
ARP/IDEA-B Flowthrough 2022-23	84.027X	799			(295,124)	295,124		
IDEA-B Preschool	84.173	641		86,305		55,235	73,576	(18,341)
IDEA-B Preschool 2022-23	84.173	799			(16,582)	16,582		
Subtotal - Special Education Program (Cluster)				5,417,741	(321,991)	3,719,010	4,543,934	(1,146,915)
Subtotal - Passed Through State Dept of Education			20	0,020,674	(2,776,406)	15,627,618	16,132,616	(3,281,404)
Passed Through State Department of Career								
and Technology Education:								
Carl Perkins Programs:								
Carl Perkins Grant - GF	84.048	421		214,679		73,712	97,947	(24,235)
Carl Perkins Grant - GF 2022-23	84.048	799		211,010	(25,214)	25,214	01,041	(24,200)
Carl Perkins Grant - Tech	84.048	421	\$	96,359	(	78,169	96,359	(18,190)

#### INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-52, OKLAHOMA COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Federal	Pass-through Grantor's	Program	Beginning			Ending
Federal Grantor/Pass Through	Award Listing	Project	or Award	Balance	Revenue	Total	Balance
Grantor/Program Title	Number	Number	Amount	7/1/2023	Collected	Expenditures	6/30/2024
Carl Perkins Grant - Tech 2022-23	84.048	799	\$ -	(50,820)	50,820		
Tech Centers that Work	84.048	429	15,000	1	9,845	12,605	(2,760)
Tech Centers that Work 2022-23	84.048	799		(6,353)	6,353	12,000	(=,100)
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families 2022-23	93.558	799		(57,788)	57,788		
Subtotal - Passed Through State Dept of Career & Tech Ed	00.000	,00	326,038	(140,175)	301,901	206,911	(45,185)
U.S. Department of Agriculture:							
Passed Through State Department of Education:							
Local Food for Schools Program	10.185	757			4,714	4,714	
Child Nutrition Cluster:							
Cash Assistance:	COLDERWICE CONTRACTOR				140100-1010-1010-1011		
Supply Chain Assistance	10.555	759			297,303	297,303	
National School Lunch Program	10.555	763		3,218,119	3,377,955	2,859,739	3,736,335
School Breakfast Program	10.553	764		33,571	1,033,811	1,067,382	07.050
Summer Food Program	10.559	766		49,338	43,524	5,006	87,856
Cash Assistance Subtotal				3,301,028	4,752,593	4,229,430	3,824,191
Passed Through State Department of Human Services: Non-cash Assistance (Commodities)	10.555	N/A			440,423	440,423	
Subtotal - Child Nutrition Program (Cluster)	10.000	IN/A		3,301,028	5,193,016	4,669,853	3,824,191
Subtotal - Child Nutrition Program (Cluster)					3,193,010	4,009,000	3,024,191
U.S. Department of Defense:							
Direct Programs:							
JROTC Program:							
JROTC - Air Force	12.401	774	81,723		81,723	81,723	
JROTC - Air Force	12.401	775	83,930		83,930	83,930	
JROTC - Air Force	12.401	799		(22,069)	22,069		
Subtotal - U.S. Department of Defense			165,653	(22,069)	187,722	165,653	·
Other Federal Assistance:							
Johnson O'Malley	15.130	563	28,463	57,285	2,768	28,463	31,590
FEMA Reimb. Prior Years	97.036	799		(278,441)	278,441		a 1976 a 1
OJT-Rehabilitation Services	84.126	456	8,165	(798)	8,165	7,679	(312)
Subtotal - Other Federal Assistance			36,628	(221,954)	289,374	36,142	31,278
Total Federal Assistance			\$ 21,858,397	597,213	22,407,948	22,453,270	551,891

\* Major federal programs

# INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-52, OKLAHOMA COUNTY NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

# 1. General

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards presents the activity of all federal award programs of Midwest City-Del City School District (the District). The District reporting entity is defined in the notes to the District's basic financial statements. All federal awards received directly from federal agencies as well as federal awards passed through from other government agencies are included on the schedule. There were no amounts passed to subrecipients.

