NEW ISSUES - BOOK ENTRY ONLY

RATINGS: Aa1; AA+; AAA Moody's/Standard & Poor's/Fitch Ratings See "RATINGS" herein

In the opinion of Bond Counsel, based on existing laws, regulations and judicial decisions and as of the date of original issuance of the Series 2010 Bonds, and subject to the conditions set forth in "TAX TREATMENT" herein, the interest on the Series 2010 Bonds is excludable from gross income for federal and Kentucky income tax purposes. Bond Counsel is further of the opinion that the interest on the Series 2010 Bonds will not be an item of tax preference for purposes of computing the federal alternative minimum tax. See "TAX TREATMENT" herein.



LOUISVILLE/JEFFERSON COUNTY (KENTUCKY) METRO GOVERNMENT

\$34,630,000* General Obligation Bonds, Series 2010

Dated: Date of Delivery Bonds Due: As set forth on the inside cover

The Series 2010 Bonds (the "Bonds"), are issuable as fully registered bonds and, when issued, will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), New York, New York, to which principal and interest payments on the Bonds will be made so long as Cede & Co. is the registered owner of the Bonds. Individual purchases of the Bonds will be made in Book-Entry Only form, and individual purchasers ("Beneficial Owners") of the Bonds will not receive physical delivery of bond certificates.

Interest will be payable on the Bonds on May 1 and November 1, commencing November 1, 2010 as described herein. Principal will be payable on November 1 as described herein. The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. has been designated as Paying Agent and Bond Registrar. The Bonds will be issued and registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York ("DTC"). DTC will act as securities depository for the Bonds. Purchasers will not receive certificates representing their ownership interest in the Bonds. Accordingly, principal, interest and premium, if any, on the Bonds will be paid by The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. as Paying Agent and Registrar, directly to DTC or Cede & Co., its nominee. DTC will in turn remit such principal, interest or premium to the DTC Participants (as defined herein) for subsequent distribution to the Beneficial Owners (as defined herein) of the Bonds. The Bonds will be issued in denominations of \$5,000 each or integral multiples thereof.

The Bonds will be direct general obligations of the Louisville/Jefferson County (Kentucky) Metro Government (the "Metro Government"). The full faith, credit and taxing power of the Metro Government are irrevocably pledged for the prompt payment of the principal of and interest on the Bonds. The Bonds are payable from taxes levied on all taxable property of the Metro Government without limitation as to rate or amount.

The Bonds will be subject to optional redemption as described herein.

FOR MATURITIES, INTEREST RATES AND PRICES/YIELDS, PLEASE REFER TO THE INSIDE OF THIS COVER PAGE

The Bonds are offered when, as and if issued, subject to prior sale, to withdrawal or modification of the offer without notice, to the approval of validity by Bond Counsel, Stites & Harbison PLLC, Louisville, Kentucky and to certain other conditions. Certain legal matters will be passed on for the Metro Government by James Carey, Esquire, of the Jefferson County Attorney's Office. It is expected that the Bonds in definitive form will be available for delivery through the facilities of The Depository Trust Company in New York, New York on or about June 22, 2010.

The cover page contains	certain information for quic	k reference only.	It is <u>not</u> a summary	y of this issue.	Investors 1	must read the
entire Official Statement to obtain	information essential to the r	making of an infor	med investment dec	ision.		

Dated:	. 2010

^{*} Preliminary, subject to change.

$Louisville/Jefferson\ County\ (Kentucky)\ Metro\ Government$

Maturity Schedules

\$34,630,000* General Obligation Bonds, Series 2010

	Maturing		Interest	Price/
Cusip	November 1	Amount*	Rate	Yield
	2010	\$ 2,050,000		
	2011	2,570,000		
	2012	2,640,000		
	2013	3,585,000		
	2014	3,675,000		
	2015	3,775,000		
	2016	3,885,000		
	2017	4,010,000		
	2018	4,145,000		
	2019	4,295,000		

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^{*} Preliminary, subject to change.

${\bf LOUISVILLE/JEFFERSON~COUNTY~(KENTUCKY)~METRO~GOVERNMENT}\\ {\bf MAYOR}$

The Honorable Jerry E. Abramson

METRO COUNCIL

Madonna Flood	James Peden
Judith Green	Barbara Shanklin
Doug Hawkins	Glen Stuckel
Hal Heiner	David Tandy
Robert Henderson	George Unseld
Dan Johnson	Tina Ward-Pugh
Jim King	Vicki Welch
Kevin Kramer	Mary Woolridge
Tom Owen	
	Judith Green Doug Hawkins Hal Heiner Robert Henderson Dan Johnson Jim King Kevin Kramer

ADMINISTRATIVE

William Summers, IV	Deputy Mayor
Rick Johnstone	
Mary Lou Northern	
Mary Gwen Wheeler	Senior Advisor, Director, Office of Policy & Management
Christina Heavrin	Special Counsel to the Mayor and Interim Director, Housing & Family Services
Robert White	
Bruce Traughber	Director, Economic Development
Adewale Troutman, MD	Director, Public Health & Wellness
	Director, Parks & Recreation
Ted Pullen	
Beth Niblock	Director, Technology Services
James Carey, Esquire	

BOND COUNSEL

Stites & Harbison PLLC Louisville, Kentucky

FINANCIAL ADVISORS

Public Financial Management, Inc. Memphis, Tennessee

AUDITORS

Crit Luallen, Auditor of Public Accounts for Commonwealth of Kentucky Frankfort, Kentucky

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OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Regarding

LOUISVILLE/JEFFERSON COUNTY (KENTUCKY) METRO GOVERNMENT

\$34,630,000* General Obligation Bonds, Series 2010

INTRODUCTION

This Official Statement is furnished in connection with the issuance of the Bonds referred to above (the "Bonds") by the Louisville/Jefferson County (Kentucky) Metro Government (the "Metro Government").

The Metro Government is a public body corporate and politic, duly created and existing as a political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Kentucky under the Constitution and laws of the Commonwealth. The Bonds will be issued pursuant to an ordinance (the "Ordinance" or the "Bond Ordinance") adopted by the governing body of the Metro Government.

The Bonds will be direct general obligations of the Metro Government. The full faith, credit and taxing power of the Metro Government are irrevocably pledged for the prompt payment of the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds. The Bonds are payable from taxes levied on all taxable property of the Metro Government without limitation as to rate or amount. See "SECURITY AND SOURCE OF PAYMENT".

The Bonds are being issued to finance the obligation of the Metro Government in connection with the settlement of litigation related to the Louisville Fire Department Employees claims for overtime wages. See "THE PLAN OF FINANCE".

The Bonds are being offered in the denomination of \$5,000 or any multiple thereof and may be transferred and exchanged subject to certain terms and conditions set forth herein. See "DESCRIPTION OF THE BONDS".

The Metro Government has covenanted to undertake continuing disclosure pursuant to Rule 15c2-12 of the Securities and Exchange Commission. See "CONTINUING DISCLOSURE".

The Metro Government has hereby deemed the information contained herein to be "final" as of its date for purposes of Rule 15c2-12 of the Securities and Exchange Commission, except for the permitted omissions including offering prices, the interest rates, the selling compensation, the aggregate principal amount, the principal amount per maturity, the delivery dates and other terms of the Bonds depending on such matters.

GLOSSARY OF TERMS USED IN OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Certain capitalized terms used frequently in this Official Statement are defined in this section of the Official Statement. Certain other capitalized terms used frequently in this Official Statement are defined in "Appendix D - Summary of Certain Provisions of the Ordinance" of the Official Statement.

"Bonds" means the Metro Government's \$_____* General Obligation Bonds, Series 2010, dated their date of delivery, which are being offered by this Official Statement.

"Internal Revenue Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

"Metro Government" means the Louisville/Jefferson County (Kentucky) Metro Government, a public body corporate and politic, duly created and existing as a political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Kentucky under the Constitution and laws of the Commonwealth.

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^{*} Preliminary, subject to change.

"Ordinance" or "Bond Ordinance" means the ordinance adopted by the governing body of the Metro Government authorizing the issuance of the Bonds.

"Paying Agent" or "Bond Registrar" means The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., which is the paying agent and registrar for the Bonds.

"Settlement" means the Settlement Agreement and General Release, as approved by the Jefferson County Circuit Court on November 25, 2009, among the parties in connection with the litigation styled Michael J. Kurtsinger, et al v. the City of Louisville, Jefferson County Circuit Court, Case Nos. 01-CI-00983, 02-CI-007291 and 02-CI-007323, Kentucky Court of Appeals Case No. 2007-CA-001417-MR and U.S. District Court, W.D.KY Civil Action No. 3:00-CV-546-S, related to the claims of the Louisville Fire Department employees for overtime wages.

DESCRIPTION OF THE BONDS

General Provisions

The Bonds will be issued pursuant to the Ordinance. Certain provisions of the Ordinance are described herein under "DESCRIPTION OF THE BONDS" and "SECURITY AND SOURCE OF PAYMENT". For a description of certain other provisions of the Ordinance, see "Appendix D - Summary of Certain Provisions of the Ordinance" of this Official Statement.

The Bonds will be fully registered book-entry bonds in the denomination of \$5,000 or any multiple thereof, will be dated their date of delivery, and will be numbered separately from 1 upward.

Interest on the Bonds is payable May 1 and November 1, commencing November 1, 2010. The Bonds will be issued in the principal amounts indicated on the inside cover hereof, subject to the permitted adjustment, in fully registered form and will mature as to principal and will bear interest as set forth on the inside cover page of this Official Statement.

Method and Place of Payment

The Bonds will be issued in book-entry only form, as described below under "DESCRIPTION OF THE BONDS - Book-Entry Only System", and the method and place of payment will be as provided in the book-entry only system. The provisions set forth in this section below will apply in the event that the use of the Book-Entry Only System for the Bonds is discontinued.

Payment of interest due on each interest payment date will be made by check or draft mailed on such interest payment date to the persons who were registered owners of the Bonds on the regular record date for such interest payment date, which will be the 1st day of the month preceding such interest payment date. Payment of the principal of the Bonds and payment of accrued interest due upon redemption on any date other than an interest payment date will be made only upon surrender of the Bonds at the designated office of the Paying Agent in Louisville, KY.

Registration and Exchange

The Bonds will be issued in book-entry only form, as described below under "DESCRIPTION OF THE BONDS - Book-Entry Only System", and the method for registration and exchange of the Bonds will be as provided in the book-entry only system. The provisions set forth in this section below will apply in the event that the use of the Book-Entry Only System for the Bonds is discontinued.

The Bonds are transferable only on the bond register maintained at the designated office of the Paying Agent. Upon surrender of the Bonds to be transferred, properly endorsed, the new Bonds will be issued to the designated transferee.

The Bonds will be issued in denominations of \$5,000 or any multiple thereof and, subject to the provisions of the Ordinance, may be exchanged for a like aggregate principal amount of Bonds, of any authorized denominations and of the same maturity, as requested by the holder surrendering the same.

No service charge shall be made for any transfer or exchange, but the Metro Government may require payment of a sum sufficient to cover any tax or other governmental charge payable in connection therewith.

Book-Entry Only System

The information contained in this section concerning The Depository Trust Company and its book-entry only system has been obtained from materials furnished by The Depository Trust Company to the Metro Government. The Metro Government does not make any representation or warranty as to the accuracy or completeness of such information.

The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), New York, New York, will act as securities depository for the Bonds. The Bonds will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co., DTC's partnership nominee or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. One fully-registered Bonds certificate will be issued for each maturity of the Bonds, each in the aggregate principal amount of such maturity, and will be deposited with DTC.

DTC, the world's largest securities depository, is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 3.5 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity issues, corporate and municipal debt issues, and money market instruments from over 100 countries that DTC's participants ("Direct Participants") deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC"). DTCC is the holding company for DTC, National Securities Clearing Corporation all of which are registered clearing agencies. DTCC is owned by the users of its regulated subsidiaries. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants"). DTC has Standard & Poor's highest rating: AAA. The DTC Rules applicable to its Participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com and www.dtc.org.

Purchases of Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Bonds on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each Bond (a "Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants' records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmations from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Bonds are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their interests in the Bonds, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Bonds is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Bonds deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other DTC nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Bonds; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Beneficial Owners of the Bonds may wish to take certain steps to

augment the transmission to them of notices of significant events with respect to the Bonds, such as redemptions, tenders, defaults, and proposed amendments to the Bond documents. For example, Beneficial Owners of the Bonds may wish to ascertain that the nominee holding the Bonds for their benefit has agreed to obtain and transmit notices to Beneficial Owners. In the alternative, Beneficial Owners may wish to provide their names and addresses to the Paying Agent and request that copies of notices be provided directly to them.

Redemption notices shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of the Bonds within an issue are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in such issue to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to the Bonds unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's MMI Procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to the Metro Government as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts the Bonds are credited on the record date identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy.

Redemption proceeds, distributions and dividend payments on the Bonds will be made to Cede & Co., or such nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from Metro Government or the Paying Agent on payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name", and will be the responsibility of such Participants and not of DTC, the Paying Agent or the Metro Government, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payments of redemption proceeds, distributions and dividend payments to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as my be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of Metro Government or the Paying Agent, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants shall be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners shall be the responsibility of the Direct Participants and Indirect Participants.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as a depository with respect to the Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice to the Metro Government or the Paying Agent. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor depository is not obtained, Bond certificates are required to be printed and delivered.

The Metro Government and the Paying Agent cannot and do not give any assurances that DTC, the Direct Participants or the Indirect Participants will distribute to the Beneficial Owners of the Bonds (i) payments of principal of or interest and premium, if any, on the Bonds, (ii) certificates representing an ownership interest or other confirmation of beneficial ownership interests in the Bonds, or (iii) redemption or other notices sent to DTC or Cede & Co., its nominee, as the registered owner of the Bonds, or that they will do so on a timely basis or that DTC, Direct Participants or Indirect Participants will serve and act in the manner described in this Official Statement. The current "rules" applicable to DTC are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission, and the current "procedures" of DTC to be followed in dealing with Direct Participants are on file with DTC.

Neither the Metro Government nor the Paying Agent will have any responsibility or obligation to any Direct Participant, Indirect Participant or any Beneficial Owner or any other person with respect to: (1) the Bonds; (2) the accuracy of any records maintained by DTC or any Direct Participant or Indirect Participant; (3) the payment by DTC or any Direct Participant or Indirect Participant of any amount due to any Beneficial Owner in respect of the principal or redemption price of or interest on the Bonds; (4) the delivery by DTC or any Direct Participant or Indirect Participant of any notice to any Beneficial Owner which is required or permitted under the terms of the Ordinance to be given to bondholders; (5) the selection of the Beneficial Owners to receive payment in the event of any partial redemption of the Bonds; or (6) any consent given or other action taken by DTC as bondholder.

In addition, the Metro Government may discontinue the book-entry only system for the Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice to DTC.

Authority for Issuance

The Bonds are being issued by the Metro Government under authority of the Constitution of Kentucky, as amended, particularly Sections 158 and 159 thereof, Sections 66.011 through 66.191 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes, as amended, and applicable decisions of the appellate courts of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, and are further being issued pursuant to the Ordinance.

SECURITY AND SOURCE OF PAYMENT

Under the terms of the Ordinance, the Bonds constitute general obligations of the Metro Government and the full faith, credit and taxing power of the Metro Government is irrevocably pledged to the prompt payment of principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds when due. The Louisville/Jefferson County Metro Revenue Commission (the "Commission") collects occupational taxes and any other amounts received by the Metro Government. Prior to submitting collected taxes and other revenues to the Metro Government, the Commission is authorized to apply revenues to the Bonds and all other general obligation debt, in the manner and subject to all the terms and conditions of the Ordinance summarized herein.

In compliance with Section 159 of the Constitution of Kentucky and the above-cited statutes, and for the purpose of providing funds required to pay the interest on the Bonds (as well as all other General Obligation Debt, if any, of the Metro Government) when due and in order to create a sinking fund to pay the principal thereof (and premium, if any) as the Bonds (and any other General Obligation Debt) become due, the Ordinance levies on all of the taxable property within the Metro Government, beginning in 2010 and continuing in each year as long as any of the Bonds or any other General Obligation Debt is outstanding, a direct annual tax sufficient, to the extent other lawfully available moneys of the Metro Government are not provided, for that purpose, which tax shall be unlimited as to rate or amount. The proceeds derived from the special annual tax levied from time to time, together with other lawfully available moneys of the Metro Government provided for the purpose, shall be deposited and carried in the Bond Fund as a special account of the Metro Government and shall be applied only for the purpose of paying the principal of and interest (and premium, if any) on the Bonds and other General Obligation Debt, if any. The proceeds of the special annual tax and the balances accumulated from time to time in the Bond Fund are irrevocably pledged for the purpose of paying the interest on (and premium, if any) and principal of the Bonds and such other General Obligation Debt and shall never be used for any other purpose. The Metro Government covenants and pledges with the registered holders of the Bonds that the Metro Government will levy the special annual tax in each year at whatever rates may be necessary from time to time in order to produce the amounts required in each year, to the extent funds are not otherwise provided, to pay the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds and such other General Obligation Debt when due.

If principal or interest on the Bonds or any other General Obligation Debt should fall due in any year at a time when there are insufficient funds on hand, collected by reason of the foregoing special tax levy, such principal and interest shall be paid from other available funds of the Metro Government and reimbursement therefor shall be made out of the special tax provided by the Ordinance, when the same shall have been collected.

The Ordinance also constitutes a continuing appropriation from such taxes and all other lawfully available Pledged Receipts, of the sum annually necessary to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds and such other General Obligation Debt when due. The Commission is authorized in the Ordinance to collect occupational taxes and any other amounts received by or on behalf of the Metro Government, and to apply the same to the payment of debt charges on the Bonds and such other General Obligation Debt and all other obligations due or coming due under the Ordinance or otherwise with respect to such General Obligation Debt.

As general obligations of the Metro Government, the Bonds are declared pursuant to the Ordinance to be payable in accordance with the Act from all lawfully available Pledged Receipts (including, but not by way of limitation, any moneys attributable to the Bond proceeds or the income from the temporary investment thereof, moneys held in the Funds and Accounts established under the Ordinance and any other moneys held by the Bond Registrar for the benefit of the Bonds); provided there shall be no impairment of the express contract rights, if any, of the holders of outstanding bonds of the Metro Government.

Payment of the principal of and interest on the Bonds and such other General Obligation Debt when due in accordance with the foregoing provisions is subject only to the prior application of the Pledged Receipts in

accordance with the express contract rights, if any, of the holders of outstanding bonds of the Metro Government as provided pursuant to the Act.

THE PLAN OF FINANCE

Use of Bond Proceeds

The Metro Government will use the proceeds received from the sale of the Bonds to (i) finance the obligation of the Metro Government in connection with the Settlement and (ii) finance certain costs associated with the issuance of the Bonds. see "Appendix A- Information Statement of Louisville/Jefferson County Metro Government – The Metro Government – Budgeting Procedures – Capital Improvements Budget".

For more information on the plan of finance and the uses of the proceeds from the sale of the Bonds, see "ESTIMATED SOURCES AND USES OF FUNDS" below.

ESTIMATED SOURCES AND USES OF FUNDS

The sources and uses of funds for the plan of financing are as follows (rounded to the nearest whole dollar):

Sources of Funds

Principal amount of Bonds
[Reoffering Premium]/[Original Issue Discount]
Total

Uses of Funds

Settlement Payment
Underwriter's Discount
Costs of Issuance
Total

DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS*

Series 2010

		Belles 2010			
Fiscal Year				Other	Total Debt
Ended	Principal	Interest	Total	Debt ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	Service
6/30/2010			-	6,329,587	6,329,587
6/30/2011	-	-	-	47,305,399	47,305,399
6/30/2012	-	-	-	47,143,868	47,143,868
6/30/2013	-	-	-	47,785,800	47,785,800
6/30/2014	-	-	-	44,585,003	44,585,003
6/30/2015	-	-	-	44,533,489	44,533,489
6/30/2016	-	-	-	36,798,628	36,798,628
6/30/2017	-	-	-	35,136,825	35,136,825
6/30/2018	-	-	-	35,225,036	35,225,036
6/30/2019	-	-	-	27,947,323	27,947,323
6/30/2020	-	-	-	22,418,148	22,418,148
6/30/2021			-	21,865,977	21,865,977
6/30/2022			-	21,874,277	21,874,277
6/30/2023			-	20,848,960	20,848,960
6/30/2024			-	20,053,699	20,053,699
6/30/2025			-	16,357,113	16,357,113
6/30/2026			-	14,094,422	14,094,422
6/30/2027			-	14,069,226	14,069,226
6/30/2028			-	11,487,665	11,487,665
6/30/2029			-	7,170,744	7,170,744
6/30/2030				7,169,695	7,169,695
Total	-	-	-	550,200,884	550,200,884

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ Net of BAB Interest Subsidy Payment and Recovery Zone Interest Subsidy Payment.