#### 2. Basis of Accounting

The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of *Title 2* U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Expenditures are reported on the regulatory basis of accounting, as prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education, which is considered an other comprehensive basis of accounting. Therefore, some material presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements. The District has also elected to not use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

#### 3. Non-cash Federal Awards

The District receives food commodities from the U.S. Department of Agriculture for use in its foodservice program. The commodities, in the amount of \$440,423 are recognized as revenue when received and are reported at fair market value.

#### 4. Prior Year Reimbursements

These amounts represent reimbursements for prior year expenditures which were not received until the current fiscal year.



JENKINS & KEMPER CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, P.C.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Board of Education Midwest City-Del City School District Midwest City, OK 73110

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Midwest City-Del City School District No. I-52, Midwest City, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 8, 2025. This report was unqualified with respect to the presentation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

### **Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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116 WEST BRECKENRIDGE AVE, BIXBY, OK 74008 PHONE: 918.366.4440 FAX: 918.366.4443 WWW.JENKINSKEMPER.COM

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of This Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Jenkins & Kumper, UPAS P.C.

Jenkins & Kemper Certified Public Accountants, P.C.

January 8, 2025



## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

The Honorable Board of Education Midwest City-Del City School District No. I-52 Midwest City, Oklahoma 73110

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

#### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

We have audited the Midwest City-Del City School District No. I-52, Midwest City, Oklahoma's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Midwest City-Del City School District No. I-52, Midwest City, Oklahoma complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (The Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Midwest City-Del City School District No. I-52, Midwest City, Oklahoma and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit évidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### **Responsibilities of Management for Compliance**

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment

- 72 -116 West Breckenridge Ave. Bixby, OK 74008 Phone: 918.366.4440 Fax: 918.366.4443 www.jenkinskemper.com made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit
  procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the
  District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as
  we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in
  accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
  District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control* over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program deficiency in *internal control over compliance* is a deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Jenkons & Kumper, CPAS P.C.

Jenkins & Kemper Certified Public Accountants, P.C.

January 8, 2025

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## INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-52, OKLAHOMA COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS JULY 1, 2023 TO JUNE 30, 2024

## Summary of Auditor's Results

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unqualified opinion on the basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.
- 2. No significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the financial statements are reported in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the District were reported during the audit.
- 4. No significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the major federal award programs are reported in the "Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Uniform Guidance"
- 5. An unqualified opinion report was issued on the compliance of major federal award programs.
- 6. The audit disclosed no audit findings and questioned costs, which are required to be reported under OMB Uniform Guidance.
- 7. Identification of Major Programs: Education Stabilization Fund (84.425D,84.425U) and Title I (84.010,84.013) programs, which were each clustered in the determination.
- 8. The dollar threshold used to determine between Type A and Type B programs was \$750,000.
- 9. The District did qualify to be a low-risk auditee.

## Findings - Financial Statement Audit

None

## Findings and Questioned Costs - Major Federal Award Programs Audit

None

## INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-52, OKLAHOMA COUNTY DISPOSITION OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS JULY 1, 2021 TO JUNE 30, 2024

## Findings Related to the Financial Statement Audit:

There were no prior year findings.

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## **INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-52, OKLAHOMA COUNTY** SCHEDULE OF ACCOUNTANT'S PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY INSURANCE AFFIDAVIT JULY 1, 2023 TO JUNE 30, 2024

State of Oklahoma ) County of Tulsa

)

The undersigned auditing firm representative of lawful age, being first duly sworn on oath, says that said firm had in full force and effect Accountant's Professional Liability Insurance in accordance with the "Oklahoma Public School Audit Law" at the time of audit contract and during the entire audit engagement with Midwest City-Del City School District for the audit year 2023-2024.

> Jenkins & Kemper, CPAs, P.C. AUDITING FIRM BY AUTHORIZED AGENT

Subscribed and sworn to before me on this 3th day of, January, 2025

NOTARY PUBLIC



## Mr. Brent Haken, State Director Oklahoma Department of Career and Technology Education 1500 W. 7<sup>th</sup> Avenue, Stillwater, OK 74074

#### AUDIT ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

## Mid-Del Technology Center No. 52 Oklahoma County, Oklahoma Audit Year July 1, 2023 through June 30, 2024

The annual independent audit for the <u>Mid-Del Technology Center</u>, was presented to the Board of (District Name) Education in an open board meeting on <u>January 13</u>, <u>ADA55</u>, by <u>Jenkins & Kemper, CPAs, P.C.</u> (Independent Auditor)

The School Board acknowledges that as the governing body of the district responsible for the district's financial and compliance operations. The audit findings and exceptions have been presented to them.

A copy of the audit, including this acknowledgement form, will be sent to the Oklahoma Department of Career and Technology Education, and the State Auditor and Inspector within 30 days from its presentation to the district school board.

In accordance with administrative rule 780 O.A.C. 15-3-4(k), the Department shall be responsible for ensuring that audits are performed by independent auditors in a timely manner and are in accordance with applicable OMB circulars and guidance.

X Te Ro Education Vice President Board of Bo/ard Education Member of

Board of Education President

Board of Education Member

K ADSENT Board of Education Member

Board of Education Member

Board of Education Member

Subscribed and sworn to me this 13 day of Janu My commission expires on MARINI the 19 day of Opril 2026. Hand Rerkins 2005485 Notary Public

		A٨	Audit Acknowledgement
NA.	Education		Audit Year: 2023-2024
District Name	Midwest City-Dell City Public	School Dist	rict Number 1-52
County Name	Oklahoma		County Code 55
The annual independent audit was presented to the Board of Education in a meeting conducted in			
accordance with the Open Meeting Act 25 O.S. Section 301-314 on January 13, 2025.			
The audit was p	presented by Jenkins & Kempe	er, CPAs P.C.	Jack / Jenter
	(Independent A	Auditor)	(Independent Auditor's Signature)
The School Board acknowledges that as the governing body of the district, responsible for the district's financial and compliance operations, the audit findings and exceptions have been presented to them.			
A copy of the Education and 70 O.S. § 22-1	audit, including this acknowledge the State Auditor and Inspector wi .08:	ment form, will be thin <u>30 days</u> from	sent to the State Board of its presentation, as stated in
related f	strict board of education shall forwa inancial statements to the State Boa or within thirty (30) days after receip	ard of Education an	
Signature of the	Board of Education:		
Superintendent Superintendent Board of Educa	tion President		lt
		Board of Educ	ation Member
Jande	Worn before me on <u>January</u> I <u>Derkins</u> Notary Public)	PERK	Commission expires <u>4/19/36</u> Updated 7/2024

EXHIBIT B

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE AGREEMENT

#### **CONTINUING DISCLOSURE AGREEMENT**

This Continuing Disclosure Agreement dated as of July 1, 2025 (this "Disclosure Agreement"), is executed and delivered by Independent School District No. 52, Oklahoma County, Oklahoma (the "Issuer") in connection with the Issuer's issuance of its General Obligation Combined Purpose Bonds, Series 2025 (the "Combined Purpose Bonds") and its General Obligation Building Bonds, Federally Taxable Series 2025 (the "Building Bonds") (collectively, the "Bonds" or the "2025 Bonds"). The Bonds are being issued pursuant to resolutions dated as of May 12, 2025 (the "**Resolutions**"). The Issuer is an "obligated person" with respect to the Bonds for the purposes of the Rule, hereinafter defined, hereby covenants and agrees as follows:

Section 1. Purpose of the Disclosure Agreement. This Disclosure Agreement is being executed and delivered by the Issuer for the benefit of the Holders and Beneficial Owners of the Bonds and in order to assist each Participating Underwriter in complying with paragraph (b)(5) of the hereinafter-described Rule promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission"). The Issuer represents that it is the only "obligated person" (as defined in the Rule) with respect to the Bonds at the time the Bonds are delivered to each Participating Underwriter and that no other person presently is expected to become an obligated person with respect to the Bonds at any time after the issuance of the Bonds.