⁽²⁾ Includes the debt described more particularly in "Appendix B-Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of Louisville/Jefferson County Metro Government for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009" of this Preliminary Official Statement.

⁽³⁾ For purposes of this table, the principal amount of the Metro Government's debt to be retired in a fiscal year pursuant to mandatory redemption provisions is shown in that fiscal year.

^{*} The Debt Service Requirements table will be updated with the Series 2010 Debt Service for the Final Official Statement.

THE METRO GOVERNMENT

General

In the November 7, 2000 General Election, local voters approved a consolidation of the governmental and corporate functions of the City of Louisville, Kentucky (the "City") and the County of Jefferson, Kentucky (the "County") into a single political entity, and pursuant to legislation enacted by the Kentucky General Assembly, the Louisville/Jefferson County Metro Government commenced operations effective January 6, 2003, replacing and superseding the governments of the City and the County.

The Metro Government is a public body corporate and politic, duly created and existing as a political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Kentucky under the constitution and laws of the Commonwealth. The Metro Government is governed by an elected Mayor and the Metro Council composed of twenty-six council members elected from each of twenty-six council districts for staggered four-year terms. The issuance of the Bonds has been authorized by the Ordinance of the Metro Government acting by and through its Metro Council.

See "Appendix A - Information Statement of Louisville/Jefferson County Metro Government" and "Appendix B – Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of Louisville/Jefferson County Metro Government for the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2009" of this Official Statement, which contain further information and data regarding the Metro Government.

Recent Developments—Fiscal Year 2010

On February 16, 2010, a second quarter revenue and expenditure forecast was reviewed with the Metro Council's Budget Committee. At that time, general fund revenues were projected to be \$12.7 million below the adopted budget of \$485.5 million, a decrease of 2.5% from original budget. Department Directors are actively mitigating the shortfall primarily through management of personnel and staffing patterns along with a reduction in pay-as-you-go capital projects. At this time, it is not anticipated that reserve fund balances will be accessed to balance the fiscal 2010 budget.

On February 17, 2010, Metro filed a formal appeal with the Kentucky Emergency Management Agency regarding denied claims by the Federal Emergency Management Agency related to the clean up and disposal of debris from the January, 2009 ice storm. The appeal amount is \$5.4 million for both the federal and state portions (which includes expenditures from FY10 as well as FY09). If the appeal remains undecided as of June 30, 2010, Metro will write down the receivable to General Fund balance and continue to pursue the appeal process. Currently, the combined FEMA and State receivable amounts as of June 30, 2009 from both the wind storm of September, 2008 and the ice storm of January, 2009 is approximately \$4.0 million.

LITIGATION

At the time of delivery of and payment for the Bonds, the Metro Government will deliver, or cause to be delivered, a certificate of the Metro Government stating that there is no controversy or litigation of any nature then pending or threatened, restraining or enjoining the issuance, sale, execution or delivery of the Bonds, or in any way contesting or affecting the validity of the Bonds or any proceedings of the Metro Government taken with respect to the issuance or sale thereof or the pledge or application of any moneys or security provided for the payment of the Bonds or the corporate existence, boundaries or powers of the Metro Government.

RISK FACTORS

General

An investment in the Bonds involves certain risks which should be carefully considered by investors. The sufficiency of revenues to pay debt service on the Bonds may be affected by events and conditions relating to, among other things, population and employment trends and economic conditions in the Metropolitan Louisville Statistical Area*, the nature and extent of which are not presently determinable.

Holders of the Bonds should be aware that their rights and the enforceability thereof may be subject to bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium and other similar laws affecting creditors' rights and the exercise of judicial discretion in appropriate cases.

*Metropolitan Louisville Statistical Area, as defined by the Kentucky State Data Center, includes the counties of Bullitt, Henry, Jefferson, Meade, Nelson, Oldham, Shelby, Spencer and Trimble in Kentucky, and counties of Clark, Floyd, Harrison, Scott, and Washington in Indiana.

LEGAL MATTERS

Certain legal matters incident to the authorization and validity of the Bonds will be the subject of approving opinion of Stites & Harbison PLLC, Louisville, Kentucky, Bond Counsel. The proposed forms of such opinion are set forth in Appendix C to this Official Statement. Certain legal matters will be passed on for Metro Government by James T. Carey, Esquire, Assistant Jefferson County Attorney.

The information contained in this Official Statement under the headings "DESCRIPTION OF THE BONDS", "TAX TREATMENT" and "Appendix D - Summary of Certain Provisions of the Ordinance," has been reviewed by Bond Counsel to determine that such information conforms in substance to the proceedings and laws relating to the issuance of the Bonds that are summarized in such information; but Bond Counsel has not undertaken to review the accuracy or completeness of statements and data otherwise contained in this Official Statements, including the Appendices, and expresses no opinion thereon and assumes no responsibility in connection therewith.

TAX TREATMENT

In the opinion of Stites & Harbison, PLLC, Bond Counsel, under existing law and as of the date of issuance of the Bonds, interest on the Bonds is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes and is not an item of tax preference nor an adjustment to adjusted current earnings in determining alternative minimum taxable income for federal income tax purposes.

For the purpose of rendering its opinion described above with respect to the Bonds, Bond Counsel will assume compliance by Metro Government with the requirements of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the "Code") that must be met subsequent to the issuance of the Bonds in order that interest thereon be and remain excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes. Failure to comply with such requirements could cause the interest on the Bonds to be included in gross income for federal income tax purposes retroactive to the date of issuance of the Bonds. Metro Government has covenanted in the Bond Ordinance and other documents and certificates delivered in connection with the Bonds to comply with such requirements.

For purposes of determining their taxable income under the Code, property and casualty insurance companies must reduce their losses by an amount equal to 15% of the interest they receive or accrue which is excludable from gross income under the Code ("tax-exempt interest"), including interest on the Bonds.

Recipients of Social Security benefits must include tax-exempt interest income, including interest on the Bonds, in computing their "modified adjusted gross income" for purposes of determining to what extent, if any, such benefits are included in their gross income.

Interest on the Bonds, as well as other tax-exempt interest, may be taken into account in computing a foreign corporation's branch profits tax under the Code.

Tax-exempt interest income, including interest on the Bonds, is taken into account in determining whether certain taxpayers are denied the earned income credit under the Code by reason of having excessive investment income.

The Code requires gain on the sale or other disposition of tax-exempt obligations acquired after April 30, 1993, including the Bonds, to be included in gross income as ordinary income, and not as capital gain, to the extent of accrued market discount. Accrued market discount in the case of tax-exempt obligations, such as the Bonds, originally issued at a price equal to their principal amount is generally equal to the difference, if any, between such principal amount and the price at which the taxpayer purchased such obligations in the secondary market.

Certain of the Bonds ("Discount Bonds") may be offered and sold to the public at an original issue discount ("OID"). OID is the excess of the stated redemption price at maturity over the issue price of the Discount Bonds. The issue price of a Discount Bond, if applicable, will be the initial offering price to the public set forth on the inside front cover page of this Official Statement, assuming that a substantial amount of the Discount Bonds of the same maturity are sold to the public (other than to bond houses, brokers or similar persons acting in the capacity of underwriters or wholesalers) at such price pursuant to the initial public offering.

For Federal income tax purposes, OID accrues to the holder of a Discount Bond on a daily basis over the period to maturity based on the constant interest rate method, compounded semiannually. With respect to a Discount Bond purchased at the issue price pursuant to the initial public offering, the portion of OID that accrues during the period the initial holder owns the Discount Bond (i) is excludable from gross income for federal income tax to the same extent and subject to the same considerations discussed above and (ii) is added to the holder's tax basis for purposes of determining gain or loss on the maturity, redemption, prior sale or other disposition of the Discount Bond.

Certain of the Bonds ("Premium Bonds") may be offered and sold to the public at prices in excess of the respective stated redemption prices thereof at maturity. For Federal income tax purposes, the excess of the cost to the holder of a Premium Bond over the amount payable at maturity constitutes amortizable bond premium. The holder of a Premium Bond will realize gain or loss upon the sale or other disposition of the Premium Bond equal to the difference between the amount realized and the adjusted basis of the Premium Bond determined by accounting for reductions due to the amortization of the bond premium during the holder's period of ownership. No deduction is allowable in respect of any amount of amortizable bond premium on the Premium Bonds.

Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should consult their own tax advisors for a further description of the federal income tax rules mentioned above and for an analysis of the effect on their individual tax situations of their ownership of and receipt of interest on, and disposition of the Bonds.

In the opinion of Bond Counsel, under the laws of the Commonwealth as presently enacted and construed, the Bonds are exempt from ad valorem taxation, and the interest thereon is exempt from income taxation, by the Commonwealth and all of its political subdivisions and taxing authorities.

UNDERWRITING

The Bonds are being purchased from the Metro Government by	(the "2010	0 Purchaser").
The 2010 Purchaser has agreed to purchase the Bonds for an aggregate purchase price	of \$	(which
represents the face amount of the S Bonds less purchaser's discount of \$	and plus	original issue
premium [discount] of \$).		

The initial public offering price set forth on the inside cover page may be changed by the 2010 Purchaser, and the 2010 Purchaser may offer and sell the Bonds to certain dealers (including dealers depositing the Bonds into investment trusts) and others at prices lower than the offering price set forth on the inside cover page. The 2010 Purchaser will purchase all the Bonds if any are purchased.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE

The Metro Government will agree in a Continuing Disclosure Certificate dated as of the date of issuance of the Bonds (the "Continuing Disclosure Certificate"), to provide, in accordance with the requirements of Rule 15c2-12 (the "Rule") promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission, the following:

- A. To each Repository (as defined below) annual financial information and operating data for Metro Government with respect to the fiscal year of Metro Government ending June 30, 2010, and each fiscal year thereafter:
- B. If not submitted as part of the annual financial information, then when and if available, to each Repository, audited financial statements for Metro Government with respect to the fiscal year of the Metro Government ending June 30, 2010, and each fiscal year thereafter;
- C. In a timely manner, to each Repository, notice of any of the following events with respect to the Bonds, if material: (a) principal and interest payment delinquencies, (b) non-payment related defaults, (c) unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties, (d) unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties, (e) substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform, (f) adverse tax opinions or events affecting the tax-exempt status of the Bonds, (g) modifications to rights of holders of the Bonds, (h) Bond calls, (i) defeasances, (j) releases, substitutions or sales of property securing repayment of the Bonds and (k) rating changes; and
- D. in a timely manner, to each Repository, notice of a failure by the Metro Government to provide required financial information on or before the date, if any, specified in the Continuing Disclosure Certificate.

The Metro Government may from time to time elect (but is not contractually bound) to provide notice of the occurrence of certain other events, in addition to those listed above, if, in the judgment of the Metro Government, any such other event is material with respect to the Bonds; but the Metro Government does not undertake to commit to provide any such notice of the occurrence of any material event except those events listed above.

"National Repository" means the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board ("MSRB").

"Repository" means National Repository and each State Repository.

"State Repository" shall mean any public or private repository or entity designated by the Commonwealth as a state repository for the purpose of the Rule. As of the date hereof, there is no State Repository.

The Metro Government also reserves the right to modify from time to time the specific types of information provided or the format of the presentation of such information, to the extent necessary or appropriate in the judgment of the Metro Government; provided that the Metro Government agrees that any such modification will be done in a manner consistent with the Rule. The Metro Government reserves the right to terminate its obligation to provide annual financial information and notices of material events as set forth above, if and when the Metro Government no longer remains an obligated person with respect to the Bonds within the meaning of the Rule.

The Metro Government acknowledges that its undertaking pursuant to the Rule described under this heading is intended to be for the benefit of the holders (including beneficial owners) of the Bonds and shall be enforceable by any holder of Bonds, provided that the Bondholder's right to enforce the provisions of this undertaking shall be limited to a right to obtain specific performance of the Metro Government's obligations pursuant to the provisions of this undertaking, and any failure by the Metro Government to comply with the provisions of this undertaking shall not be an event of default with respect to the Bonds or the Ordinance.

The Metro Government has not failed to comply in all material respects with its previous undertakings under the Rule to provide annual reports and notices of material events.

Purchase of the Bonds shall be conditioned on the receipt by the initial purchaser of the Bonds, at or prior to the delivery of the Bonds, of evidence that the Metro Government has made the continuing disclosure undertaking described above, in the form of the Continuing Disclosure Certificate, for the benefit of the holders of the Bonds.

RATINGS

Moody's Investors Service, Inc., Standard & Poor's Ratings Service, a division of The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc., and Fitch Ratings (collectively, the "Rating Agencies") have assigned ratings to the Bonds of Aa1, AA+, and AAA, respectively. Such ratings are not recommendations to buy, sell or hold the Bonds, and any such ratings may be subject to revision or withdrawal at any time by the rating agencies. Any definitive explanation of the significance of any such rating may be obtained only from the appropriate Rating Agency.

The Metro Government furnished to the Rating Agencies the information contained in this Official Statement and certain other information respecting the Metro Government and the Bonds. Generally, Rating Agencies base their ratings on such materials and information, as well as on their own investigations, studies and assumptions. There is no assurance that any such rating will remain in effect for any given period of time or that such rating will not be lowered or withdrawn entirely if, in the judgment of the appropriate Rating Agency, circumstances should warrant such action. Any such downward revision or withdrawal of any rating assigned to the Bonds could have an adverse effect on their market price. Neither the Metro Government nor the Underwriter has undertaken any responsibility either to bring to the attention of the Bondowners any proposed revision, suspension or withdrawal of a rating or to oppose any such revision, suspension or withdrawal.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

The financial statements of the Metro Government included in Appendix B to this Official Statement have been audited by Crit Luallen, the Auditor of Public Accounts for the Commonwealth of Kentucky, Frankfort, Kentucky, as stated in their report appearing herein as Appendix B to this Official Statement.

FINANCIAL ADVISOR

This Official Statement has been prepared under the direction of the Metro Government and with the assistance of Public Financial Management, Inc. ("PFM"), employed by the Metro Government to perform professional services in the capacity of financial advisor. In the role as financial advisor, PFM has provided advice on the plan of financing and structure of the issue, reviewed and commented on certain legal documents, drafted certain portions of the Official Statement based upon information provided by the Metro Government and reviewed the pricing of the Bonds by the 2010 Purchaser thereof. The information set forth herein has been obtained from the Metro Government and other sources, which are believed to be reliable. PFM has not verified the factual information contained in the Official Statement but relied on the information supplied by the Metro Government and the Metro Government's certificate as to the Official Statement.

MISCELLANEOUS

This Official Statement is not to be construed as a contract or agreement between the Metro Government and the purchasers or owners of any of the Bonds.

All quotations from and summaries and explanations of provisions of laws and documents herein do not purport to be complete, and reference is made to such laws and documents for full and complete statements of their provisions.

The order and placement of material in this Official Statement, including its appendices, are not to be deemed a determination of relevance, materiality or importance, and all material in this Official Statement, including its appendices, must be considered in its entirety.

The information in this Official Statement has been obtained from sources which are considered dependable and which are customarily relied upon in the preparation of similar official statements, but such information is not guaranteed as to accuracy or completeness.

All estimates and assumptions contained herein are believed to be reliable, but no representation is made that such estimates or assumptions are correct or will be realized.

No person, including any broker, dealer or salesman, has been authorized to give any information or to make any representation other than those contained in this Official Statement, and if given or made, such other information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized by the Metro Government.

The Bonds will not be registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or any state securities laws and will not be listed on any stock or other securities exchange, and neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any federal, state, municipal or other governmental agency will pass upon the accuracy, completeness or adequacy of this Official Statement. The Ordinance has not been qualified under the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended.

Any information or expressions of opinion herein are subject to change without notice, and neither the delivery of this Official Statement nor any sale hereunder shall under any circumstances create an implication that there has been no change as to the affairs of the Metro Government since the date hereof.

Certain statements contained in this Official Statement including, without limitation, statements containing the words "estimates," "believes," "anticipates," "expects," and words of similar import, constitute "forward-looking" statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the Metro Government to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Such factors include, among others, population trends and political and economic developments that could adversely impact the collection of revenues. Given these uncertainties, prospective investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such forward-looking statements. The Metro Government disclaims any obligation to update any such factors or to publicly announce the results of any revision to any of the forward-looking statements contained herein to reflect future events or developments.

In connection with this offering, the Underwriters may overallot or effect transactions which stabilize or maintain the market price of the Bonds offered hereby at a level above that which might otherwise prevail in the open market, and such stabilizing, if commenced, may be discontinued at any time. The prices and other terms of the offering and sale of the Bonds may be changed from time to time by the Underwriters after the Bonds are released for sale, and the Bonds may be offered and sold at prices other than the initial offering prices, including sales to dealers, without prior notice.

The Underwriters have provided the following sentence for inclusion in this Official Statement: The Underwriters have reviewed the information in this Official Statement in accordance with, and as part of, their responsibilities to investors under the federal securities laws as applied to the facts and circumstances of this transaction, but the Underwriters do not guarantee the accuracy or completeness of such information.

Circular 230

The information contained in this official statement is not intended to be used, and cannot by used, by a purchaser of the Bonds for the purpose of avoiding Federal Tax penalties. Each purchaser of the Bonds is urged to contact an independent tax advisor concerning an investment in the Bonds.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

For further information with respect to the Bonds, contact Ms. Jane Driskell Sistrunk, Director, Office of Management & Budget, Louisville/Jefferson County Metro Government, 611 West Jefferson Street; Louisville, Kentucky 40202 (telephone: (502) 574-1218), or Lauren Lowe (telephone: (901) 682-8356), Financial Advisor.

This Official Statement has been approved by the governing body of the Metro Government.

	SVILLE/JEFFERSON COUNTY METRO ERNMENT
By:	
-	Jerry E. Abramson, Mayor
By:	
	Jane Driskell Sistrunk, Director, Office of
	Management & Budget

APPENDIX A

Information Statement of Louisville/Jefferson County Metro Government



THE METRO GOVERNMENT

Organization

General. In the November 7, 2000 General Election, local voters approved a consolidation of the governmental and corporate functions of the City of Louisville, Kentucky (the "City") and the County of Jefferson, Kentucky (the "County") into a single political entity, and pursuant to legislation enacted by the Kentucky General Assembly, the Louisville/Jefferson County Metro Government (the "Metro Government" or "Metro Louisville") commenced operations effective January 6, 2003, replacing and superseding the governments of the City and the County. Neither the City nor the County continues to exist as an independent governmental entity and the boundaries of the City of Louisville and Jefferson County are now co-extensive.

All executive and administrative power of the consolidated local government is vested in the office of the Mayor. The Mayor of the consolidated local government possesses substantially all the power and authority possessed by the Mayor of the City of Louisville and the former Jefferson County Judge/Executive prior to the effective date. The legislative authority of the consolidated local government is vested in a consolidated local governmental council composed of twenty-six (26) council members elected from each of twenty-six council districts for staggered four-year terms.

Fiscal Year

The Metro Government operates on a fiscal year, which commences July 1 and ends June 30.

Budgeting Procedures

General. Budgets are adopted consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. An annual appropriated budget is adopted for the General Fund. This appropriated budget includes all transfers to the Capital Improvement Reserve Fund (a capital projects fund) which transfers are designated for subsequent years' capital expenditures or for transfer to other capital or debt service funds or accounts. Formal budgets are not adopted for the Special Revenue Fund or for the Debt Service Funds because bond indentures and other relevant contractual provisions require specific payments to and from these funds annually and transfers are budgeted in the General Fund to comply with these requirements. All annual appropriations from the General Fund lapse at year-end, except for unexpended grant and encumbered appropriations.

On or before June 1 of each year, pursuant to state statute, the Mayor proposes an Executive Budget to the Metro Council, incorporating an estimate of revenues and recommended appropriations from the General Fund. The Metro Council may hold hearings and discuss and amend the Executive Budget. On or before June 30 of each year, as required by state statute, the Metro Council adopts the Executive Budget, as it may have been amended, as the approved budget for the fiscal year beginning July 1. An affirmative vote of a majority of the Metro Council is required to change the proposed appropriations or to revise revenue estimates contained in the Executive Budget. An affirmative vote of the majority of the Metro Council is also required to amend the budget once it has been approved or to approve any supplemental appropriations.

All budget adjustments at the department level must be approved by the Director, Office of Management and Budget consistent with the approved budget.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriations, is utilized in the governmental funds. Encumbrances are not treated as expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be honored during the subsequent year.

Capital Improvements Budget. The capital improvements budget and program for the Metro Government is prepared annually to include a program of proposed capital expenditures for the ensuing fiscal year. The Mayor submits the capital improvements budget, based on information from all officers, departments, boards, commissions and other agencies requesting funds from the Metro Government for capital improvements, to the Council and

recommends those projects to be undertaken during the ensuing fiscal year and the method of financing them. The Mayor's recommendation notes the impact of proposed projects on the debt structure of the Metro Government and includes in the appropriate current operating budget any projects to be financed from current revenues for the ensuing fiscal year.