Section 2. Definitions. In addition to the definitions set forth in the Resolutions, which apply to any capitalized term used in this Disclosure Agreement unless otherwise defined in this Section, the following capitalized terms shall have the following meanings:

"Annual Report" shall mean any Annual Report provided by the Issuer pursuant to, and as described in, Sections 3 and 4 of this Disclosure Agreement.

*"Audited Financial Statements"* shall mean the Issuer's annual financial statements, prepared on a prescribed basis of accounting that demonstrates compliance with the laws of the State of Oklahoma, which financial statements shall have been audited by such auditor as shall be then required or permitted by the laws of the State.

*"Beneficial Owner"* shall mean any person which (a) has the power, directly or indirectly, to vote or consent with respect to, or to dispose of ownership of, any Bonds (including persons holding Bonds through nominees, depositories or other intermediaries), or (b) is treated as the owner of any Bonds for federal income tax purposes.

"Disclosure Representative" shall mean the Chief Financial Officer of the Issuer or his or her designee, or such other officer or employee as the Issuer shall designate from time to time.

"Dissemination Agent" shall mean the Issuer, or any successor Dissemination Agent designated in writing by the Issuer and which has filed with the Issuer a written acceptance of such designation.

"*EMMA*" shall mean the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board's Electronic Municipal Market Access system.

"*Financial Obligation*" means a (i) debt obligation; (ii) derivative instrument entered into in connection with, or pledged as security or a source of payment for, an existing or planned debt obligation; or (iii) guarantee of (i) or (ii). The term Financial Obligation shall not include municipal securities as to which a final official statement has been provided to the MSRB consistent with the Rule.

"Material Event" shall mean any of the events listed in Exhibit B to this Disclosure Agreement.

"Material Event Notice" means notice of a Material Event in Prescribed Form.

"*Material*" with respect to information, means information as to which a substantial likelihood exists that a reasonably prudent investor would attach importance thereto in deciding to buy or sell a Bond or, if not disclosed, would significantly alter the total information otherwise available to an investor from the offering document related to the Bonds, information disclosed hereunder, or information generally available to the public. Notwithstanding the foregoing, "Material" information includes information that would be deemed "material" for purposes of the purchase or sale of a Bond within the meaning of applicable federal securities laws, as interpreted at the time of discovery of the information.

*"MSRB"* means the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board or any other entity designated or authorized by the Commission to receive reports pursuant to the Rule. Until otherwise designated by the MSRB or the Commission, filings with the MSRB are to be made through the EMMA website of the MSRB, currently located at http://emma.msrb.org.

"Official Statement" means the "final official statement," as defined in the paragraph (f)(3) of the Rule, relating to the Bonds.

"*Participating Underwriter*" shall mean any of the original underwriters of the Bonds required to comply with the Rule in connection with offering of the Bonds.

"Prescribed Form" means, with regard to the filing of Annual Financial Information, Audited Financial Statements and notices of Material Events with the MSRB at www.emma.msrb.org (or such other address or addresses as the MSRB may from time to time specify), such electronic format, accompanied by such identifying information, as shall have been prescribed by the MSRB and which shall be in effect on the date of filing of such information.

*"Rule"* means Rule 15c2-12 promulgated by the Commission under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (17 CFR Part 240, §240.15c2-12), as in effect on the date of this Disclosure Agreement, including any official interpretations thereof.

"State" shall mean the State of Oklahoma.

#### Section 3. Provision of Annual Reports.

(a) The Issuer shall, or shall cause the Dissemination Agent to, not later than 10 business days after such information becomes available, and not later than nine months after the end of the Issuer's fiscal year (presently July 1 through June 30), commencing with the report for the 2025 Fiscal Year, provide to the MSRB in Prescribed Form the Annual Report which is consistent with the requirements of Section 4 of this Disclosure Agreement. The Annual Report may be submitted as a single document or as separate documents comprising a package, and may include by reference other information as provided in Section 4 of this Disclosure Agreement; *provided* that the Audited Financial Statements of the Issuer may be submitted separately from the balance of the Annual Report and later than the date required above for the filing of the Annual Report if they are not available by that date but within 10 business days after they become available. If the Issuer's fiscal year changes, it shall give notice of such change in the same manner as for a Material Event under Section 5.