The Council has the power to accept, with or without amendment, or reject, the proposed program and proposed means of financing. The Council cannot authorize an expenditure for the construction of any building, structure, work or improvement, unless the appropriation for such project is included in its capital improvements budget, except to meet a public emergency threatening the lives, health or property of the inhabitants, when passed by two-thirds vote of the membership of the Council.

Accounting

Pursuant to Kentucky statute, independent auditors annually audit the financial statements of the Metro Government. The Basic Financial Statements and other financial information are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in state statutes, Metro Government audits are also designed to meet the requirements of the federal Single Audit Act of 1984 and the Single Audit Amendments of 1996, and related OMB Circular A-133. Copies of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report ("CAFR") are available through the office of the Director, Office of Management and Budget, Metro Government, 611 West Jefferson Street, Louisville, Kentucky 40202 and at http://www.louisvilleky.gov/yourtaxdollarsatwork/financial_reports.htm.

The Metro Government manages its financial reporting through the use of categories of fund types and account groups.

The Metro Government reports the following major governmental funds:

The **General Fund** is the Government's primary operating fund which accounts for all of the activities of the general operations of the Government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The **Special Revenue Fund** is used to account for the collection and disbursement of earmarked money, primarily federal and state grant money.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the acquisition or construction of general capital assets.

The **Special Purpose Fund** is used to account for the acquisition of assets, such as vehicles and data processing equipment, that are funded by specific revenue sources.

The Metro Government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Louisville and Jefferson County Riverport Authority ("Riverport") is a legally separate entity that was established in order to develop and maintain an industrial riverport complex on a self-supporting basis utilizing a rate structure designed to produce revenues sufficient to fund debt service requirements, operating expenses and adequate working capital.

The **Louisville Water Company** ("**LWC**") is a legally separate entity that provides water services to customers on a self-supporting basis utilizing a rate structure designed to produce revenues sufficient to fund debt service requirements, operating expenses and adequate working capital.

The **Parking Authority of River City, Inc.** ("PARC"), a non-profit corporation, provides parking services to customers on a self-supporting basis utilizing a rate structure designed to produce revenues sufficient to fund debt service requirements, operating expenses and adequate working capital.

The **Transit Authority of River City** ("**TARC**") is a legally separate entity that operates the mass transit system in the metropolitan area. Metro Government does not provide any funding to TARC,

but it does administer the Mass Transit Trust Fund, which receives occupational tax revenues and remits those amounts to TARC.

The **Metropolitan Sewer District** ("MSD") is a legally separate entity that operates to provide sewer services to the residents of the metropolitan area on a self-supporting basis utilizing a rate structure designed to produce revenues sufficient to fund debt service requirements, operating expenses and adequate working capital.

The **Louisville Science Center, Inc.** ("**LSC**") provides museum exhibits and scientific programs to the public. Financial support is received from admissions, merchandise sales, memberships, parking fees, donations, and an appropriation from the Metro Government.

Additionally, the Metro Government reports the following fund types:

Agency Funds, which are custodial in nature, are used to account for assets held by elected officials and other departments as agents for individuals, governmental entities and others.

Bond Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, principal, interest and related costs of debt.

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the operations of self-sustaining agencies rendering services to other agencies of the Government on a cost reimbursement basis.

Pension Benefit and Trust Funds are used to account for the Firefighters' Pension Fund and the Policemen's Retirement Fund.

Revenues

The Metro Government derives its revenues from a direct tax levy on real and personal property, occupational tax, bank and franchise taxes, earned income, fees, and Commonwealth of Kentucky (the "Commonwealth") and Federal payments. Occupational taxes accounted for 54.1% of all revenues available to the General Fund during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. Property tax collections totaled 23.9% in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. A description of each major revenue category follows:

Taxes – These include occupational taxes, ad valorem property taxes, the levy of which is statutorily limited, bank and life insurance shares, franchises, public service corporations, agricultural products, whiskey, deeds and other miscellaneous taxes.

Intergovernmental – Under this revenue category are payments to the Metro Government by other public divisions (Federal, Commonwealth or other governmental units or agencies).

Licenses and Permits – This category includes charges for licenses and permits issued by departments, agencies, boards and commissions of the Metro Government.

Fines and Forfeitures – This category includes collections of obligations imposed by the courts, law enforcements and agencies charged with the care of prisoners.

Charges for Services – These are fees and charges for activities and services provided by agencies of the Metro Government.

Donations - Revenue received from various sources for specific purposes.

Dividends - Revenue received from the Louisville Water Company stock that is wholly owned by Metro Government.

Investment Income – Interest on investments.

Miscellaneous Revenue – Includes (i) commissions and fees collected by certain officials for certain activities of the Metro Government; (ii) proceeds from confiscation of property; (iii) compensation for loss, sale or damage to property; and (iv) miscellaneous.

Major sources of revenue include the occupational tax and ad valorem property taxes.

The occupational tax is levied at the statutory rate of 1.25% on employee withholdings and business net profits. Occupational taxes are collected by the Louisville & Jefferson County Revenue Commission. In addition, a 5% license tax on the amount of premiums written by insurance companies doing business within Metro Louisville is also collected by the Revenue Commission. After setting aside sufficient funds to cover General Obligation annual debt service requirements and annual Revenue Commission operating expenses, the balance of collections is remitted monthly to the Metro Government.

The property tax is levied each August or September by the Metro Council on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and certain personal property within the Metro Government. Taxable values are assessed periodically by the Property Valuation Administrator who is required by law to maintain total assessments at approximately 100% of fair market value. The Property Valuation Administrator must provide an official assessment for each class of property each year. The State Local Finance Officer must certify to the Metro Government the maximum permissible ad valorem tax rates on the basis of that assessment and the Metro Government may levy the maximum permissible rate or a lower rate. However, if a tax rate is levied on real property which will produce more revenue than the maximum permissible rate, the excess levy is subject to a recall vote. The Metro Government is not currently at the maximum tax rate.

INVESTMENT PRACTICES

The funds of the Metro Government are managed and invested pursuant to applicable standards of the Metro Council, the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS 66.480) and respective bond indentures which allow investment in the following types of securities: Obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, including repurchase agreements; obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, United States government agency, or of any corporation of the United States government; certificates of deposit issued by any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation; highly rated uncollateralized certificates of deposit, bankers acceptances, and commercial paper; bonds or certificates of indebtedness of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and its agencies and instrumentalities; highly rated securities issued by a state or local government, or any instrumentality or agency in the United States; and mutual funds which include the above eligible investments.

The investments of the Metro Government are managed to accomplish the following hierarchy of objectives: (1) preservation of principal; (2) maintenance of liquidity; and (3) maximization of returns.

PENSION PLANS

Metro Government, LWC, TARC, MSD and Riverport contribute to the County Employees Retirement System ("CERS"), which is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by Kentucky Retirement Systems, an agency of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. The CERS provides for retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The contribution requirements of plan members and Metro Government are established and may be amended by the CERS Board of Trustees. Members of the CERS Board of Trustees closely observe the future costs of both benefit improvements and changes in pension trends of employees. Recommendations of actuaries are carefully considered and appropriate measures are taken to ensure that the pension plans are actuarially sound.

Most of the former City's firemen and policemen transferred to CERS in 1989 and 1986, respectively. For those who did not transfer, Metro Government contributes to the Firefighter's Pension Fund and the Policemen's Retirement Fund (the "Funds"). Both of these are single employer defined benefit pension plans. The Funds provide retirement benefits and both Funds include death and disability benefits whereby the surviving spouse or disabled employee is entitled to receive certain benefits. Membership of each plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2009:

	Firefighter's <u>Pension Fund</u>	Policemen's Retirement <u>Fund</u>
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits and terminated employees not yet receiving benefits	231	194
Vested active plan participants	0	1

PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' REPRESENTATION

As of March 1, 2010, Louisville Metro Government has 6,190 employees of which 4,442, or 71.8%, are represented by unions. At the time of the merger of the City of Louisville and Jefferson County, there were twenty-six different bargaining unit contracts in place. In order to slow the growth of personnel costs in the first fiscal year of the new government, in addition to a significant reduction of the workforce, no non-union employee received a cost of living raise. Of course, previously negotiated union employee cost-of-living raises were honored. The goal for negotiating new contracts with the employees of the twenty-six bargaining units was to insure that there was no cost-of-living raise in the initial year of any contract. In addition, the Metro Government wanted to peg future cost-of-living wages to the growth of the Metro Government's occupational license fee revenues by an acceptable formula.

Of the seven completed contracts renewed in July 2003 and July 2004, which affect about 2,200 employees, all contained a 0% wage increase for the first year, and all but one have included the formula (half of a percent increase for each one percent increase in occupational license fees) for future wage increases. The renewal contract with the 1,200 police officers and sergeants, while it contained the agreed upon formula for future wage increases, did provide a 2% floor for the second and third year of the contract. In addition, in the second year of the contract with police officers and sergeants, all will begin to contribute to their health insurance premiums, whereas in previous years only some paid a very nominal amount.

Currently, there are four active negotiations underway. It is anticipated that the pattern of negotiations set out above will continue to result in negotiated agreements that slow the increase in personnel costs to an acceptable level.

ECONOMIC AND DEMOGRAPHIC PROFILE OF LOUISVILLE AND JEFFERSON COUNTY

Introduction

The Louisville/Jefferson County Metro Government ("Metro Louisville"), as created in January 2003 with the merger of the City of Louisville and Jefferson County, is located in the north central part of Kentucky on the south bank of the Ohio River and encompasses more than 385 square miles. It is located in the geographic center of the Ohio River Valley region at a focal point where railroads, highways and the Ohio River converge, offering excellent accessibility to all major markets and is close to the population center of the United States. Metro Louisville, the largest municipality in the state, is a commercial, industrial, medical, educational, cultural and financial center for the greater metropolitan area. Louisville is widely known as the Derby City, because of the running of the famed Kentucky Derby each May at Louisville's Churchill Downs race track.

Population Growth

The following table sets forth information concerning population growth in Louisville and Jefferson County. Comparison with the Commonwealth of Kentucky and the United States serves to illustrate relative growth.

THE METRO GOVERNMENT OF LOUISVILLE AND JEFFERSON COUNTY DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS

			% Change	Estin	% Change	
Area	<u>1990</u>	<u>2000</u>	<u>1990-2000</u>	2007	2008	<u>1990-2008</u>
Louisville/Jefferson County	664,937	693,604	4.3%	709,264	713,877	7.4%
Kentucky	3,685,296	4,041,769	9.7	4,241,474	4,269,245	15.8
United States	248,709,873	281,421,906	13.2	301,621,157	304,059,724	22.3

Source: Bureau of the Census website www.census.gov

Per Capita Personal Income

	<u>1999</u>	<u>2000</u>	<u>2001</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>
Jefferson County	29,573	31,498	33,076	34,186	34,418	36,032	37,223	39,789	41,626	-
Louisville MSA	27,584	29,397	30,351	31,045	34,422	31,788	33,751	35,871	37,473	38,099
Kentucky	22,763	24,413	24,923	25,415	25,863	27,045	28,071	29,542	30,824	31,826
United States	27,939	29,847	30,582	30,838	31,530	33,157	34,690	36,794	38,615	39,582

Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis website www.bea.gov.

Employment

The following table shows the labor force segments of the eight county Louisville Metropolitan Statistical Area for calendar years 1999 through 2008.

Louisville MSA EMPLOYMENT BY INDUSTRY In Thousands

Industry	<u>1999</u>	<u>2000</u>	<u>2001</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	% Change 1999- 2008
Construction & Mining	33.8	34.0	33.6	32.8	32.6	34.1	34.7	33.6	33.9	33.9	0.3
Manufacturing	96.9	96.7	92.5	86.2	82.6	81.2	79.8	79.0	77.3	73.2	(24.5)
Wholesale Trade	30.3	31.4	30.5	29.2	28.8	29.3	29.6	30.2	30.3	30.1	(0.7)
Retail Trade	71.2	70.3	68.6	67.5	65.8	65.5	65.6	65.2	65.4	64.4	(9.6)
Transportation & Public Utilities	40.2	41.8	40.7	38.9	37.0	36.7	38.2	41.6	44.3	43.0	7.0
Financial Activities	37.2	37.6	37.6	38.2	38.8	39.1	39.7	41.9	43.4	43.4	16.7
Information	11.7	12.0	11.9	11.5	10.9	10.2	10.0	10.2	10.5	10.7	(8.5)
Professional & Business Services	61.5	65.0	62.7	62.6	64.2	65.2	68.6	71.6	73.7	74.0	20.3
Education and Health Services	65.6	66.3	67.5	70.4	73.4	75.2	76.6	76.8	78.4	80.2	22.3
Leisure & Hospitality	59.5	58.8	56.6	54.8	55.8	57.4	57.9	59.1	59.9	60.5	1.7
Other Services	29.2	29.3	29.1	29.0	29.1	29.0	28.4	28.1	28.0	27.6	(5.5)
Government	75.2	77.3	77.0	76.1	76.5	76.5	77.6	79.1	79.8	80.6	7.2
Total	<u>612.3</u>	<u>620.5</u>	608.3	<u>597.2</u>	<u>595.5</u>	<u>599.4</u>	<u>606.7</u>	<u>616.4</u>	<u>624.9</u>	<u>621.6</u>	1.5

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics website www.bls.gov.

Note: The Bureau of Labor Statistics converted from the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification System (SIC) to the 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) effective March 2003 with the release of the January 2003 data. The above chart was adjusted to the new format.

Unemployment Rates

The unemployment rate for the metropolitan area was 10.2% as of December 2009. The following table sets forth the unemployment percentage rates in Louisville/Jefferson County, the MSA, the State and the United States for the calendar years 2000-2009.

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009*
Jefferson County	3.7%	4.7%	5.7%	6.2%	5.5%	6.1%	5.8%	5.4%	6.4%	10.3%
Louisville MSA	3.6	4.6	5.4	5.8	5.3	5.9	5.7	5.2	6.3	10.1
Kentucky	4.2	5.2	5.7	6.3	5.6	6.0	5.9	5.6	6.6	10.5
United States	4.0	4.7	5.8	6.0	5.5	5.1	4.6	4.6	5.8	9.3

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics website www.bls.gov.

THE METRO GOVERNMENT OF LOUISVILLE AND JEFFERSON COUNTY MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICS (CONTINUED)

Twenty-Five Largest Employers in the Louisville MSA, excluding government agencies

		Product / Service	Number of Employees
1.	United Parcel Service*	Air express and distribution	20,513
2.	Humana, Inc.*	Managed health care provider	10,096
3.	Norton Health Care*	Health care	8,142
4.	Jewish Hospital & St. Mary's Healthcare, Inc.*	Health care	6,500
5.	Ford Motor Company	Automotive manufacturer	5,624
6.	The Kroger Co.	Retail/grocer	5,263
7.	GE Consumer & Industrial*	Household appliance manufacturer	4,000
8.	Wal-Mart Stores, Inc.	Retail/grocer	3,608
9.	Baptist Healthcare System*	Health care	3,305
10.	University of Louisville Hospital*	Health care	2,573
11.	Catholic Archdiocese of Louisville*	Schools/churches/related activities	2,343
12.	Kindred Healthcare Inc.*	Health care	2,153
13.	YUM Brands*	Restaurant	2,076
14.	E.On U.S. LLC	Electrical and Natural Gas	1,902
15.	AT&T Inc.	Telecommunications	1,700
16.	Horseshoe Southern Indiana	Gaming entertainment	1,697
17.	Publishers Printing Co., LLC	Magazine printer	1,600
18.	Papa John's International Inc.*	Restaurants	1,530
19.	Anthem Blue Cross and Blue Shield	Managed health care / insurance	1,358
20.	JBS Swift & Co.	Pork products	1,350
21.	SHPS, Inc.	Benefits administration	1,349
22.	Floyd Memorial Hospital and Health Services	Health care	1,338
23.	ResCare Inc.	Health care	1,314
24.	Clark Memorial Hospital	Health care	1,270
25.	Securitas Security Services USA Inc.	Security Services	1,150

 $[\]ensuremath{^{*}}$ Indicates Corporate, U.S. Division, or Regional Headquarters.

Source: Business First of Louisville, August 2009.

^{*2009} Unemployment rates for Jefferson County and Louisville MSA are preliminary.

THE METRO GOVERNMENT OF LOUISVILLE AND JEFFERSON COUNTY MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICS (CONTINUED)

Major Public Employers in Louisville/Jefferson County Area

		Product / Service	Number of Employees
1.	Jefferson County Public Schools	K-12 Public education	13,326
2.	University of Louisville	Higher education	6,135
3.	Louisville-Jefferson County Metro Government	Government service	5,811
4.	Kentucky State Government	Government service	4,253
5.	U.S. Government	Federal government service	2,985
6.	U.S. Postal Service	Postal services	2,626
7.	U.S. Census Bureau	Government services	2,491
8.	Louisville VA Medical Center	Health Care	1,656
9.	Bullitt County Public Schools	K-12 Public education	1,591
10.	Oldham County Board of Education	K-12 Public education	1,568
11.	Greater Clark County Schools	K-12 Public education	1,409
12.	New Albany-Floyd County Consolidated School Corp	K-12 Public education	1,390
13.	Shelby County Public Schools	K-12 Public education	995
14.	Jefferson County Community College	Higher education	681
15.	Transit Authority of River City	Public transportation	639

Source: Business First of Louisville, October 2009.

Education

The School System had its beginning in 1975 with the merger of the Louisville and Jefferson County School Systems. The Jefferson County School District is governed by a seven-member Board of Education. Members represent individual election districts, and serve staggered four-year terms. The members elect a chairperson and vice chairperson from the members. The Superintendent is Secretary of the Board and its executive officer. The school system is the largest district in Kentucky and is the 28th largest system in the nation.

The following tables summarize certain information regarding the School System's building facilities and enrollment and attendance trends.

School System Public Education Facilities 2009-2010

Educational Level	Number of Buildings	2009-2010 School Year Enrollment
Elementer	02	49.257
Elementary	92	48,257
Middle	27	20,341
Senior	27	27,492
Special Education	<u>10</u>	<u>2,762</u>
Total	156	98,852

School System Public Schools Enrollment and Attendance

School Year	Enrollment (1)	Average Attendance
1999-2000	95,344	93.1%
2000-2001	95,603	93.4
2001-2002	95,459	94.1
2002-2003	96,188	93.8
2003-2004	96,839	93.7
2004-2005	95,283	93.7
2005-2006	95,841	93.9
2006-2007	98,087	96.1
2007-2008	98,002	96.0
2008-2009	98,796	96.0

⁽¹⁾ Official enrollment as reported by the Commonwealth of Kentucky in September of each school year; 2009-2010 totals have not been published yet.

The Louisville Metropolitan Statistical Area has 21 colleges and universities, including the University of Louisville, Spalding University, Indiana University-Southeast, Bellarmine University and Jefferson Community College. Total higher education enrollment exceeds 61,000 students annually. Eight of Louisville MSA's institutions of higher education offer graduate programs. Several commercial and vocational schools are located in the Louisville MSA.

Manufacturing

In 2008, an average of 73,200 persons were employed in the manufacturing industries in the MSA, engaging in a wide range of activities and producing a variety of products, including food, motor vehicle equipment, textiles and furnishings, machinery and electronics, and consumer products.

Louisville MSA's largest manufacturing employer is Ford Motor Co., with some 5,600 employees, with two separate manufacturing facilities located in Louisville. The second largest, General Electric Company, with some 4,000 employees, also has its plant located in Louisville.

Trade

Louisville is the major wholesale and retail center for the MSA and the Kentuckiana region comprising 16 counties and 1.36 million people in North Central Kentucky and Southern Indiana. Outside the Louisville downtown area there are 119 retail centers with 17.7 million square feet and over 5,200 individual stores, including five regional malls. Total retail trade for the Louisville MSA is more than \$14 billion.

Transportation

The Louisville Metro Area is a regional transportation center with major rail and river lines and three interstates running through its boundaries. In recent years, the metropolitan area has become a major air and logistics hub. Louisville is home to the \$1.1 billion UPS Worldport hub. Louisville Metro is home to a thriving public transportation network with growing bus ridership – through the Transit Authority of River City system – relative to competitive cities.

Three major interstate highways pass directly through Metro Louisville; Interstate 65 and 71 are north-south routes while Interstate 64 is a major east-west route. Interstate 264 (Watterson Expressway), and Interstate 265 (Snyder Freeway) serve as limited-access bypasses around the City. Metro Louisville is served by six railroad

companies, which provide freight service to principal markets throughout the United States. Scheduled commercial airline service is available at Louisville International Airport, four miles south of downtown Metro Louisville. Bowman Field, five miles east of downtown, maintains three paved runways for private plane use. The Louisville and Jefferson County Riverport Authority and several privately owned facilities provide public-use port facilities. Metro Louisville also serves as a U.S. Customs Port of Entry.

Construction

Construction in Metro Louisville is illustrated by the following table describing the number and value of building permits issued by the Department of Inspections, Permits & Licenses of the Metro Government. Construction has grown through most of the 1990's. In 2009, Metro Louisville saw a total dollar volume of permit activity at \$461 million.

THE METRO GOVERNMENT OF LOUISVILLE AND JEFFERSON COUNTY CONSTRUCTION AND BUILDING PERMIT ACTIVITY Ten-Year Summary

	REPAIRS,											
	RESIDI	ENTIAL	NON-RES	IDENTIAL	ALTERA	TIONS, &						
	CONSTR	UCTION	CONSTI	RUCTION	INSTAL	LATIONS	OT	HER				
					NUMBER							
	NUMBER		NUMBER		OF		NUMBER					
CALENDAI	R OF		OF		PERMIT		OF		TOTAL PERMIT			
YEAR	PERMITS	VALUE	PERMITS	VALUE	<u>S</u>	VALUE	PERMITS	VALUE	VALUE			
2000	3,221	474,576,708	1,795	284,488,842	918	112,090,053	592	25,648,695	896,804,298			
2001	3,347	473,810,992	1,612	189,406,009	880	88,773,660	584	22,083,682	774,074,343			
2002	3,175	455,272,789	1,378	155,705,893	924	116,866,518	515	11,609,770	739,454,970			
2003	4,658	578,453,464	1,378	229,474,573	785	252,851,021	512	42,500,699	1,103,279,757			
2004	3,800	536,602,387	1,119	307,971,472	1,498	61,433,974	1,844	29,723,870	935,731,703			
2005	3,287	569,483,122	1,073	874,457,258	1,539	80,018,876	1,628	27,281,042	1,551,240,298			
2006	2,700	449,330,005	265	213,964,521	1,536	133,683,720	1,960	106,423,862	903,402,108			
2007	2,179	394,932,981	305	427,194,948	1,634	175,907,779	2,241	291,947,540	1,289,983,248			
2008	1,938	275,901,698	246	266,789,107	1,535	221,756,945	955	4,138,802	805,835,832			
2009	841	138,622,193	104	111,108,476	2,826	200,567,673	320	11,674,096	461,972,437			

Source: Metro Louisville/Jefferson County Department of Inspections, Permits, and Licenses.

Tourism

Recreation and convention travelers spend about \$1.2 billion a year in Louisville. The Kentucky Fair & Exposition Center features 1 million square feet of ground level exhibit space, making it the tenth largest center in the country. Downtown, the Kentucky International Convention Center (KICC) also serves as a center for business and convention travel. The metro area is home to more than 100 hotels containing 18,000 hotel rooms. The largest hotel, the Galt House Hotel & Suites (with 1,300 rooms), has recently completed a \$60-million renovation.

Medical Facilities

Louisville's strong downtown medical complex includes Norton Hospital, a 719 bed facility; Jewish Hospital, a 442 bed facility; Kosair Children's Hospital, a 253 bed facility; and, University Hospital, a 404 bed facility. Norton includes a cancer center and spine institute, as well as two additional locations: Norton Audubon, a 480 bed facility and Norton Suburban Hospital, a 380 bed facility. Jewish Hospital is home to a hand-surgery institute, which was the first in the United States to perform a successful hand transplant; its heart surgery program was the first in the nation to implant an AbioMed artificial heart. University Hospital specializes in trauma care and houses a burn unit that serves the western half of the state. The community has a number of regional hospitals and outpatient care centers as well.

Recreation and Cultural

Churchill Downs, home to the Kentucky Derby, offers two seasons of thoroughbred horse racing. Louisville is also home to the Louisville Bats, a Triple-A affiliate of the Cincinnati Reds baseball team. Metro Parks

operates 123 parks on about 14,000 acres, including the 6,057-acre Jefferson Memorial Forest, the nation's largest municipally owned woods. Louisville has a professional orchestra, opera, ballet, and children's theater. Actors Theatre of Louisville is nationally known for its annual Humana Festival of New American Plays. Louisville's Zoo attracted over 835,000 children and adults during fiscal year 2009; its Gorilla Forest won the 2003 exhibit award from the American Zoo and Aquarium Association. The city's Waterfront Park serves about 1.5 million visitors annually. Louisville museums include The Speed Art Museum, the Louisville Slugger Museum, the Louisville Science Center and the Kentucky Museum of Art and Craft. The Frazier International History Museum opened in 2004 and is the only location outside Great Britain to see the collection of its Royal Armouries. The Muhammad Ali Center and 21C, a modern art museum, opened in 2006.

MISCELLANEOUS

The information contained in this Information Statement has been compiled from official and other sources deemed to be reliable, and while not guaranteed as to completeness or accuracy, is believed to be correct as of this date.

Any statements made in this Information Statement involving matters of opinion or of estimates, whether or not so expressly stated, are set forth as such and not as representation of fact, and no representation is made that any of the estimates will be realized. The information and expressions of opinion herein are subject to change without notice and neither the delivery of this Information Statement nor any sale of securities made using this Information Statement shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the Metro Government since the date hereof.

APPENDIX B

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the Louisville/Jefferson County Metro Government for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 (see pages 93-114 for Statistical Information)

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

LOUISVILLE-JEFFERSON COUNTY METRO GOVERNMENT LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY



Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

JERRY E. ABRAMSON Mayor

Prepared by:
Office of Management & Budget

LOUISVILLE/JEFFERSON COUNTY METRO GOVERNMENT COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

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LOUISVILLE/JEFFERSON COUNTY METRO GOVERNMENT COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

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CONTROL OF THE MAYOR

JERRY E. ABRAMSON MAYOR December 29, 2009

To The Citizens of Louisville:

I am pleased to present the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the Louisville Metro Government for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. Over the past few years, we have laid out a vision for a stronger, safer Louisville and continued to invest in improvements that are paying off for our citizens and our hometown. This fiscal year we continued to make progress, despite the continuing national economic recession, the recovery from two natural disasters, and increases in mandated personnel costs.

During fiscal year 2009, Louisville Metro Government continued to invest in the MetroSafe Emergency Communications Network, a headquarters and technology system to better connect our emergency responders and improve response to citizens in need. This fiscal year we completed construction on two firehouses and authorized funding for a third firehouse as part of our 21st Century Fire plan, the largest financial investment in fire modernization in the city's history. We built the Newburg Library, the first new branch library in decades. Louisville Metro continued to improve public safety, define Louisville as a "City of Parks", strengthen neighborhoods, and make government more efficient and effective.

This is the seventh annual report issued for the consolidated government, since the merger of the City of Louisville and Jefferson County governments on January 6, 2003. As a result of prudent fiscal management, the undesignated fund balance at the close of fiscal year 2009 remained flat at \$65.4 million, or about 14 percent of total general fund expenditures. This annual report reflects a government that is financially solid, despite a global economic downturn that poses great fiscal challenges for local governments.

As a result of our continued strong financial operations and management policies, Moody's, Standard and Poor's and Fitch, recently reconfirmed the long-term ratings on Louisville Metro (AA2, AA+, AA+ respectively). These ratings reflect a diverse economic base anchored by strong businesses in the Louisville community, including large health service and transportation sectors and a thriving central business district. This year's financial report demonstrates the continuing success of our efforts to better serve the citizens of Louisville Metro.

Sincerely,

Jerry E. Abramson

Mayor



OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT & BUDGET LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY

JERRY E. ABRAMSON MAYOR JANE C. DRISKELL DIRECTOR

December 28, 2009

To the Citizens of Metro Louisville:

As the Director of the Office of Management and Budget for the Louisville Metro Government, I have the distinct pleasure of submitting the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report ("CAFR") for the year ended June 30, 2009. This is the seventh CAFR issued for Metro Government under the new merged government. On January 6, 2003 the Jefferson County Fiscal Court and the City of Louisville Governments merged and formed a new entity called the Louisville/Jefferson County Metropolitan Government ("Louisville Metro Government").

I have overseen completion of this CAFR. Responsibility for the accuracy, completeness and fairness of the data, including all disclosures, rests with the management of Louisville Metro Government. To the best of my knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to report fairly the financial position and results of operations of Louisville Metro Government. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of Louisville Metro Government's financial activities are included. There were no changes to any financial policies that had a significant impact on the current year's financial statements.

Louisville Metro Government is a public body corporate and politic, duly created and existing as a political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Kentucky under the Constitution and laws of the Commonwealth. The Metro Government is governed by an elected Mayor and the Metro Council composed of twenty-six council members (elected from each of the twenty-six council districts for staggered terms initially commencing on January 6, 2003, and eventually all extending for four years). All executive and administrative power of the consolidated local government is vested in the office of the Mayor. As outlined in the organizational chart included in this report, the administration of Louisville Metro Government has divided operations into a 12-department structure.

Louisville Metro Government provides some of the following services: public safety, streets and roads, sanitation, health and social services, culture and recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and other administrative services.

Budgets are adopted consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. On or before June 1 of each year, pursuant to state statue, the Mayor proposes an Executive Budget to the Metro

Council. On or before June 30 of each year, as required by state statue, the Metro Council adopts the Executive Budget as it may have been amended, as the approved budget for the fiscal year beginning July 1. An affirmative vote of a majority of the Metro Council is required to change the proposed appropriations, to amend the budget once it has been approved, or to approve any supplemental appropriations. All budget adjustments at the department level must be approved by the Chief Financial Officer consistent with the approved budget. The capital improvements budget and program for Louisville Metro Government is prepared annually to include a program of proposed capital expenditures for the ensuing fiscal year and the four fiscal years thereafter.

The 2009 CAFR reflects a government that continues to be financially strong. In fiscal year 2009, Louisville Metro Government experienced a projected revenue shortfall, but the budgetary restrictions imposed compensated for the shortfall and contributed to Louisville Metro Government's financial stability. The primary reason for the decrease in revenue is the increased unemployment and lower business earnings, which directly impact Louisville Metro Government largest source of revenue, occupational taxes. This letter should be read in conjunction with the Management's Discussion & Analysis, beginning on page 5 of this report.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of Louisville Metro Government are protected from loss, theft or misuse, and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the presentation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: a) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived, and b) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

Single Audit. As a recipient of federal and state assistance, Louisville Metro Government is responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by management.

Louisville Metro Government is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act of 1984 and the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of State and Local Governments. Information related to this single audit, including the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, findings and recommendations, and auditor's reports on the internal control structure and compliance with applicable laws and regulations, is provided in a separate report.

As a part of Louisville Metro Government's single audit described above, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the internal control structure, including that portion related to federal financial assistance programs, as well as to determine that we have complied with applicable laws and regulations. Louisville Metro Government believes that the statements and schedules

included in the financial section of this report continue to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.

OTHER INFORMATION

Independent Audit. Kentucky law (KRS 64.810) allows the Auditor of Public Accounts ("APA") to perform the annual audit of the funds of Louisville Metro Government. A copy of the Auditor of Public Accounts report is included in this report. In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in state statutes, the audit also was designed to meet the requirements of the federal Single Audit Act of 1984, Single Audit Amendments of 1996, Government Auditing Standards and the Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133.

Acknowledgments. The preparation of the seventh CAFR for Louisville Metro Government was made possible by the dedicated service of the staff of the Office of Management and Budget. Each member of the department has my sincere appreciation for the contributions made in the preparation of this report for Louisville Metro Government.

Respectfully submitted,

fine Diskell Sistemk

Jane Driskell Sistrunk

Director, Office of Management and Budget

Chief Financial Officer



Louisville Metro Government Executive Branch

OFFICE OF THE MAYOR

Communications
Affirmative Action
Louisville At Work
Intergovernmental Relations

OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET

Finance Operations • Budget Revenue Commission

RELATED AGENCIES

Human Relations Commission
Louisville Convention & Visitors Bureau
Louisville Free Public Library
Louisville Metro Housing Authority
Louisville Regional Airport Authority
Louisville Science Center
Louisville Water Company
Louisville Zoo
Metropolitan Sewer District
Office of Internal Audit
Transit Authority of River City
Waterfront Development Corporation

Mayor

Deputy Mayor

DEPARTMENTS

PUBLIC PROTECTION

Louisville Fire • Suburban Fire Districts • Emergency Medical Services

Emergency Management Agency/MetroSafe • Youth Detention Services • Corrections

Animal Services • Criminal Justice Commission

LOUISVILLE METRO POLICE

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Metro Development • Downtown Development • Riverport Authority • Redevelopment Authority • Parking Authority • Air Pollution Control District • KentuckianaWorks

CODES AND REGULATIONS

Inspections, Permits and Licenses • Planning and Design Services

PARKS AND RECREATION

HOUSING AND FAMILY SERVICES

Community Action Partnership . Human Services . Housing

PUBLIC HEALTH AND WELLNESS

Community Health Services • Environmental Health Services • Center for Health Equity

NEIGHBORHOODS

MetroCall • Brightside • Community Outreach

PUBLIC WORKS AND ASSETS

Streets and Roads • Solid Waste Management • Fleet • Facilities • Project Management Property Management

TECHNOLOGY SERVICES

Archives • Phone Services

HUMAN RESOURCES

LOUISVILLE/JEFFERSON COUNTY METRO GOVERNMENT



Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

HONORABLE JERRY E. ABRAMSON	MAYOR
METRO COUNCIL MEMBERS	
JUDY GREEN	DISTRICT 1
BARBARA SHANKLIN	
MARY C. WOOLRIDGE	DISTRICT 3
DAVID TANDY	DISTRICT 4
CHERI BRYANT HAMILTON	DISTRICT 5
GEORGE UNSELD	
KENNETH C. FLEMING	DISTRICT 7
TOM OWEN	DISTRICT 8
TINA WARD-PUGH	DISTRICT 9
JIM KING	DISTRICT 10
KEVIN KRAMER	DISTRICT 11
RICK BLACKWELL	DISTRICT 12
VICKI WELCH	DISTRICT 13
ROBERT HENDERSON	DISTRICT 14
MARIANNE BUTLER	DISTRICT 15
KELLY DOWNARD	DISTRICT 16
GLEN STUCKEL	DISTRICT 17
JON ACKERSON	DISTRICT 18
HAL HEINER	DISTRICT 19
STUART BENSON	DISTRICT 20
DAN JOHNSON	DISTRICT 21
ROBIN ENGEL	DISTRICT 22
JAMES PEDEN	DISTRICT 23
MADONNA FLOOD	DISTRICT 24
DOUG HAWKINS	DISTRICT 25
BRENT ACKERSON	DISTRICT 26

OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET

JANE DRISKELL SISTRUNK	DIRECTOR/CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER
KEVIN MOORE	CONTROLLER



Honorable Jerry Abramson, Mayor and Louisville/Jefferson County Metro Council

Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Louisville/Jefferson County Metro Government (Metro Government), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise Metro Government's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Metro Government's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We did not audit the financial statements of some component units and funds that comprise Metro Government. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for those component units and funds is based upon the reports of the other auditors. Those component units and funds were:

Governmental Funds:

• Capital Projects Corporation

Proprietary Funds:

• Louisville/Jefferson County Metro Revenue Commission

Fiduciary Funds:

- Louisville/Jefferson County Metro Revenue Commission
- Mass Transit

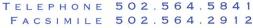
Discretely Presented Component Units:

- Louisville Water Company
- Parking Authority of River City, Inc.
- Transit Authority of River City
- Louisville/Jefferson County Riverport Authority
- Metropolitan Sewer District
- Louisville Science Center

Those financial statements reflect total assets and revenues of the government-wide financial statements and total assets and revenues or additions of the fund financial statements as follows:

	Percent of Assets	Percent of Revenues/Additions
Government-Wide Financial Statements		
Primary Government – Governmental Activities	5%	1%
Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units	100%	100%
Fund Financial Statements		
Governmental Funds – Non-Major Funds	2%	91%
Proprietary Funds – Internal Service Funds	71%	7%
Fiduciary Funds – Agency Funds	54%	97%







Honorable Jerry Abramson, Mayor and Louisville/Jefferson County Metro Council Page 2

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit and the reports of other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement (GASBS) No. 33, considered accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, requires certain revenues in the funds to be recognized when measurable and available, and once applicable eligibility requirements are met. Revenues recorded in the government-wide financial statements are not required to meet the criteria of availability. Metro Government did not properly recognize certain revenues as required by GASBS No. 33. The result of this improper recognition is an overstatement of accounts receivable and unearned/deferred revenue in the governmental activities and Special Revenue Fund. The amount by which this departure would affect the assets, liabilities, fund balance and revenues is not reasonably determinable.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, except for the effects of the departure from generally accepted accounting principles referred to in the preceding paragraph, the financial statements referred to above, present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and Special Revenue Fund of Metro Government, as of June 30, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In addition, in our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above, present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the aggregate discretely presented component units, the General Fund, Capital Projects Fund, Special Purpose Fund and aggregate remaining fund information of Metro Government, as of June 30, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 5 through 12, and budgetary comparison schedules on 81, and schedules of funding progress and employer contributions on page 82 are not required parts of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Metro Government's basic financial statements. The introductory section, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and the statistical section, listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements of Metro Government. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements and in the audits performed by other auditors and, in our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, is fairly presented, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a

Honorable Jerry Abramson, Mayor and Louisville/Jefferson County Metro Council Page 3

whole. The information presented in the introductory and statistical sections has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied by us and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we will also issue our report dated December 28, 2009 on our consideration of Metro Government's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Respectfully submitted

Crit Luallen

Auditor of Public Accounts

December 28, 2009



Our discussion and analysis of Louisville/Jefferson County Metro Government's ("Metro Government") financial performance provides an overview of Metro Government's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. Please read it in conjunction with the Metro Government's financial statements, which begin on page 15.

Financial Highlights

- Total assets of the primary government exceeded total liabilities by \$596 million at the close of fiscal year 2009. This amount includes approximately \$12.9 million in negative unrestricted net assets.
- Total net assets decreased by \$8.9 million.
- At the end of fiscal year 2009, Metro Government's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of approximately \$172 million. This was a decrease of approximately \$27.8 million from the end of fiscal year 2008.
- At the end of fiscal year 2009, unassigned general fund balance was \$65.4 million or 13% of total general fund expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements

Management's discussion and analysis ("MD&A") are provided to serve as an introduction to the basic financial statements that follow. Metro Government's basic financial statements consist of the following: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements provide information about the activities of Metro Government as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Metro Government's finances.

One of the most important questions raised about the Metro Government's finances is whether the Metro Government as a whole is better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities. The Statement of Net Assets (page 15) and the Statement of Activities (pages 16-17) report information about the Metro Government as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Metro Government's net assets and changes in them. Metro Government's net assets, the difference between assets, what the citizens own, and liabilities, what the citizens owe, is one way to measure the Metro Government's financial health, or financial position. Increases or decreases in the Metro Government's net assets over time are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. Additional non-financial factors should be considered, such as changes in the Metro Government's property tax base and the condition of the Metro Government's capital assets (roads, buildings, etc.) in assessing the overall health of the Metro Government.

Metro Government's basic services are reported in the governmental activities section of the government-wide financial statements, including the police, fire, general administration, streets, and parks. Occupational taxes, property taxes, fines, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

If a fee is charged to customers to help the Metro Government cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides, those activities are considered to be business-type activities in most cases. The primary government did not report any business-type activities in fiscal year 2009.

The Metro Government includes the Louisville Water Company, the Parking Authority of River City, Inc., the Transit Authority of River City, the Louisville and Jefferson County Riverport Authority, the Louisville and Jefferson County Metropolitan Sewer District, and the Louisville Science Center, Inc. in its report as discretely presented component units. These legally separate component units are important because the Metro Government is financially accountable for them, and in the case of the Louisville Water Company, 100% of its stock is owned by the Metro Government. All of the component units separately issue their own respective financial statements, including MD&A, which should be read in conjunction with these statements.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about Metro Government's most significant funds – not the Metro Government as a whole as presented in the government-wide financial statements. Fund financial statements begin on page 18. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, other funds are established, as needed, to help control and manage money for particular purposes (such as the Special Purpose Fund) or to show that Metro Government is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money (for example, grants received from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development).

The Metro Government's two kinds of funds, governmental and proprietary, use different accounting approaches (as discussed further in Note 1). The Metro Government also uses fiduciary funds, which are separate funds from the governmental and proprietary funds described below. Fiduciary funds are not included in the Metro Government's government-wide financial statements.

Governmental funds: Most of the Metro Government's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using accounting methods called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash.

The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Metro Government's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Metro Government's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in a reconciliation following the fund financial statements.

Proprietary funds: Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that activities are reported in the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities. Metro Government uses internal service funds, such as the Metro Government's Insurance and Risk Management Fund, to report activities that provide supplies and services to the Metro Government's other programs and activities.