(b) If the Issuer is unable to provide to the MSRB an Annual Report by the date required in the first sentence of subsection (a), the Issuer shall send a notice to the MSRB in a timely manner in substantially the form attached as Exhibit C.

(c) If other than the Issuer, the Dissemination Agent shall file a report with the Issuer certifying that the Annual Report has been provided pursuant to this Disclosure Certificate.

Section 4. Content of Annual Reports. The Issuer's Annual Report shall contain or include by reference the following:

(a) Annual Audited Financial Statements of the Issuer and an annual update of the financial information and operating data of the Issuer identified in Exhibit A hereto provided, however, that to the extent all or portions of such financial information and operating data are included in the Issuer's Audited Financial Statements, such information need not be separately provided, but the Issuer shall file, or shall cause the Dissemination Agent to file, a notice to such effect to accompany the Audited Financial Statements. When any such financial information and operating data can no longer can be generated because the operations to which it related have been materially changed or discontinued, a statement to that effect shall be provided in lieu of such information. Any annual financial and operating data containing modified financial information or operating data shall explain, in narrative form, the reasons for the modification and the impact of the modification on the type of financial information or operating data being provided.

(b) The Audited Financial Statements of the Issuer for the prior fiscal year shall be prepared on a regulatory basis as prescribed by the Oklahoma Department of Education provided, however, that the Issuer may from time to time, if required by federal or State legal requirements, modify the basis upon which its Audited Financial Statements are prepared. Notice of any such modification shall be provided to the MSRB, and shall include a reference to the specific federal or State law or regulation describing such accounting basis. If the Issuer's Audited Financial Statements are not available by the time the Annual Report is required to be filed pursuant to Section 3(a), the Annual Report shall contain the Issuer's unaudited financial Statements in a format similar to the Audited Financial Statements, and the Audited Financial Statements shall be filed in the same manner as the Annual Report within 10 business days of when they become available.

The Issuer is required to deliver the Annual Report in Prescribed Form and by such time so that such entities receive the information by the dates specified.

Any or all of the items listed above may be included by specific reference to other documents, including official statements of debt issues of the Issuer or related public entities, which have been submitted to the MSRB. If the document included by reference is a final official statement, it must be available from the MSRB. The Issuer shall clearly identify each such other document so included by reference.

Section 5. Disclosure of Material Events. Whenever the Issuer obtains knowledge of the occurrence of a Material Event, the Issuer shall file a Material Event Notice of the occurrence of such Material Event in Prescribed Form with the MSRB within 10 business days of the occurrence of the applicable event. Notwithstanding the foregoing, notice of optional or unscheduled redemption of any Bonds need not be given under this Disclosure Agreement any earlier than the notice (if any) of such redemption or defeasance is given to the owners of the Bonds pursuant to the Resolutions.

Section 6. Duty To Update EMMA/MSRB. The Issuer shall determine, in the manner it deems appropriate, whether there has occurred a change in the MSRB's e-mail address or filing procedures and requirements under EMMA each time it is required to file information with the MSRB.

Section 7. Termination of Reporting Obligation. The Issuer's obligations under this Disclosure Agreement shall terminate upon the legal defeasance, prior redemption or payment in full of all of the Bonds. If such termination occurs prior to the final maturity of the Bonds, the Issuer shall give notice of such termination in the same manner as for a Material Event Notice under Section 5.

Section 8. Dissemination Agent. The Issuer may, from time to time, appoint or engage a Dissemination Agent to assist it in carrying out its obligations under this Disclosure Agreement, and may discharge any such Agent, with or without appointing a successor Dissemination Agent. The Dissemination Agent shall not be responsible in any manner for the content of any notice or report prepared by the Issuer pursuant to this Disclosure Agreement.