Fiduciary funds: Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. These funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the Metro Government's own activities or programs. The basis of accounting for fiduciary funds is similar to that of proprietary funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the information provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 33.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required and other supplementary information. Required supplementary information includes a budgetary to actual comparison of Metro Government's general fund and a schedule of funding progress and employer contributions for Metro Government's pension and benefit trust fund. Required supplementary information begins on page 81. Metro Government presents combining financial statements for the nonmajor, internal service, and agency funds as other supplementary information. This information begins on page 84.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Net assets serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position over time. Metro Government's assets exceeded liabilities by approximately \$596 million at June 30, 2009.

LOUIS VILLE/JEFFERS ON COUNTY METRO GOVERNMENT NET ASSETS

(amounts in thousands as of June 30,)

				Total
	Govern	men	ıtal	Percentage
	 Acti	vities	S	Change
	2008		2009	2008-2009
Current and other assets	\$ 311,252	\$	295,104	-5.2%
Capital assets	 795,006		860,175	8.2%
Total assets	1,106,258		1,155,279	4.4%
Long-term liabilities	 415,502		465,030	11.9%
Other liabilities	 85,757		94,172	9.8%
Total liabilities	501,259		559,202	11.6%
Net assets				
Invested in capital assets,				
net of related debt	504,736		537,460	6.5%
Restricted	81,047		71,551	-11.7%
Unrestricted	 19,216		(12,934)	-167.3%
Total net assets	\$ 604,999	\$	596,077	-1.5%

Current and other assets decreased by 5.2% mainly as a result of a decreased balance of restricted assets which were released for use on capital projects. The decrease in restricted assets is offset by an increase in capital assets as funds were spent on capitalizable projects. Long term liabilities increased 11.9% related to the Bond Anticipation Note of \$44 million that Metro Government issued during fiscal year 2009.

The largest portion of Metro Government's net assets for governmental activities reflects the investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, and infrastructure) less any related debt outstanding used to acquire those assets. Metro Government uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens. These assets are not available for future spending and cannot be liquidated to repay the related debt.

This is a summary of the Metro Government's changes in net assets:

LOUIS VILLE/JEFFERS ON COUNTY METRO GOVERNMENT CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

For the Year Ended June 30

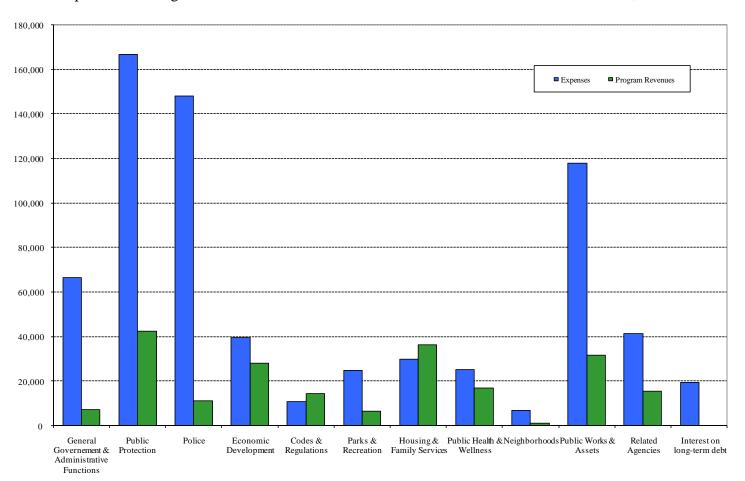
(amounts in thousands)

Governmental

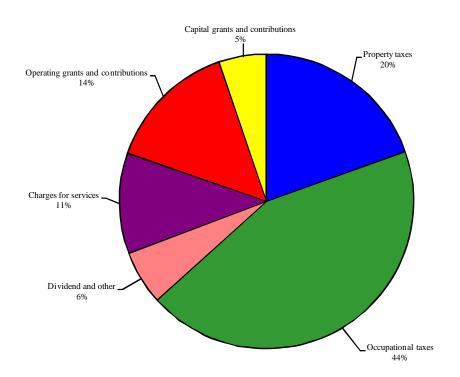
	GOVELL	шисп	ıaı
	Activ	vities	
	2008		2009
Revenues			
Program revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 78,058	\$	76,089
Operating grants and contributions	82,810		99,302
Capital grants and contributions	31,815		37,242
General revenues:			
Property taxes	133,966		134,091
Other taxes	309,492		301,344
Other	47,815		41,169
Total revenues	683,956		689,237
Expenses			
General Government & Administrative Functions	68,656		66,605
Public Protection	168,126		166,737
Police	140,438		147,980
Economic Development	25,276		39,617
Codes & Regulations	11,289		12,221
Parks & Recreation	25,132		24,615
Housing & Family Services	28,845		29,872
Public Health & Wellness	26,796		25,067
Neighborhoods	8,195		6,878
Public Works & Assets	130,173		117,839
Related Agencies	53,572		41,303
Interest on long-term debt	14,425		19,425
Total expenses	700,923		698,159
Increase (decrease) in net assets	(16,967)		(8,922)
Net assetsbeginning	621,966		604,999
Net assetsending	\$ 604,999	\$	596,077

Governmental activities decreased \$8.9 million in fiscal year 2009 versus a decrease of \$17 million in the prior fiscal year. Total revenue increased only \$3.8 million over fiscal year 2008 while expenses decreased \$4.2 million. Metro Government experienced the largest decrease in revenue from the collection of occupational taxes. Occupational taxes are directly related to the employment level in the community and unemployment has increased from 6.5% at June 30, 2008 to 10.7% at June 30, 2009. Metro Government was able to offset the decrease in occupational taxes with increased revenue from grants and contributions. Metro Government was able to decrease expenses in many areas through planned budget reductions and decreased spending.

Expenses and Program Revenue – Governmental Activities – For the Year Ended June 30, 2009:



Revenues by Source – Governmental Activities – For the Year Ended June 30, 2009:



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

At the close of fiscal year 2009, Metro Government's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$172 million. This is a decrease of \$27.8 million from fiscal year 2008. Metro Government reports fund balance as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned (refer to Note 1 for detailed information on the fund balance classifications). Metro Government had \$65.4 million of unassigned fund balance available in the General Fund at June 30, 2009. Unassigned fund balance of the General Fund (Metro Government's main operating fund) represents approximately 13% of total general fund expenditures for fiscal year 2009.

The General Fund's fund balance decreased \$6.8 million during fiscal year 2009 as compared to a decrease of \$16.3 million in fiscal year 2008. While General Fund revenues decreased primarily due to a decrease in occupational tax revenue, revenues from donations and intergovernmental sources also decreased due to the economic downturn in fiscal year 2009. Metro Government was able to offset the decrease in revenue in part through planned budgetary reductions in expenditures and decreases in transfers to capital funds from the General Fund.

The Special Revenue Fund's fund balance decreased \$9.6 million during fiscal year 2009 as compared to a \$1.4 million increase in fiscal year 2008. Intergovernmental revenues of the Special Revenue Fund increased primarily as a result of recognition of revenue from the federal government related to two natural disasters the Metro Louisville area experienced during fiscal year 2009. Expenditures in several Metro Government departments increased during fiscal year 2009 versus fiscal year 2008 directly as a result of these natural disasters. In addition to this

increase in operating expenditures, capital outlay also increased as the MetroSafe project was nearing completion in fiscal year 2009.

The Capital Projects Fund's fund balance decreased \$14.7 million during fiscal year 2009 as compared to an \$11.8 million decrease in fiscal year 2008. While revenues in the Capital Projects Fund were relatively at the same levels as fiscal year 2008, expenditures in the Capital Projects Fund increased as bond proceeds from the bond issue in fiscal year 2009 were spent on various capital projects. The Capital Projects Fund also received less funding in fiscal year 2009 from the General Fund to finance capital projects.

Metro Government's Special Purpose Fund has been reclassified from a nonmajor fund to a major fund in fiscal year 2009. This is the first year since the formation of Metro Government that this fund has been considered a major fund. The Special Purpose Fund's fund balance increased \$4.8 million in fiscal year 2009 versus a \$4.9 million increase in fiscal year 2008. Revenues and expenditures of this fund have remained relatively flat in fiscal year 2009 from fiscal year 2008.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Actual expenditures were \$99.5 million below the final budgeted amounts. The largest variance between budget and actual amounts relate to fleet and depreciation adjustments which were approximately \$35.6 million in fiscal year 2009. These amounts are included in budgeted recoveries (within charges for service) and as budgeted departmental expenditures, but are not reflected in actual totals presented in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report ("CAFR") because they are interagency charges and are eliminated.

Debt service for Metro Government is budgeted in the General Fund, but is reflected as a transfer out of the General Fund and the debt service expenditures recorded in the debt service funds. In addition to the eliminations for fleet and depreciation and transfers for debt service, expenditures were also under budget due to required departmental reductions in spending due to the decrease in revenue collections.

Capital Asset And Debt Administration

Capital Assets

Metro Government held \$860 million of assets, net of accumulated depreciation at June 30, 2009. Depreciation charges for fiscal year 2009 totaled \$42 million.

LOUIS VILLE/JEFFERS ON COUNTY METRO GOVERNMENT CAPITAL ASSETS

(net of depreciation)

			Total Percentage Change
	2008	2009	2008-2009
Land	\$ 295,248,986	\$ 311,097,040	5.4%
Land improvements	46,191,343	44,683,264	-3.3%
Buildings	213,295,262	233,526,601	9.5%
Machinery and equipment	12,811,495	11,618,758	-9.3%
Vehicles	31,156,109	30,536,088	-2.0%
Collections and works of art	8,792,882	8,335,727	-5.2%
Infrastructure	116,679,736	103,231,060	-11.5%
Construction in progress	70,830,068	 117,146,879	65.4%
Total	\$ 795,005,881	\$ 860,175,417	8.2%

Land increased primarily due to the acquisition of land by the Metro Development Authority in downtown Louisville for future economic development. In addition to increases in land, buildings also increased as Metro Government built and opened two new fire stations during fiscal year 2009. See Note 4 for additional detail on Capital Assets.

Debt Administration

At year-end, the Metro Government has outstanding debt as shown in the following table:

LOUIS VILLE/JEFFERS ON COUNTY METRO GOVERNMENT OUTSTANDING DEBT ADMINISTRATION

(amounts in thousands)

			Total
			Percentage
			Change
	2008	2009	2008-2009
General obligation debt	\$ 226,894	\$ 275,187	21.3%
Revenue bonds	 128,131	99,442	-22.4%
Total	\$ 355,025	\$ 374,629	5.5%

Metro Government assumed all long-term debt of the former City of Louisville and Jefferson County upon merger in January 2003. During the year, total debt of the Metro Government increased by \$19.6 million. Additional information on the Metro Government's long-term debt activity can be found in Note 8 of this report.

Future Economic Factors

The most recent unemployment rate for the Metro Louisville (October 2009) is 10.3%. The unemployment rates nationally and for Kentucky are 9.5% and 10.7% respectively. Metro Government's largest source of revenue, occupational taxes, is directly related to the

employment rates in Metro Louisville. Metro Government's fiscal year 2010 budget reflects the expected decrease in revenue and appropriations for expenditures.

Downtown Louisville, however, continues to experience growth and development. The multipurpose Louisville Arena will open in November 2010 and the Fourth Street entertainment district continues to expand. The downtown medical center continues to expand and the number of downtown market rate housing units continues to increase.

Contacting Metro Government's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of Metro Government's finances and to show Metro Government's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact Metro Government's Office of Management and Budget, 611 West Jefferson Street, Louisville, Kentucky, 40202.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

LOUISVILLE/JEFFERSON COUNTY METRO GOVERNMENT STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2009

Primary Government

		Government	_	
	G	overnmental	_	Component
		Activities		Units
ASSETS	'			_
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	77,890,550	\$	80,838,714
Investments		123,767,482		76,052,120
Receivables, net of allowance for				
uncollectible amounts		82,147,205		67,795,009
Inventories		570,596		18,777,592
Prepaid items and deferred charges		2,983,313		42,061,705
Assets restricted by bond indentures and				
other legal provisions		7,744,734		99,247,976
Non-utility property				198,557
Investments in direct financing lease				57,670,671
Capital assets:				
Land and improvements		315,045,473		28,298,151
Construction in progress		117,146,879		285,137,527
Works of art		255,000		
Infrastructure		910,636,238		3,211,369,599
Other capital assets		647,834,713		405,474,978
Less accumulated depreciation		(1,130,742,886)		(1,134,207,665)
Capital assets, net		860,175,417		2,796,072,590
Total assets		1,155,279,297		3,238,714,934
LIABILITIES				_
Accounts payable and accrued payroll		40,019,663		48,113,072
Due to other government agencies		15,830,031		11,427,444
Notes payable		2,000,000		
Unearned revenue		35,573,467		20,587,905
Other liabilities		749,405		24,147,965
Dividend payable				1,455,710
Long-term liabilities:				
Due within one year		125,680,000		43,555,043
Due in more than one year		339,350,000		1,688,761,911
Total liabilities		559,202,566		1,838,049,050
NET ASSETS				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		537,459,886		1,182,860,544
Restricted for:				
Capital projects		71,526,320		63,645,553
Debt service		24,645		100,225,000
Unrestricted		(12,934,120)		53,934,787
Total net assets	\$	596,076,731	\$	1,400,665,884

LOUISVILLE/JEFFERSON COUNTY METRO GOVERNMENT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

					Prog	ram Revenues				
			(Charges for	-	rating Grants		pital Grants		Net (Expense)
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services	and	Contributions	and	Contributions		Revenue
Primary government:										
Governmental activities:										
General Government:	_		_						_	
Metro Council	\$	6,108,261	\$	2,050	\$	4,000			\$	(6,102,211)
Mayor's Office		2,831,226				20,913				(2,810,313)
Policy and Strategic Planning		630,283								(630,283)
County Attorney		7,739,457		192,377						(7,547,080)
Other Elected Officials		8,447,803		247,024		115,050				(8,085,729)
Public Protection:							_			
Fire		55,579,312		259,061		2,275,799	\$	182,422		(52,862,030)
Emergency Medical Services		24,751,106		13,431,725		144,452		227,873		(10,947,056)
Emergency Management		16,769,397		3,276,508		504,923		8,477,131		(4,510,835)
Corrections		50,874,687		2,134,729		6,298,903				(42,441,055)
Youth Detention Services		10,088,612		192,264		3,031,003		20.110		(6,865,345)
Animal Control Services		3,005,658		1,409,306		37,063		29,449		(1,529,840)
Criminal Justice Commission		669,290				267,688		123,001		(278,601)
Firefighters' Pension Fund		2,894,744								(2,894,744)
Policemen's Retirement Fund		2,103,721								(2,103,721)
Police		147,980,259		1,343,839		8,374,184		1,542,723		(136,719,513)
Economic Development:										
Metro Development Authority		34,117,274		8,080,332		15,406,075		91,043		(10,539,824)
Air Pollution Control		5,499,818		2,866,078		1,714,998				(918,742)
Codes & Regulations:										
Inspections, Permits and Licenses		8,060,644		13,126,794		1,921,358				6,987,508
Planning and Design Services		4,159,650		428,293		188,663				(3,542,694)
Parks & Recreation		24,615,331		4,908,282		452,821		1,195,373		(18,058,855)
Housing & Family Services:										
Housing		6,021,403		1,512,710		5,030,356		15,983,817		16,505,480
Human Services		12,212,688		18,651		1,922,929		1,229,419		(9,041,689)
Community Action Partnership		11,637,718		35,234		10,624,033				(978,451)
Public Health & Wellness		25,066,813		1,210,341		15,385,197		236,367		(8,234,908)
Neighborhoods		6,878,355		386,312		749,597				(5,742,446)
Public Works & Assets										
Public Works		49,695,970		308,729		20,615,835		3,037,320		(25,734,086)
General Services Administration		45,072,779		3,144,049		261,050		140,655		(41,527,025)
Solid Waste Management Services		23,069,602		1,730,102		1,893,930		350,327		(19,095,243)
Information Technology		12,428,088		1,107,018						(11,321,070)
Finance & Administration		23,929,387		5,686,981		143,569				(18,098,837)
Human Resources		4,492,419		9,760						(4,482,659)
Related Agencies										(0.5.0.40.0)
Human Relations Commission		926,118				96,712				(829,406)
Louisville Free Public Library		20,237,643		118,664		429,266		302,125		(19,387,588)
Louisville Zoological Gardens		14,256,138		8,519,092		762,477		3,817		(4,970,752)
Internal Audit		693,880								(693,880)
Waterfront Development Corporation		5,189,003		402,224		628,682		4,089,465		(68,632)
Interest expense	_	19,424,674	-	7 5 000 73 0		00 201 52 5		25.212.225	Φ.	(19,424,674)
Total governmental activities	\$	698,159,211	\$	76,088,529	\$	99,301,526	\$	37,242,327	\$	(485,526,829)
Component units:	Φ.	117.70 < 200	¢.	126 742 202			d.	11.062.462	¢	20.070.460
Louisville Water Company	\$	117,726,208	\$	136,743,203			\$	11,962,468	\$	30,979,463
Parking Authority of River City, Inc.		13,040,208		15,637,334	ф	50 100 042		1,011,813		3,608,939
Transit Authority of River City		73,158,189		11,692,790	\$	58,189,043				(3,276,356)
Louisville and Jefferson County Riverport Authority		6,388,292		1,643,056				11 (00 000		(4,745,236)
Metropolitan Sewer District		198,245,000		167,556,000				11,689,000		(19,000,000)
Louisville Science Center, Inc.	- dr	5,355,035	<u>e</u>	4,809,512	ф.	E0 100 042	ф.	24.662.201	<u>e</u>	(545,523)
Total component units	\$	413,912,932	\$	338,081,895	\$	58,189,043	\$	24,663,281	\$	7,021,287

LOUISVILLE/JEFFERSON COUNTY METRO GOVERNMENT

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES (continued)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

Primary Covernment

		Government		
	- 6	overnmental	_	
		Activities	Co	omponent Units
Net (expense) revenue (from preceding page)	\$	(485,526,829)	\$	7,021,287
General revenues:				
Taxes:				
Property taxes, levied for general purposes		134,091,146		
Occupational taxes		301,344,426		
Investment income		3,950,500		28,232,015
Dividends		17,288,555		
Other intergovernmental revenue		11,291,887		
Gain on sale of assets		1,622,208		
Other taxes		269,634		
Rental receipts		1,950,901		
Miscellaneous		4,795,016		4,051,235
Total general revenues		476,604,273		32,283,250
Change in net assets		(8,922,556)		39,304,537
Net assetsbeginning		604,999,287		1,361,361,347
Net assetsending	\$	596,076,731	\$	1,400,665,884

LOUISVILLE/JEFFERSON COUNTY METRO GOVERNMENT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2009

		General Fund	Spe	ecial Revenue Fund	Pı	Capital cojects Fund	Sp	ecial Purpose Fund		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS												
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables:	\$	6,615,452 44,094,382			\$	4,697,554 31,649,617	\$	3,675,270 24,762,012	\$	357,884 2,116,694	\$	15,346,160 102,622,705
Taxes receivable, less allowance for uncollectible amounts Accounts receivable and		3,685,142										3,685,142
accrued interest Loans receivable, less allowance		18,493,403	\$	6,704,377		40,434				22,584		25,260,798
for uncollectible amounts Notes receivable		1,746,720		8,557,297		2,276,607 3,724,066						12,580,624 3,724,066
Due from federal government				29,697,349								29,697,349
Due from state government				6,824,987								6,824,987
Due from other funds		38,602,254								640,761		39,243,015
Inventories		570,596										570,596
Prepaid items		1,470,667		91,475								1,562,142
Restricted assets: Cash and cash equivalents						7,720,089				24,645		7,744,734
Total assets	\$	115,278,616	\$	51,875,485	\$	50,108,367	\$	28,437,282	\$	3,162,568	\$	248,862,318
	_	,,			_		_			-,,	Ť	
LIABILITIES	¢.	11 027 752	d.	7.007.222	¢.	2 221 720	¢.	281.289	Ф	2 900	Ф	22 220 002
Accounts payable	\$	11,826,653 13,113,382	\$	7,886,332 208,054	\$	3,231,729	\$	281,289	\$	2,800	\$	23,228,803 13,321,436
Accrued payroll and withholdings Due to other funds		13,113,382										
Matured bonds and interest payable				10,993,822						640,761		10,993,822 640,761
Notes payable						2,000,000				040,701		2,000,000
Deferred revenue		8,504,034		17,869,344		2,000,000						26,373,378
Other liabilities		749,405		17,002,544								749,405
Total liabilities		34,193,474		36,957,552		5,231,729		281,289		643,561		77,307,605
FUND BALANCES												
Nonspendable		3,787,983		8,648,772		4,000,673						16,437,428
Restricted for:		5,707,705		0,0.0,772		.,000,072						10,107,120
Debt service reserve										24,645		24,645
Other capital projects						7,720,089						7,720,089
Committed		6,499,730										6,499,730
Assigned to:												
Capital projects						33,155,876		28,155,993		2,494,362		63,806,231
Grant programs				6,269,161								6,269,161
Other purposes		5,390,322										5,390,322
Unassigned		65,407,107				_						65,407,107
Total fund balances		81,085,142		14,917,933		44,876,638		28,155,993		2,519,007		171,554,713
					¢	50,108,367	\$	28,437,282	\$	3,162,568		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	115,278,616	\$	51,875,485	Ф							
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	115,278,616	_	51,875,485	<u> </u>			20,437,202				
Total liabilities and fund balances Amounts reported for governmental activity		n the Statement	of Ne	et Assets are dif		because:						
Total liabilities and fund balances Amounts reported for governmental activit Capital assets of \$860,175,417, net of ac \$307,966 of capital assets held by the	cumi	n the Statement	of Ne	et Assets are dif	overn	because: ment wide finan		statements less	d			850 867 <i>1</i> 51
Total liabilities and fund balances Amounts reported for governmental activit Capital assets of \$860,175,417, net of ac \$307,966 of capital assets held by the therefore are not reported in the funds Internal service funds are used by manage	e inter	n the Statement ulated depreciat rnal service fund nt to charge the	of Ne	et Assets are dif- eported in the go ed in governmen	overn ital ac	because: ment wide finan tivities are not f		statements less	d			859,867,451
Total liabilities and fund balances Amounts reported for governmental activit Capital assets of \$860,175,417, net of ac \$307,966 of capital assets held by the therefore are not reported in the funds	e interes. geme:	n the Statement ulated depreciat rnal service fund nt to charge the and liabilities o	of Ne	et Assets are dif- eported in the go ed in governmer of certain activ- internal service	overnatal ac ities, s	because: ment wide finan tivities are not f such as , including		statements less	d			859,867,451 (46,520,583)
Total liabilities and fund balances Amounts reported for governmental activit Capital assets of \$860,175,417, net of ac \$307,966 of capital assets held by the therefore are not reported in the funds Internal service funds are used by manag insurance, to individual funds. The ac deferred charges, are included in gove Certain revenues are earned but not avail are recognized as revenue in the gove	e interes. gemessets ernme	n the Statement ulated depreciat rnal service fund nt to charge the and liabilities of tental activities if and therefore a ent-wide statement	of Ne	et Assets are dif- eported in the go ed in governmer of certain activ- internal service Statement of No- ferred in the fun-	overnatal activities, structures, structur	because: ment wide finan tivities are not f such as , including sets. ncial statements	inano s but	statements less vial resources an	d			
Total liabilities and fund balances Amounts reported for governmental activit Capital assets of \$860,175,417, net of ac \$307,966 of capital assets held by the therefore are not reported in the funds Internal service funds are used by manag insurance, to individual funds. The ac deferred charges, are included in gove Certain revenues are earned but not avail	e interes. gemerssets ernmelable ernme	n the Statement ulated depreciat rnal service fund nt to charge the and liabilities of iental activities if and therefore a ent-wide stateming bonds payal	of Ne	et Assets are differented in the good in government of certain activities act	overn ital ac ities, s funds et Ass d fina	because: ment wide finan tivities are not f such as , including sets. ncial statements	inand s but	statements less cial resources an	d			(46,520,583)
Total liabilities and fund balances Amounts reported for governmental activit Capital assets of \$860,175,417, net of ac \$307,966 of capital assets held by the therefore are not reported in the funds Internal service funds are used by manag insurance, to individual funds. The ac deferred charges, are included in gove Certain revenues are earned but not avail are recognized as revenue in the gove Long-term liabilities of \$465,030,000, in	e interes. geme. ssets ernm lable ernmenclud	n the Statement ulated depreciat rnal service fund nt to charge the and liabilities of iental activities if and therefore a ent-wide stateming bonds payal agents of \$1,366	of Ne	et Assets are differented in the good in government of certain activities act	overn ital ac ities, s funds et Ass d fina	because: ment wide finan tivities are not f such as , including sets. ncial statements	inand s but	statements less cial resources an	d			(46,520,583)



LOUISVILLE/JEFFERSON COUNTY METRO GOVERNMENT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

		For the Year Ended June 30, 2009								
	General Fund	Sp	ecial Revenue Fund	Cap	oital Projects Fund	Spe	cial Purpose Fund	Nonmajor vernmental Funds	Tota	al Governmental Funds
REVENUES								 		
Property taxes	\$ 133,501,705								\$	133,501,705
Occupational taxes	301,344,426									301,344,426
Licenses and permits	10,521,865									10,521,865
Intergovernmental	28,290,329	\$	107,486,428	\$	15,305	\$	810,857	\$ 4,361,715		140,964,634
Charges for services	56,761,309		7,045,603		285,448		508,331	432,333		65,033,024
Fees and fines	2,447,186				26,065					2,473,251
Investment income	2,044,037		601,500		1,222,242		69,451	13,270		3,950,500
Dividends	17,288,555									17,288,555
Donations	1,914,546		138,227		3,976,769					6,029,542
Miscellaneous	2,672,131		1,536,987		234,547			 		4,443,665
Total revenues	556,786,089		116,808,745		5,760,376		1,388,639	 4,807,318		685,551,167
EXPENDITURES										
Current operating:										
General Government:										
Metro Council	5,694,342									5,694,342
Mayor's Office	2,618,525									2,618,525
Policy and Strategic Planning	587,717									587,717
County Attorney	7,024,343									7,024,343
Other Elected Officials	7,553,889									7,553,889
Public Protection:										
Fire	50,715,880		244,124							50,960,004
Emergency Medical Services	22,104,299		45,753							22,150,052
Emergency Management	7,181,440		8,038,402							15,219,842
Corrections	47,296,736		47,033							47,343,769
Youth Detention Services	9,292,782		89,711							9,382,493
Animal Control Services	2,773,448		2,336							2,775,784
Criminal Justice Commission	356,402		267,688							624,090
Firefighters' Pension Fund	2,875,485									2,875,485
Policemen's Retirement Fund	2,089,725									2,089,725
Police	134,558,266		2,729,798					2,500		137,290,564
Economic Development:										
Metro Development Authority	13,990,982		15,846,097							29,837,079
Air Pollution Control	633,423		4,409,585							5,043,008
Codes & Regulations:										
Inspections, Permits and Licenses	6,262,268		1,235,840							7,498,108
Planning and Design Services	2,506,155		188,664							2,694,819
Parks & Recreation	21,402,980		348,622							21,751,602
Housing & Family Services:										
Housing	810,099		4,799,834							5,609,933
Human Services	9,621,854		1,765,550							11,387,404
Community Action Partnership	322,601		10,528,195							10,850,796
Public Health & Wellness	10,153,703		12,994,602							23,148,305
Neighborhoods	6,255,803		153,727							6,409,530
Public Works & Assets:										
Public Works	11,620,859		18,323,292							29,944,151
General Services Administration	31,290,788		261,050							31,551,838
Solid Waste Management Services	19,586,443		1,904,050							21,490,493
Information Technology	9,975,852									9,975,852
Finance & Administration	22,246,348									22,246,348
Human Resources	4,187,516									4,187,516
Related Agencies:										
Human Relations Commission	766,100		96,712							862,812
Louisville Free Public Library	15,710,135		317,897							16,028,032
Louisville Zoological Gardens	12,149,060		110,605							12,259,665
Internal Audit	647,020		, -							647,020

(Continued)

LOUISVILLE/JEFFERSON COUNTY METRO GOVERNMENT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (continued)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

					Nonmajor	
		Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Special Purpose	Governmental	Total Governmental
_	General Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Debt service principal					28,820,000	28,820,000
Debt service interest and other charges	941,275		1,185,696		13,100,816	15,227,787
Capital outlay		40,553,606	73,514,163	9,414,903	1,105,212	124,587,884
Total expenditures	506,436,237	125,302,773	74,699,859	9,414,903	43,028,528	758,882,300
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	50,349,852	(8,494,028)	(68,939,483)	(8,026,264)	(38,221,210)	(73,331,133)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Proceeds from sale of capital assets			1,622,208			1,622,208
Issuance of bonds, par			44,000,000			44,000,000
Issuance of bonds, premium			448,800			448,800
Issuance of refunding bonds, par					63,875,000	63,875,000
Issuance of refunding bonds, premium					874,372	874,372
Refunded bond principal					(64,530,000)	(64,530,000)
Refunded bond premium					(744,350)	(744,350)
Refunded bond interest					(21,277)	(21,277)
Transfers in	2,745,414	262,224	9,897,200	12,856,427	60,192,697	85,953,962
Transfers out	(59,876,701)	(1,382,774)	(1,713,540)		(22,980,947)	(85,953,962)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(57,131,287)	(1,120,550)	54,254,668	12,856,427	36,665,495	45,524,753
Net change in fund balances	(6,781,435)	(9,614,578)	(14,684,815)	4,830,163	(1,555,715)	(27,806,380)
Fund balancesbeginning	87,866,577	24,532,511	59,561,453	23,325,830	4,074,722	199,361,093
Fund balancesending	\$ 81,085,142	\$ 14,917,933	\$ 44,876,638	\$ 28,155,993	\$ 2,519,007	\$ 171,554,713

LOUISVILLE/JEFFERSON COUNTY METRO GOVERNMENT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

Net change in fund balancestotal governmental funds	\$ (27,806,380)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets. This is the amount by which the increase in capital assets of \$120,634,672, less \$69,990 in the internal service	
funds, was greater than depreciation of \$41,858,262 in the governmental funds, less \$24,036 in	
the internal service funds, for the current period.	78,730,456
In the Statement of Activities, only the loss on the disposal of assets is reported, while in the	
governmental funds, the proceeds from the disposal increase financial resources. Thus, the	
change in net assets differs from the change in fund balance by the basis of the assets disposed.	(13,606,874)
Deferred revenues added to net assets in the prior year are deducted in the current year.	(3,095,701)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	3,685,142
Bond proceeds of \$44,448,800 from new issues and \$64,749,372 from refunding issuances provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases the long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets. Repayment of \$28,820,000 of bond principal, \$65,274,350 of refunded bonds and \$77,000 of capital lease payments are expenditures in the governmental funds, but these items reduce long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets.	(15,026,822)
The changes in compensated absences and claims and judgements are reported in the Statement of Activities and do not require the use of current financial resources, therefore the changes are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	16,924,019
not reported as expenditures in governmental runds.	16,924,019
Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance to individual funds. The change in net assets of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	(44,550,694)
Governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. Accreted interest of \$4,545,525 and amortization less other charges of \$369,823 are also shown as differences for the year.	(4,175,702)
are also shown as differences for the year.	(4,173,702)
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ (8,922,556)

LOUISVILLE/JEFFERSON COUNTY METRO GOVERNMENT STATEMENT OF FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2009

	G	Governmental Activities				
	Internal Service Fund					
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	62,544,390				
Investments		21,144,777				
Accounts receivable		374,239				
Deposits with paying agents		55,000				
Total current assets		84,118,406				
Capital assets:		_				
Machinery and equipment, net		307,966				
Total capital assets		307,966				
Total assets		84,426,372				
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable		2,828,663				
Claims and judgments		55,254,589				
Due to other funds		44,079,224				
Unearned revenue		12,885,231				
Total current liabilities		115,047,707				
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Claims and judgments		15,899,248				
Total noncurrent liabilities		15,899,248				
Total liabilities		130,946,955				
NET ASSETS						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		307,966				
Unrestricted		(46,828,549)				
Total net assets	\$	(46,520,583)				

LOUISVILLE/JEFFERSON COUNTY METRO GOVERNMENT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Governmental Activities
	Internal Service Fund
OPERATING REVENUES:	
Collection, investment and other fees	\$ 4,584,006
Insurance income	14,092,194
Insurance premiums	44,665,900
Total operating revenues	63,342,100
OPERATING EXPENSES:	
Professional services	3,990,343
Contractual services	483,429
Repairs and maintenance	4,326
Other supplies and expenses	318,860
Insurance claims, settlements and losses	98,645,823
Insurance premiums	4,903,529
Depreciation	24,036
Total operating expenses	108,370,346
Operating loss	(45,028,246)
NONOPERATING REVENUES:	
Investment income	477,552
Total nonoperating revenues	477,552
Change in net assets	(44,550,694)
Total net assetsbeginning	(1,969,889)
Total net assetsending	\$ (46,520,583)

LOUISVILLE/JEFFERSON COUNTY METRO GOVERNMENT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

	G	overnmental Activities
	Int	ternal Service Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Cash received from collection, investment, and other fees Insurance income Payments to employees Payments to suppliers Contractual services	\$	4,584,006 58,755,093 (3,159,098) (710,893) (40,553)
Claims paid Insurance premiums paid Increase (decrease) in cash collected for others Other payments		(51,721,236) (4,903,529) (793,001) (6,500)
Net cash provided by operating activities		2,004,289
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL ACTIVITIES: Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(69,990)
Net cash used in capital activities		(69,990)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Change in investment pool participation Investment income		(851,669) 477,552
Net cash used in investing activities		(374,117)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the year		1,560,182 60,984,208
Cash and cash equivalents, end of the year	\$	62,544,390
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile operating loss	\$	(45,028,246)
to net cash used in operating activities: Depreciation expense Increase (decrease) in cash due to changes in assets and liabilities:		24,036
Accounts receivable Accounts and other payables Liability for incurred claims Due to other funds and governmental agencies Unearned revenue		(3,001) (320,086) 48,124,587 (2,538,097) 1,745,096
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	2,004,289

During fiscal year 2009, there was no non-cash change to the fair value of investments.

LOUISVILLE/JEFFERSON COUNTY METRO GOVERNMENT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS June 30, 2009

		Private-	
	Pension &	purpose	Agency
	Benefit Trust	Trust	Funds
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,244,958	\$ 581,034	\$ 7,618,662
Investments	13,836,494		18,187,135
Accounts receivable and accrued interest	350,303		201,463
Due from other funds			15,830,031
Due from other governmental agencies			1,254,074
Total assets	15,431,755	581,034	\$ 43,091,365
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	18,891		\$ 44,017
Notes payable			3,500,000
Health insurance reimbursement and accrued liabilities	340,615		
Due to other governmental agencies			32,132,508
Refundable deposits			7,414,840
Total liabilities	359,506	-	\$ 43,091,365
NET ASSETS			
Held in trust for pension benefits	15,072,249		
Held in trust for private purpose		581,034	
Total net assets	\$ 15,072,249	\$ 581,034	

LOUISVILLE/JEFFERSON COUNTY METRO GOVERNMENT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Pension & Benefit Trust	Private- purpose Trust
ADDITIONS		
Contributions:		
Employer	\$ 3,259,386	
Member	4,257	
Total contributions	3,263,643	
Investment earnings:		
Decrease in fair value of investments	(2,350,203)	
Realized losses	(207,435)	
Interest and dividends	285,949	
Total investment earnings	(2,271,689)	-
Other income	1,868,988	
Total additions	2,860,942	-
DEDUCTIONS		
Benefit payments	5,886,061	
Administration expense	651,033	
Health insurance reimbursement	1,157,528	
Total deductions	7,694,622	-
Net decrease	(4,833,680)	-
Net assetsbeginning of the year	19,905,929	\$ 581,034
Net assetsend of the year	\$ 15,072,249	\$ 581,034



LOUISVILLE/JEFFERSON COUNTY METRO GOVERNMENT STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS COMPONENT UNITS June 30, 2009

	Louisville Water Company*				8		Transit Authority of River City		Louisville and Jefferson County Riverport Authority		Me	Metropolitan Sewer District		isville Science Center, Inc.	 Total
ASSETS															
Current assets:															
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	11,701,410	\$	750	\$	6,064,887	\$	142,082	\$	22,552,000	\$	386,913	\$ 40,848,042		
Investments								7,016,120		7,733,000			14,749,120		
Accounts receivable and accrued interest		17,275,430	19	97,751		2,461,287		45,922		18,167,000		68,915	38,216,305		
Contract and assessments receivable,															
current portion		334,803											334,803		
Pledges receivable, net												345,615	345,615		
Inventories		7,491,031				1,366,084		6,863,302		3,027,000		30,175	18,777,592		
Reserves, current portion		1,702,170											1,702,170		
Prepaid interest								1,782,198					1,782,198		
Prepaid expenses		506,974	4	14,591		664,846		46,387		1,863,000		117,398	3,243,196		
Restricted cash and cash equivalents			4,00	02,672						35,988,000			39,990,672		
Restricted investments										61,303,000			61,303,000		
Total current assets		39,011,818	4,24	15,764		10,557,104		15,896,011		150,633,000		949,016	221,292,713		
Noncurrent assets:															
Restricted cash and cash equivalents			34,58	35,504								155,589	34,741,093		
Restricted investments						1,488,988						359,192	1,848,180		
Pledges receivable, net												87,739	87,739		
Reserves, less current portion		60,868,794											60,868,794		
Note receivable			1,43	36,694									1,436,694		
Contract and assessments receivable,															
less current portion		2,315,592								25,146,000			27,461,592		
Deferred charges		5,816,055	33	34,983						30,664,000			36,815,038		
Non-utility property		198,557											198,557		
Investments in direct financing lease								57,670,671					57,670,671		
Other assets			2:	16,000				5,273					221,273		
Capital assets:															
Land		7,713,528		04,855		3,177,782		8,101,986					28,298,151		
Buildings and improvements		101,356,869		13,284		24,576,754		29,854,139				6,010,486	246,811,532		
Machinery and equipment		49,729,968	4,35	54,925		80,024,861		172,887				986,268	135,268,909		
Capitalized leased vehicles						4,572,817							4,572,817		
Museum exhibits												18,821,720	18,821,720		
Infrastructure		896,963,599								2,314,406,000			3,211,369,599		
Construction in progress		73,640,974		35,553						182,711,000			285,137,527		
Less accumulated depreciation		(301,388,818)	(45,00	06,828)		(73,556,516)		(16,704,951)		(680,380,000)		(17,170,552)	 (1,134,207,665)		
Capital assets,															
net of accumulated depreciation		828,016,120		51,789		38,795,698		21,424,061		1,816,737,000		8,647,922	 2,796,072,590		
Total noncurrent assets		897,215,118	119,02	24,970		40,284,686		79,100,005		1,872,547,000		9,250,442	3,017,422,221		
Total assets		936,226,936	123,27	70,734	. —	50,841,790		94,996,016		2,023,180,000		10,199,458	3,238,714,934		

(continued)

LOUISVILLE/JEFFERSON COUNTY METRO GOVERNMENT STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS (continued) COMPONENT UNITS June 30, 2009

							Louisv	ille and Jefferson						
	Lo	uisville Water	Parking	Authority	Trans	sit Authority of	Cor	ınty Riverport	Metrop	olitan Sewer	Louis	sville Science		
		Company*	of River	City, Inc.	1	River City		Authority	D	istrict	Ce	enter, Inc.		Total
LIABILITIES														
Current liabilities:														
Accounts payable		10,841,422		1,206,325		4,476,612		315,197		18,770,000		177,184		35,786,740
Accrued payroll and withholdings		537,347										126,169		663,516
Compensated absences payable		882,623				3,179,502								4,062,125
Capital lease obligation, current portion						778,380						4,874		783,254
Due to other governmental agencies		11,427,444												11,427,444
Customer advances and deposits payable		5,075,143								3,478,000				8,553,143
Accrued interest payable		1,098,674		307,142						8,143,000				9,548,816
Notes payable, current portion								982,911						982,911
Bonds payable, current portion		9,310,000		3,235,000						23,105,000				35,650,000
Other liabilities from restricted assets		2,015,479		460,530										2,476,009
Claims and judgments payable						2,076,753								2,076,753
Deferred revenue				90,424		1,960,888		449,450				47,642		2,548,404
Dividend payable		1,455,710												1,455,710
Total current liabilities		42,643,842		5,299,421		12,472,135		1,747,558		53,496,000		355,869		116,014,825
Noncurrent liabilities:														
Accounts payable										2,114,000				2,114,000
Deferred revenue		3,576,501								14,463,000				18,039,501
Unamortized debt premium		2,283,813								10,835,000				13,118,813
Notes payable								58,624,245						58,624,245
Bonds payable, less current portion		170,565,000	7	74,198,277						1,385,185,000				1,629,948,277
Long term capital lease obligation,														
less current portion						185,461						3,928		189,389
Total noncurrent liabilities		176,425,314	7	74,198,277		185,461		58,624,245		1,412,597,000		3,928		1,722,034,225
Total liabilities		219,069,156		79,497,698		12,657,596		60,371,803		1,466,093,000	-	359,797		1,838,049,050
NET ASSETS														
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		648,141,120		5,018,512		37,831,857		21,424,055		470,445,000				1,182,860,544
Restricted for capital projects		62,570,964		- , , -		, ,		, , ,		, ,		1,074,589		63,645,553
Restricted for debt service		, , , , , , ,								100,225,000		, ,		100,225,000
Unrestricted		6,445,696	3	38,754,524		352,337		13,200,158		(13,583,000)		8,765,072		53,934,787
Total net assets	\$	717,157,780	\$ 4	43,773,036	\$	38,184,194	\$	34,624,213	\$	557,087,000	\$	9,839,661	\$	1,400,665,884
									=====				_	