Section 9. Amendment; Waiver. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Disclosure Agreement, the Issuer may amend this Disclosure Agreement, and any provision of this Disclosure Agreement may be waived, provided that the following conditions are satisfied:

(a) If the amendment or waiver relates to the provisions of Sections 3(a), 4, or 5, it may only be made in connection with a change in circumstances that arises from a change in legal requirements, change in law, or change in the identity, nature or status of an obligated person with respect to the Bonds, or the type of business conducted;

(b) The undertaking, as amended or taking into account such waiver, would, in the opinion of nationally recognized bond counsel, have complied with the requirements of the Rule at the time of the original issuance of the Bonds, after taking into account any amendments or interpretations of the Rule, as well as any change in circumstances; and

(c) The amendment or waiver either (i) is approved by the Holders of the Bonds in the same manner as provided in the Resolutions for amendments to the Resolutions with the consent of Holders, or (ii) does not, in the opinion of nationally recognized bond counsel, materially impair the interests of the Holders or Beneficial Owners of the Bonds.

In the event of any amendment or waiver of a provision of this Disclosure Agreement, the Issuer shall describe such amendment in the next Annual Report, and shall include, as applicable, a narrative explanation of the reason for the amendment or waiver and its impact on the type (or, in the case of a change of accounting principles, on the presentation) of financial information or operating data being presented by the Issuer. In addition, if the amendment relates to the accounting principles to be followed in preparing financial statements, (i) notice of such change shall be given in the same manner as for a Material Event Notice under Section 5, and (ii) the Annual Report for the year in which the change is made should present a comparison (in narrative form and also, if feasible, in quantitative form) between the financial statements as prepared on the basis of the new accounting principles and those prepared on the basis of the former accounting principles.

Section 10. Additional Information. Nothing in this Disclosure Agreement shall be deemed to prevent the Issuer from disseminating any other information, using the means of dissemination set forth in this Disclosure Agreement or any other means of communication, or including any other information in any Annual Report or Material Event Notice, in addition to that which is required by this Disclosure Agreement. If the Issuer chooses to include any information in any Annual Report or Material Event Notice in addition to that which is specifically required by this Disclosure Agreement, the Issuer shall

have no obligation under this Disclosure Agreement to update such information or include it in any future Annual Report or Material Event Notice.

Section 11. Default. In the event of a failure of the Issuer to comply with any provision of this Disclosure Agreement, any Holder or Beneficial Owner of the Bonds may take such actions as may be necessary and appropriate, including seeking mandamus or specific performance by court order, to cause the Issuer to comply with its obligations under this Disclosure Agreement. A default under this Disclosure Agreement shall not be deemed an Event of Default under the Resolutions, and the sole remedy under this Disclosure Agreement in the event of any failure of the Issuer to comply with this Disclosure Agreement shall be an action to compel performance.

Section 12. Duties, Immunities and Liabilities of Dissemination Agent. The Resolutions are hereby made applicable to this Disclosure Agreement as if this Disclosure Agreement were (solely for this purpose) contained in the Resolutions. The Dissemination Agent shall have only such duties as are specifically set forth in this Disclosure Agreement, and the Issuer agrees, to the extent permitted under Oklahoma law, to indemnify and save the Dissemination Agent, its officers, directors, employees and agents, harmless against any loss, expense and liabilities which it may incur arising out of or in the exercise or performance of its powers and duties hereunder, including the costs and expenses (including attorneys fees) of defending against any claim of liability, but excluding liabilities due to the Dissemination Agent's gross negligence or willful misconduct. The obligations of the Issuer under this Section shall survive resignation or removal of the Dissemination Agent.

Section 13. Notices and Requests for Additional Information. Any notices or communications to the Issuer under this Disclosure Agreement may be given as follows: Independent School District No. 52, Oklahoma County, Oklahoma, Attention: Chief Financial Officer, Telephone: 405-737-4461.