^{*}Amounts for the Louisville Water Company are for December 31, 2008.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

LOUISVILLE/JEFFERSON COUNTY METRO GOVERNMENT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS COMPONENT UNITS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

L	ouisvi	lle	and	
Tof	forcon	C	aunt	.,

	Louisville Water Company*				Transit Authority of River City		ferson County Riverport Authority	Met	ropolitan Sewer District		isville Science enter, Inc.	Total
OPERATING REVENUES: Charges for sales and services:							 					
Water sales	\$	136,743,203										\$ 136,743,203
Parking			\$	15,637,334						\$	181,138	15,818,472
Transit fares and advertising					\$	11,692,790						11,692,790
Port fees and rents							\$ 1,643,056	ф	167.556.000			1,643,056
Sewer charges								\$	167,556,000		1 629 271	167,556,000
Admissions and museum support							 				4,628,374	 4,628,374
Total operating revenues		136,743,203		15,637,334		11,692,790	 1,643,056	-	167,556,000	-	4,809,512	 338,081,895
OPERATING EXPENSES:												
Cost of operations		58,892,084		3,331,535		65,520,920	1,301,650				3,289,914	132,336,103
General and administrative				3,599,557			509,199		68,742,000		823,223	73,673,979
Depreciation and amortization		23,159,916		3,959,802		7,584,853	942,526		56,727,000		1,241,898	93,615,995
Water services in lieu of taxes		11,411,409										11,411,409
Total operating expenses		93,463,409		10,890,894		73,105,773	 2,753,375		125,469,000		5,355,035	 311,037,486
Operating income (loss)		43,279,794		4,746,440		(61,412,983)	 (1,110,319)		42,087,000		(545,523)	 27,044,409
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):												
Investment income		2,346,515		230,578			86,922		25,568,000			28,232,015
Interest income on direct financing lease							3,657,451					3,657,451
Mass transit subsidies						58,189,043						58,189,043
Capital reimbursements				1,011,813								1,011,813
Interest expense		(6,732,589)		(1,716,981)		(52,416)	(3,634,917)		(72,776,000)			(84,912,903)
Rent expense		44.050.450		(432,333)					44 500 000			(432,333)
Contributions in aid of construction		11,962,468							11,689,000			23,651,468
Dividends paid and payable		(17,530,210)					45 400					(17,530,210)
Miscellaneous		348,294					 45,490					 393,784
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(9,605,522)		(906,923)		58,136,627	 154,946		(35,519,000)			 12,260,128
Net income (loss) before distributions		33,674,272		3,839,517		(3,276,356)	 (955,373)		6,568,000		(545,523)	 39,304,537
Change in net assets		33,674,272		3,839,517		(3,276,356)	(955,373)		6,568,000		(545,523)	39,304,537
Net assets, beginning of year		683,483,508		39,933,519		41,460,550	 35,579,586		550,519,000		10,385,184	 1,361,361,347
Net assets, end of year	\$	717,157,780	\$	43,773,036	\$	38,184,194	\$ 34,624,213	\$	557,087,000	\$	9,839,661	\$ 1,400,665,884

^{*}Amounts for the Louisville Water Company are for the year ended December 31, 2008.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Louisville/Jefferson County Metro Government ("Metro Government") began operations January 6, 2003, and was formed from the merger of the former City of Louisville (founded in 1778 and incorporated in 1828) and Jefferson County, Kentucky (created in 1780). Metro Government operates under a Mayor-Council form of government and provides the following services: public safety, streets and roads, sanitation, health and social services, culture and recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies:

A. Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of Metro Government have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to government units by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("AICPA").

B. Reporting Entity

In accordance with GASB Statements No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity* and No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units*, as amended, Metro Government has included in its financial statements the departments, agencies, boards, commissions, authorities, and corporations that comprise the primary government along with its discretely presented Component Units.

i. Blended Component Units

The following Component Units have been presented as blended Component Units because the boards of the Component Units are substantively the same as the primary government, or the Component Units provide services exclusively or almost exclusively to the primary government.

• The Louisville/Jefferson County Revenue Commission ("Revenue Commission") - The Revenue Commission is reported as part of the primary government as its primary purpose is to collect certain taxes and fees on behalf of Metro Government and to collect and remit debt service requirements on Metro Government's general obligation bonds. To a lesser extent, the Revenue Commission is the collection agent of certain fees and taxes for other local governmental entities. The Commissioners of the Revenue Commission consist of the Metro Government Mayor, the Metro Council President, the Jefferson County Public School Superintendent, and three citizen members appointed by the Mayor and approved by the Metro Council.

The Revenue Commission is treated as an internal service fund of the primary government since Metro Government is the primary participant of the Revenue Commission. Amounts held on behalf of other local governmental entities are reflected within a fiduciary fund.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

- The Public Properties Corporation ("PPC") The PPC is a non-profit municipal corporation that was incorporated by the City of Louisville, succeeded by Metro Government, which is used to account for certain property acquisitions and improvements financed by proceeds from the sale of various First Mortgage Revenue Bonds. It is reported as part of the primary government because its purpose is to issue bonds solely on behalf of Metro Government.
- The Revenue Finance Corporation The Revenue Finance Corporation is a non-profit municipal corporation which is used for the acquisition and implementation of public projects financed by increments in tax revenues. It exists solely for the benefit of Metro Government and is accordingly reported as part of the primary government.
- <u>Capital Projects Corporation ("CPC"</u>) The CPC, a non-profit municipal corporation, was incorporated by the Jefferson County Fiscal Court, succeeded by Metro Government, as its agency and instrumentality in the financing of public improvements and projects of a capital nature. The Mayor, with the approval of the Metro Council, appoints the CPC's governing board. The CPC undertakes projects and issues bonds at the direction of and pursuant to ordinances adopted by the Metro Council. All debt obligations of the CPC are serviced with rental payments made by Metro Government as consideration from annually renewable leases of the financed properties by Metro Government.

Complete financial statements for each of the individual component units may be obtained by contacting Metro Government's Office of Management and Budget, 611 West Jefferson Street, Louisville, Kentucky, 40202.

ii. Discretely Presented Component Units

The Component Units column in the government-wide financial statements includes the financial data of Metro Government's discretely presented component units. They are reported in a separate column to emphasize that they are legally separate from Metro Government. The following six Component Units are included in the reporting entity because the primary government is financially accountable for and is able to impose its will on the organizations.

All discretely presented component units have a June 30 fiscal year end except Louisville Water Company which has a December 31 year end.

• Louisville Water Company ("LWC") – The LWC is a legally separate entity that provides water utility services to the residents of the Louisville metropolitan area and charges fees for those services. It is shown as a discretely presented component unit because the Metro Government is the sole shareholder of LWC stock, receives a quarterly dividend, and the Mayor appoints a voting majority of the LWC's Board of Directors. Water services valued at \$11,411,409 were provided to Metro Government in lieu of taxes during the year ended December 31, 2008. Complete financial statements of the LWC can be requested from the Louisville Water Company, 550 South Third Street, Louisville, KY 40202.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

- Parking Authority of River City, Inc. ("PARC") PARC is a non-profit corporation, which was established by the City of Louisville, succeeded by Metro Government, to serve Metro Government's existing parking facility needs and to develop strategies for future needs. PARC also operates several parking garages in the downtown area. PARC is shown as a discretely presented component unit because the Mayor appoints a voting majority of its Board of Directors and Metro Government has the ability to approve or overrule decisions of PARC in financing of new facilities and equipment. Complete financial statements of PARC can be requested from the Parking Authority of River City, 517 South Fourth Street, Louisville, KY 40202.
- Transit Authority of River City ("TARC") TARC is a legally separate entity that operates the mass transit system in the metropolitan area. TARC is shown as a discretely presented component unit because the Mayor appoints a voting majority of its Board of Directors and Metro Government has the ability to approve, disapprove, revise, amend, or otherwise alter TARC's annual budget. Metro Government does not provide any funding to TARC, but it does administer the Mass Transit Trust Fund ("MTTF"), which receives occupational tax revenues and remits those amounts to TARC. Payments to TARC from the MTTF for the fiscal year totaled \$41,166,934. Complete financial statements of TARC can be requested from the Transit Authority of River City, 1000 West Broadway, Louisville, KY 40203.
- Louisville and Jefferson County Riverport Authority ("Riverport") Riverport is a legally separate entity that acquires, develops, and markets land for operation of a river port industrial complex. Riverport is shown as a discretely presented component unit because the Mayor appoints a voting majority of its Board of Directors and Metro Government has the ability to impose its will on Riverport's decisions. Complete financial statements of Riverport can be requested from the Louisville and Jefferson County Riverport Authority, 6900 Riverport Drive, Louisville, KY 40258.
- Louisville and Jefferson County Metropolitan Sewer District ("MSD") The MSD is a legally separate entity that provides sewer services to the residents of the metropolitan area and charges fees for those services. MSD is shown as a discretely presented component unit because the Mayor appoints a voting majority of its Board of Directors and Metro Government has the ability to veto, overrule, or modify decisions of MSD regarding expansion of infrastructure and sewage facilities. Metro Government does not provide any funding to MSD. The amount of free services provided in fiscal year 2009 was approximately \$3,100,000. Complete financial statements of MSD can be requested from Louisville and Jefferson County Metropolitan Sewer District, 700 West Liberty Street, Louisville, KY 40203.
- <u>Louisville Science Center, Inc. ("LSC")</u> The LSC is a legally separate entity that provides museum exhibits and scientific programs to the public. Financial support is received from admissions, merchandise sales, memberships, parking

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

fees, donations, and an appropriation from Metro Government. It is shown as a discretely presented component unit because the Mayor appoints a voting majority of its Board of Directors. During the year ended June 30, 2009, Metro Government paid \$906,000 as an appropriation to the LSC. Complete financial statements of LSC can be requested from Louisville Science Center, 727 West Main Street, Louisville, KY 40202.

iii. Related Organizations

- C. Louisville Metro Housing Authority ("Housing Authority") The Housing Authority is a legally separate entity that plans for the construction, operation and management of low cost housing projects within the metropolitan area. The Board consists of the Mayor and eight other members appointed by the Mayor and approved by the Metro Council. Financial support is received from the federal government and from fees. The Housing Authority serves as its own fiscal agent and Metro Government is not financially accountable for the activities of the entity. Metro Government did not provide any funding to the Housing Authority for the year ended June 30, 2009.
- **D.** Louisville Regional Airport Authority ("RAA") The RAA was created by state statute and is responsible for the operation of Louisville International Airport and Bowman Field, both located in Louisville. The Board consists of eleven members including the Mayor and the Kentucky Secretary of Commerce. Six of the members are appointed by Metro Government and three by the Commonwealth of Kentucky. Metro Government does not provide any funding to the RAA.
- E. The Louisville and Jefferson County Convention and Visitors Bureau (the "Convention Bureau") The Convention Bureau is a legally separate entity created by state statute and operates to promote convention and tourism activity in Louisville and Jefferson County. The Board consists of nine members, six of whom are appointed by Metro Government and three by the Commonwealth of Kentucky. Metro Government does not provide any funding to the Convention Bureau, but the Convention Bureau received \$11,616,563 in transient room taxes collected by the Revenue Commission during the 2009 fiscal year.

C. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. The primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The Statement of Net Assets presents Metro Government's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net assets. Net assets are reported in three categories:

• Invested in capital assets, net of related debt, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that is related to the

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

acquisition, construction and improvement of capital assets. The outstanding debt is also offset by any unspent proceeds from such debt.

- Restricted net assets result from restrictions placed by external sources such as creditors, grantors and contributors, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net assets consist of net assets which do not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or program. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or program, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources, such as taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues, are reported instead as general revenues. Metro Government allocates certain indirect costs to be included in the program expense reported for individual functions and activities in the government-wide statement of activities.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements, except for agency funds. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Each fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible during the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, Metro Government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, licenses, interest revenue and charges for services. Occupational taxes, fines, permits and parking meter revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

Agency fund financial statements report only assets and liabilities and accordingly have no measurement focus. Agency funds use the accrual basis of accounting to recognize receivables and payables.

Metro Government reports unearned revenue on its government-wide statement of net assets and deferred revenue on the fund financial statements. Deferred/unearned revenues arise when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Deferred/unearned revenues also arise when Metro Government receives resources before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant moneys are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when Metro Government has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the government-wide statement of net assets and the deferred revenue liability is removed from the fund financial statements and revenue is recognized.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations and consist primarily of charges to customers or agencies, cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation of capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. All of Metro Government's proprietary activities, except for the internal service fund, qualify and are reported as discretely presented component units; therefore, the primary government does not include a business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is Metro Government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Metro Government reports the following major governmental funds:

- The General Fund, Metro Government's primary operating fund, which accounts
 for all of the activities of the general government not required to be accounted for
 in another fund.
- The Special Revenue Fund, which accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to spend for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. Metro Government reports federal and state grant money in the Special Revenue Fund.
- The Capital Projects Fund, which accounts for the acquisition or construction of general capital assets.
- The Special Purpose Capital Fund, which accounts for the acquisition of assets, such as vehicles and data processing equipment, that are funded by specific revenue sources.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

Internal Service Funds account for the cost of purchased insurance, the operation and administration of the Metro Government's self-insurance programs, and the cost of administering and collecting the Metro Government's occupational tax.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments. Metro Government reports the following fiduciary funds:

- The Private Purpose Trust Fund is used to account for a discount loan program.
- The Pension & Benefit Trust Fund is used to account for the Firefighters' Pension Fund and the Policemen's Retirement Fund.
- Agency Funds are used to account for assets that Metro Government holds on behalf of others as their agent, including TARC, the Police Property Room, and others.

E. Budgets

Budgets are adopted consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. An annual appropriated budget is adopted for the General Fund. This appropriated budget includes all transfers to capital projects funds for which transfers are designated for subsequent years' capital expenditures or for transfer to other capital or debt service funds or accounts.

Formal budgets are not adopted for the Special Revenue Fund or for the Debt Service Funds because bond indentures and other relevant contractual provisions require specific payments to and from these funds annually and transfers are budgeted in the General Fund to comply with these requirements. All annual appropriations from the General Fund lapse at year-end, except for unexpended grant and encumbered appropriations.

On or before June 1 of each year, pursuant to state statute, the Mayor proposes an Executive Budget to the Metro Council, incorporating an estimate of revenues and recommended appropriations from the General Fund. The Metro Council may hold hearings and discuss and amend the Executive Budget. On or before June 30 of each year, as required by state statue, the Metro Council adopts the Executive Budget, as it may have been amended, as the approved budget for the fiscal year beginning July 1. An affirmative vote of a majority of the Metro Council is required to change the proposed appropriations or to revise revenue estimates contained in the Executive Budget. An affirmative vote of the majority of the Metro Council is also required to amend the budget once it has been approved or to approve any supplemental appropriations.

All budget adjustments at the department level must be approved by the Director of Office of Management and Budget consistent with the approved budget.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrances accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriations, is utilized in the governmental funds. Encumbrances are not treated as expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be honored during the

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

subsequent year. Outstanding encumbrances for the governmental funds at June 30, 2009 were as follows:

General Fund	\$ 2,164,580
Special Revenue Fund	10,600,146
Special Purpose Fund	 2,765,676
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 15,530,402

F. Cash Deposits and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits as well as various short-term investments, which consist of highly liquid investments with maturity of three months or less when purchased. The cash and cash equivalents of Metro Government's funds are invested in pooled accounts. Funds with negative cash and cash equivalents report the negative amount as due to other funds of Metro Government and the fund lending funds reports an offsetting due from other funds of Metro Government. At June 30, 2009, the Special Revenue Fund showed an amount due to the General Fund of \$10,993,822.

State statutes authorize Metro Government to invest in instruments guaranteed by the U.S. Government or its agencies and in repurchase agreements with banks that conduct business in the state. The Firefighters' Pension Fund and the Policemen's Retirement Fund have no restrictions on the type of investments that they enter into as long as due diligence is exercised. See Note 2 for additional information.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools, investments are reported at fair value based on quoted market values.

Certain cash and investment amounts are classified on the statement of net assets as restricted because applicable bond indentures or other legal provisions limit their use. Restricted cash and cash equivalents are included and used for their respective purposes.

G. Taxes Receivable

Net taxes receivable not expected to be collected within sixty days after the close of the fiscal year, thus not available to pay current liabilities at June 30, 2009, have been recorded in the balance sheet of the General Fund and in the government wide statement of net assets as deferred revenue.

This is Metro Government's property tax calendar:

<u>Date</u>	<u>Event</u>
January 1, year of levy	Assessment date
October 1, year of levy	Taxes levied
November 30, year of levy	2% discount allowed
December 31, year of levy	Gross amount due
January 31, following year	5% penalty added
April 15, following year	10% interest plus 10% penalty added to above

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

The Jefferson County Clerk collects personal property tax on vehicles when registered. The Jefferson County Sheriff bills and collects all property taxes on real estate and personal property excluding vehicles. Delinquent property bills are turned over to the County Clerk on May 1. Property tax revenues are recognized when levied to the extent that they result in current receivables.

The allowance for uncollectible amounts is composed of tax receivables which have been deemed uncollectible based on a trend analysis of collections over the past five fiscal years, and for loans receivable based on an analysis which mainly considers payments past due.

H. Interfund Receivables/Payables

During the course of operations, certain transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the governmental funds balance sheet. These accounts exist solely to balance transactions between funds and are eliminated on the government-wide statement of net assets.

I. Land Held for Development

Land held for development is stated at cost. Land and related costs are capitalized as incurred and charged to operations as related parcels are sold or otherwise transferred.

J. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in, first-out method. The costs of certain inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased.

In the fund financial statements, reported inventories in the General Fund are equally offset in fund balance as nonspendable, which indicates that they do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of total assets.

Payments made to vendors for goods and services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2009 are recorded in assets as prepaid items.

K. Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Metro Government defines capital assets as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year.

All purchased capital assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist, including infrastructure acquired prior to June 30, 1980. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable. Depreciation of capital assets for the primary

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

government is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	<u>Useful life</u>
Land Improvements	20
Buildings & Improvements	25-40
Machinery & Equipment	5-12
Vehicles	4-20
Treasures	25
Infrastructure	10-40

Information regarding depreciation methods and useful lives of Metro Government's component units is available in each of the respective component unit's financial reports.

L. Compensated Absences

Vested and accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported in the fund's financial statements as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it only when the liability has matured. In the government-wide statement of net assets, the total amount of vested or accumulated vacation leave is reported within the liabilities. Vested or accumulated vacation leave of proprietary funds is recorded as an expense and liability of those funds as the benefits accrue to employees. Vacation pay may be accumulated up to 60 days. Earned vacation pay up to a maximum of 40 days is payable upon termination of employment.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, no liability is recorded for sick pay benefits in the government's fund financial statements, but is reported in the government-wide financial statements. Sick leave, which has no maximum accumulation, is charged to expense when paid.

Qualified participants in the County Employees' Retirement System ("CERS"), under certain circumstances, are eligible to convert accrued sick pay benefits into additional credit for years of service.

M. Long-term Debt and Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements and component units financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums, discounts, and issuance costs are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums, discounts, and issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums and discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources or other financing uses, respectively, and issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

N. Claims and Judgments Payable

Claims and judgments payable represents estimates for medical, automobile liability, workers' compensation, and other claims incurred as of June 30, 2009. This liability includes both reported and unreported events. This amount was determined by Metro Government's management and also includes actuarially determined amounts by Metro Government's independent insurance administrators.

O. Deficit Fund Balances

The Internal Service Fund has a deficit balance of unrestricted net assets of \$46,828,549 at June 30, 2009. The Internal Service Fund's charges to users in subsequent fiscal years are responsible for funding this deficit.