Section 14. Beneficiaries. This Disclosure Agreement shall inure solely to the benefit of the Issuer, the Dissemination Agent, each Participating Underwriter and Holders and Beneficial Owners from time to time of the Bonds, and shall create no rights in any other person or entity.

Section 15. Recordkeeping. The Issuer shall maintain records of all filings of Annual Reports and Material Event Notices, including the content of such disclosure, the names of the entities with whom such disclosure was filed and the date of filing such disclosure.

Section 16. Assignment. The Issuer shall not transfer its obligations under this Disclosure Certificate unless the transferee agrees to assume all obligations of the Issuer hereunder or to execute a continuing disclosure undertaking under the Rule.

**Section 17. Counterparts**. This Disclosure Agreement may be executed in several counterparts, each of which shall be an original and all of which shall constitute but one and the same instrument.

# INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 52, OKLAHOMA COUNTY, OKLAHOMA

By:\_\_\_\_\_

President, Board of Education

[Signature Page to Continuing Disclosure Agreement]

## EXHIBIT A

## DESCRIPTION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION AND OPERATING DATA

The information under the Heading "Financial Information"

Appendix A – Audited Financial Statements.

#### EXHIBIT B

## EVENTS WITH RESPECT TO THE BONDS FOR WHICH MATERIAL EVENT NOTICES ARE REQUIRED

- 1. Principal and interest payment delinquencies.
- 2. Nonpayment-related defaults, if material.
- 3. Unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties.
- 4. Unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties.
- 5. Substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform.
- 6. Adverse tax opinions, the issuance by the Internal Revenue Service of proposed or final determinations of taxability, Notices of Proposed Issue (IRS Form 5701-TEB) or other material notices or determinations with respect to the tax status of the security, or other material events affecting the tax status of the security.
- 7. Modifications to rights of security holders, if material.
- 8. Bond calls, if Material, and tender offers
- 9. Defeasances.
- 10. Release, substitution or sale of property securing repayment of the securities, if material.
- 11. Rating changes.
- 12. Bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or similar event of the Issuer<sup>†</sup>.
- 13. The consummation of a merger, consolidation or acquisition involving the Issuer or the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the Issuer, other than in the ordinary course of business, the entry into a definitive agreement to undertake such an action or the termination of a definitive agreement relating to any such actions, other than pursuant to its terms, if material.
- 14. Appointment of a successor or additional trustee/paying agent or the change of name of a trustee/paying agent, if material.
- 15. The incurrence of a financial obligation of the obligated person, if material, or an agreement to covenants, events of default, remedies, priority rights, or other similar terms of a financial obligation of the obligated person, any of which affect security holders, if material.
- 16. A default, event of acceleration, termination event, modification of terms, or other similar events under the terms of a financial obligation of an obligated person, any of which reflect financial difficulties.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>\*</sup>This event is considered to occur when any of the following occur: the appointment of a receiver, fiscal agent or similar officer for the Issuer in a proceeding under the U.S. Bankruptcy Code or in any other proceeding under state or federal law in which a court or governmental authority has assumed jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the Issuer, or if such jurisdiction has been assumed by leaving the existing governing body and officials or officers in possession but subject to the supervision and orders of a court or governmental authority, or the entry of an order confirming a plan of reorganization, arrangement or liquidation by a court or governmental authority having supervision or jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the Issuer.

#### EXHIBIT C

#### NOTICE OF FAILURE TO FILE ANNUAL REPORT

Name of Issuer:

Name of Bond Issue:

\$17,930,000 General Obligation Combined Purpose Bonds, Series 2025 and \$800,000 General Obligation Building Bonds, Federally Taxable Series 2025

Independent School District No. 52 of Oklahoma County, Oklahoma

Date of Issuance:

Base CUSIP:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Issuer has not provided an Annual Report with respect to the above-named Bonds as required by Section 3 of the Continuing Disclosure Agreement dated the \_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_\_. 2025. The Issuer anticipates that the Annual Report will be filed by \_\_\_\_\_\_.

Dated: \_\_\_\_\_

## Independent School District No. 52 of Oklahoma County, Oklahoma

By:\_\_\_\_\_