P. Fund Balances

Metro Government has elected to implement GASB No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, in fiscal year 2009. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the following classifications of fund balance:

- Nonspendable includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. All amounts reported as nonspendable at June 30, 2009 by the Metro Government are nonspendable in form. Metro Government has not reported any amounts that are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted includes amounts restricted by external sources (creditors, laws of other governments, etc.) or by constitutional provision or enabling legislation.
- Committed includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes. Committed fund balance is reported pursuant to ordinances passed by the Metro Council, Metro Government's highest level of decision making authority. Committed fund balance for the General Fund is further classified as follows:

Committed for:

General Government	\$ 3,788,552
Metro Council	403,939
Corrections	58,295
Neighborhoods	40,000
Mayor's Office	34,281
Neighborhood Development Funds	1,844,092
Public Health & Wellness	300,000
Parks & Recreation	30,571
Committed Fund Balance	\$ 6,499,730

 Assigned – includes amounts that Metro Government intends to use for a specific purpose, but do not meet the definition of restricted or committed fund balance. Amounts may be assigned by the Director of the Office of Management and Budget under the authorization of the Mayor's Office.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

 Unassigned – includes amounts that have not been assigned to other funds or restricted, committed or assigned to a specific purpose within the General Fund. Metro Government reports all amounts that meet the unrestricted General Fund Balance Policy described below as unassigned.

Metro Government developed and adopted an Unrestricted General Fund Balance ("Financial Stabilization Fund") Policy on November 14, 2003. It is Metro Government's policy to:

- Maintain a Financial Stabilization Fund balance between one and two months of monthly average current year general fund budgeted expenditures,
- Generate additional revenues or reduce expenditures to maintain or replenish the Financial Stabilization Fund balance to meet the policy amount, and
- Utilize the Financial Stabilization Fund balance for one-time capital project or emergency operational expenditures consistent with this policy.

The Financial Stabilization Fund balance may only be used if all of the following conditions exist:

- A rare and extraordinary event (e.g. natural disaster, or large and unanticipated reduction or elimination of state revenue), or the one-time funding of a capital project or an operating initiative that will result in material, recurring reductions in future operating expenditures or material, recurring increases in operating revenues.
- Metro Government has made a complete and rational analysis, with justifying evidence that the Financial Stabilization Fund can be maintained in the future.

Q. Interfund Transactions

Interfund services provided and used are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures or expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures or expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures or expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions are reported as operating transfers.

R. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

S. Louisville Water Company Dividends

The LWC has a quarterly dividend policy. Because the reporting period of the LWC covers the year ended December 31, 2008, a timing difference arises and causes a difference in the dividends paid and received as illustrated by the following schedule:

	Revenue				
		LWC	Commission		
	I	Dividends	I	Dividends	
Date paid		Paid		Received	
March 31, 2008	\$	4,018,625		_	
June 30, 2008		4,018,625			
September 30, 2008		4,018,625	\$	4,018,625	
December 31, 2008		4,018,625		4,018,625	
March 31, 2009				4,625,653	
June 30, 2009				4,625,652	
	\$	16,074,500	\$	17,288,555	

T. Restatement

The beginning balance of the Revenue Commission's Agency Fund has been restated to reflect the correction of a prior year error. The effect of the adjustment was a decrease of \$64,332 to the Agency Fund's assets and liabilities.

2. Cash Deposits and Investments

A. Pooled Portfolio Investments

The following schedule presents the investments in Metro Government's pooled portfolio as of June 30, 2009, at fair value, with maturities (using the weighted average method), and credit risk ratings (from Moody's Investors Service):

Investment Type	Fair Value	Weighted Average Maturity in Years	Credit Rating
mites timent Type		Tours	Tuning
Money Market Mutual Funds	\$ 23,799,685	0.13	Aaa
U.S. Treasury Notes	28,735,399	2.34	Aaa
U.S. Agency Obligations	71,041,801	1.04	Aaa
Municipal Bonds	4,676,632	0.25	Aaa - Aa2*
Commercial Paper	9,997,570	0.17	P1
Total	\$ 138,251,087		
Portfolio weighted average maturity		1.07	

^{*} \$1,005,230 of municipal bonds were not rated by Moody's, but had a Standard & Poor's rating of AA- .

2. Cash Deposits and Investments, continued

B. Non-Pooled Portfolio Investments

Non-pooled portfolio investments of the primary government include all restricted assets of the Capital Projects Funds and Debt Service Funds. These investments are subject to the same Metro Government investment policies as the pooled portfolio investments. Non-pooled portfolio investments as of June 30, 2009 are summarized below:

			Weighted Average Maturity	Credit
Investment Type	F	air Value	in Years	Rating
U.S. Government Money Market Mutual Funds	\$	8,698,922	0.14	Aaa

C. Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits and investments is the risk that, in the event of failure by a financial institution, Metro Government may not be able to recover the value of its deposits and investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of the financial institution. Metro Government's investment policy dictates that all cash maintained in any financial institution named as a depository be collateralized, the collateral held in the name of the Metro Government, and that investments be registered in the name of the Metro Government. Collateral must be held by an independent third-party custodian.

Metro Government was fully collateralized and all investments held in the Metro Government's name as of June 30, 2009.

D. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of investments will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Metro Government's investment policy does limit investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Investments are made based upon prevailing market conditions at the time of the transaction. According to the Metro Government's investment policy, maintenance of adequate liquidity to meet the cash flow needs of Metro Government is essential. Assets categorized as short–term operating funds will be invested in permitted investments maturing in 12 months or less, with an average weighted maturity not to exceed six months. The core portfolio may be invested in permitted investments with a stated maturity of up to five years, with an average weighted maturity not to exceed two years.

E. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Investments are made under the "prudent investor" standard outlined in Metro Government's investment policy to ensure that (a) due diligence is exercised in accordance with state law, (b) any negative deviations are reported timely and (c) reasonable action is taken to control any adverse developments. Metro Government's investment policy dictates that investments in commercial paper have a credit of rating of no less than 'A1' (or its equivalent) at the time of purchase.

2. Cash Deposits and Investments, continued

F. Concentration of Credit Risk

Metro Government's investment policy requires diversification of the overall portfolio to eliminate the risk of loss from an over-concentration of assets in a specific class of security, a specific maturity, and/or a specific issuer. The maximum percentage of the portfolio (book value at the date of acquisition) permitted in each eligible security is as follows:

U.S. Treasury Obligations	100%
Federal Agency Obligations	100%
Federal Agency Obligations (Callable)	50%
Repurchase Agreements	100%
Commercial Paper	*20%
Bankers' Acceptances	*20%
Collateralized/Insured Certificates of Deposit	50%
Uncollateralized Certificates of Deposit	*20%
Municipal Obligations	*10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	100%

^{*} The combined amount of these investments shall not exceed twenty percent of the total book value of the portfolio at the date of acquisition.

The investment policy dictates that the Metro Government portfolio will be further diversified to limit the exposure to any one issuer. No more than 5% of the Metro portfolio will be invested in the securities of any single issuer with the following exceptions:

	<u>Maximum</u>
U.S. Treasury	100%
Each Federal Agency	35%
Each Repurchase Agreement Counterparty	25%
Money Market Mutual Funds	50%

G. Revenue Commission

The bank balances at June 30, 2009, including cash with paying agents, were \$12,534,471. Of this amount, \$500,000 was covered by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC"). The remainder was collateralized by the bank holding deposits in the Revenue Commission's name.

The investment balances at June 30, 2009 of \$47,394,672 consists of money market mutual funds with JP Morgan Securities. Investments at JP Morgan had an average weighted maturity of approximately two months and a credit rating of Aaa as supplied by Moody's Investors Service.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> – Custodial credit risk for deposits and investments is the risk that, in the event of failure by a financial institution, the Revenue Commission may not be able to recover the value of its assets held by such financial institution. Except as follows, the Revenue Commission's investment policy states that all cash maintained in any financial institution be collateralized by certain types of investments. With the express approval of

2. Cash Deposits and Investments, continued

the Commissioners, the Revenue Commission may invest up to 10% of its investment portfolio in uninsured certificates of deposit at authorized financial institutions.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in the interest rates on investments will adversely affect their underlying fair market value. While the Revenue Commission's investment policy does not specifically address this matter, it has been management's practice to limit investment maturities in order to manage its exposure to reductions in fair value that may result from increasing interest rates.

<u>Credit Risk</u> – Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Investments are made under the "prudent person rule" outlined in the Revenue Commission's investment policy. The policy states that "investments shall be made with judgment and care under prevailing circumstances, which persons of prudence, discretion, and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment considering the probable safety of their capital as well as the probable income to be derived." The investment policy does not address diversification of the investment portfolio, but does provide the following guidelines on the types of investments that can be made.

In accordance with its investment policy, the Revenue Commission is permitted to invest in the following:

- 1. Obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, including obligations subject to repurchase agreements, provided that delivery of these obligations subject to repurchase agreements is taken either directly or through an authorized custodian.
- 2. Obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States government.
- 3. Obligations of any corporation of the United States government.
- 4. Certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institutions which are insured by the FDIC or similar entity or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured.
- 5. Bankers' acceptances for banks rated in one of the three highest categories by a nationally recognized rating agency.
- 6. Bonds or certificates of indebtedness of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and of its agencies and instrumentalities.
- 7. Securities issued by a state or local government, or any instrumentality or agency thereof, in the United States, and rated in one of the three highest categories by a nationally recognized rating agency.

2. Cash Deposits and Investments, continued

H. Fiduciary Funds

The MTTF is required to follow investment policies in accordance with Kentucky Revised Statutes ("KRS") 66.480 (see the MTTF audit report for additional discussion of allowed investments). The Escrow and Deposit Fund is governed by the Metro Government investment policy described within this note.

The Firefighters' Pension Fund had deposits of \$526,974 at June 30, 2009. Of this amount, \$100,584 was covered by the FDIC. The remaining \$426,390 was collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the Firefighters' Pension Fund's name. The Policemen's Retirement Fund had deposits of \$182,320 at June 30, 2009, which were fully insured by the FDIC.

The Firefighters' Pension Fund and Policemen's Retirement Fund are each governed by a Board of Trustees, which is ultimately responsible for the appropriateness of its investment policies and the execution of those policies to meet the funds' investment objectives. The Boards' work in conjunction with investment managers and financial advisors to determine the appropriate asset mix within each investment type pursuant to asset allocation parameters set by the Boards. Investments are to be made with "care, skill and prudence" under the market circumstances prevailing at the time with the primary objectives of (a) preserving principal, (b) producing a combination of income and liquidity sufficient to meet monthly pension payment requirements and (c) on a long-term basis, producing real total returns sufficient to meet the lifetime pension requirements.

Both the Firefighters' Pension Fund and Policemen's Retirement Fund trustees desire a balanced portfolio diversified appropriately among the three primary asset classes of marketable securities: (1) liquid reserves, (2) fixed income securities, and (3) common stock. Allowable investments include domestic and international common stocks, government and corporate bonds, and short-term fixed income securities maturing in one year or less. All fixed income investments in the Firefighters' Pension Fund and Policeman's Retirement Fund must be rated Baa or greater at the time of purchase.

2. Cash Deposits and Investments, continued

Metro Government's fiduciary fund investments are summarized in the table below as of June 30, 2009:

Investment Type	<u></u> F	air Value	Weighted Average Maturity in Years	Credit Rating
Mass Transit Trust Fund				
Money Market Mutual Funds	\$	6,197,862	0.13	Aaa
Escrow and Deposit Fund				
U.S. Treasury Obligations	\$	8,488,172	6.63	Aaa
Money Market Funds		3,500,000	0.13	Aaa
Total	\$	11,988,172		
Portfolio weighted average maturity			4.74	
Firefighters' Pension Fund				
U.S. Agency Obligations	\$	20,433	7.43	Aaa
Bond Mutual Funds		1,950,482	6.43	NR
Equity Securities		4,946,296		
Other Investments		68,344		
Total	\$	6,985,555		
Portfolio weighted average maturity			7.98	
Policemen's Retirement Fund				
U.S. Treasury Obligations	\$	466,816	4.80	Aaa*
U.S. Agency Obligations		398,359	3.57	Aaa**
Corporate Bonds		432,444	15.58	Aaa-Baa***
Equity Securities		5,532,341		
Money Market Funds		542,023	0.12	NR
Other Investments		5,086		
Total	\$	7,377,069		
Portfolio weighted average maturity			8.78	

^{* \$99,828} of treasury obligations were not rated by the rating agencies.

^{** \$24,855} of agency securities were not rated by the rating agencies.

^{*** \$129,092} of corporate bonds were not rated by the ratings agencies.

2. Cash Deposits and Investments, continued

I. Component Units

For complete information on custodial credit risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk, refer to the individual reports of each component unit. Summarized investment information for the component units is included in the table below:

Investment True	Fair Value	Weighted Average Maturity in Years				
Investment Type	rair value	Maturity in Years	Credit Rating			
LWC						
U.S. Treasury Obligations	\$ 4,700,000	4.88	Aaa			
Money Market Mutual Funds	37,403,743	0.14	Aaa			
Total	\$ 42,103,743					
Portfolio weighted average maturity		0.67				
PARC						
U.S. Government Money Market Funds	\$ 37,818,781	0.14	Aaa			
TARC						
U.S. Government Money Market Funds	\$ 2,139,855	0.21	Aaa			
Riverport						
U.S. Treasury Bills	\$ 3,285,266	0.43	Aaa			
U.S. Treasury Notes	1,430,854	0.32	Aaa			
Total	\$ 4,716,120					
Portfolio weighted average maturity		0.41				
MSD						
U.S. Treasury Bills	\$ 5,445,619	0.03	Aaa			
U.S. Agency Discount Notes	27,869,894	0.37	Aaa			
U.S. Treasury Obligations	15,486,000	6.70	Aaa			
Tax Exempt State & Municipal Bonds	12,501,431	28.56	Aa			
Money Market Funds	51,216,785	0.12	Aaa			
Repurchase Agreements	15,260,199					
Total	\$ 127,779,928					
Portfolio weighted average maturity		4.24				
LSC						
Bond Mutual Funds	\$ 67,673	5.78	Aa1/Aa2			
Money Market Funds	86,051	0.53	A 1/P1			
Money Market Funds	21,300	0.14	Aaa			
Other Investments	205,468	N/R	N/A			
Total	\$ 380,492					
Portfolio weighted average maturity		2.51				

2. Cash Deposits and Investments, continued

As of December 31, 2008, the LWC had \$795,941 in deposits that were not covered by FDIC insurance and were not collateralized and \$12,118,000 in deposits that were uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution. LSC had deposits of \$557,861 that were covered by FDIC insurance and \$85,179 that were uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution.

3. Disaggregation of Accounts Receivable and Accounts Payable

Accounts receivable are amounts owed to Metro Government as of June 30, 2009. Those amounts to be received within one year are considered current. All others are considered non-current.

Receivables at June 30, 2009 for Metro Government's individual major funds, internal service funds, and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including allowance for uncollectible amounts, are as follows:

				R	eceivables:						
							Gross	A	llowance for		Net
Fund:	Taxes	Accounts	Loans		Notes	R	Receivables	Uı	ncollectibles	F	Receivables
General	\$ 7,225,768	\$ 18,493,403	\$ 1,746,720			\$	27,465,891	\$	(3,540,626)	\$	23,925,265
Special Revenue		6,704,377	15,400,542				22,104,919		(6,843,245)		15,261,674
Major Capital Projects		40,434	2,487,087	\$	3,724,066		6,251,587		(210,480)		6,041,107
Nonmajor Governmental		22,584					22,584				22,584
Internal Service		374,239					374,239				374,239
Fiduciary		551,766					551,766				551,766
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 7,225,768	\$ 26,186,803	\$ 19,634,349	\$	3,724,066	\$	56,770,986	\$	(10,594,351)	\$	46,176,635
Component Units		\$ 38,609,103		\$	1,436,694	\$	40,045,797	\$	(603,229)	\$	39,442,568

Accounts payable are amounts owed by Metro Government as of June 30, 2009. Those liabilities to be paid within one year are considered current. All others are considered non-current.

Payables at June 30, 2009 for Metro Government's individual major funds, internal service funds, and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, are as follows:

			Paya	bles:			7,886,332 5,231,729 281,289			
Fund:		Vendors		Notes		Other	Total			
General	\$	11,826,653			\$	749,405	\$	12,576,058		
Special Revenue		7,886,332						7,886,332		
Major Capital Projects		3,231,729	\$	2,000,000				5,231,729		
Special Purpose		281,289						281,289		
Nonmajor Governmental		2,800						2,800		
Internal Service		2,828,663						2,828,663		
Fiduciary		62,908		3,500,000				3,562,908		
Total Governmental Funds	\$	26,120,374	\$	5,500,000	\$	749,405	\$	32,369,779		
Component Units	\$	37,900,740	\$	59,607,156			\$	97,507,896		

4. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2009 was as follows:

	Primary Government							
	Beginning			Ending				
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance				
Governmental activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$ 295,248,986	\$ 15,863,684	\$ (15,630)	\$ 311,097,040				
Land improvements	3,937,067	11,366		3,948,433				
Construction in progress	70,830,068	56,674,614	(10,357,803)	117,146,879				
Works of art	255,000			255,000				
Total capital assets								
not being depreciated	370,271,121	72,549,664	(10,373,433)	432,447,352				
Other capital assets:								
Land improvements	81,098,203	2,161,816	(155,200)	83,104,819				
Buildings	348,021,974	30,169,783	(3,171,954)	375,019,803				
Machinery and equipment	52,866,983	3,403,262	(1,883,997)	54,386,248				
Vehicles	105,486,224	7,250,576	(10,028,229)	102,708,571				
Collections and works of art	33,239,747	2,257,291	(2,881,766)	32,615,272				
Infrastructure	907,793,958	2,842,280		910,636,238				
Total other capital assets								
at historical cost	1,528,507,089	48,085,008	(18,121,146)	1,558,470,951				
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Land improvements	(38,843,927)	(3,562,011)	35,950	(42,369,988)				
Buildings	(134,726,712)	(7,460,991)	694,501	(141,493,202)				
Machinery and equipment	(40,055,488)	(4,454,683)	1,742,681	(42,767,490)				
Vehicles	(74,330,115)	(7,377,029)	9,534,661	(72,172,483)				
Collections and works of art	(24,701,865)	(2,712,592)	2,879,912	(24,534,545)				
Infrastructure	(791,114,222)	(16,290,956)		(807,405,178)				
Total accumulated depreciation	(1,103,772,329)	(41,858,262)	14,887,705	(1,130,742,886)				
Other capital assets, net	424,734,760	6,226,746	(3,233,441)	427,728,065				
Governmental activities								
capital assets, net	\$ 795,005,881	\$ 78,776,410	\$ (13,606,874)	\$ 860,175,417				

4. Capital Assets, continued

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

General Government:	
Metro Council	\$ 1,410
Mayor's Office	21,639
Other Elected Officials	325,561
Public Protection:	
Fire	871,581
Emergency Medical Services	935,724
Emergency Management	419,834
Corrections	95,754
Youth Detention Services	24,955
Animal Control Services	27,068
Police	700,570
Economic Development:	
Metro Development Authority	1,989,334
Air Pollution Control	85,954
Codes & Regulations:	
Inspections, Permits and Licenses	18,285
Planning and Design Services	1,968
Parks & Recreation	1,209,389
Housing & Family Services:	
Housing	4,849
Human Services	508
Community Action Partnership	980
Public Health & Wellness	227,143
Neighborhoods	4,327
Public Works & Assets:	
Public Works	16,505,433
General Services Administration	10,547,140
Solid Waste Management Services	21,254
Information Technology	1,623,713
Finance & Administration	67,427
Human Resources	1,520
Related Agencies:	
Human Relations Commission	766
Louis ville Free Public Library	2,861,910
Louis ville Zoological Gardens	1,040,614
Waterfront Development Corporation	 2,221,652
Total depreciation expense	\$ 41,858,262

4. Capital Assets, continued

Capital asset activity for the LWC for the year ended December 31, 2008 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 7,215,745	\$ 499,067	\$ (1,284)	\$ 7,713,528
Construction in progress	58,411,614	73,130,662	(57,901,302)	73,640,974
Total capital assets				
not being depreciated	65,627,359	73,629,729	(57,902,586)	81,354,502
Other capital assets:				
Buildings	89,047,541	12,411,531	(102,203)	101,356,869
Machinery and equipment	46,629,291	3,339,563	(238,886)	49,729,968
Infrastructure	862,366,257	36,680,316	(2,082,974)	896,963,599
Total other capital assets				
at historical cost	998,043,089	52,431,410	(2,424,063)	1,048,050,436
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(31,815,475)	(2,135,997)	79,131	(33,872,341)
Machinery and equipment	(29,780,358)	(4,088,645)	227,897	(33,641,106)
Infrastructure	(217,732,631)	(17,156,218)	1,013,478	(233,875,371)
Total accumulated depreciation	(279,328,464)	(23,380,860)	1,320,506	(301,388,818)
Other capital assets, net	718,714,625	29,050,550	(1,103,557)	746,661,618
Capital assets, net	\$ 784,341,984	\$ 102,680,279	\$ (59,006,143)	\$ 828,016,120

Capital asset activity for PARC for the year ended June 30, 2009 was as follows:

]	Beginning				Ending	
	Balance		Increases	Decreases		Balance	
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	9,304,855				\$	9,304,855
Construction in progress		5,804,790	\$ 24,821,086	\$	(1,840,323)		28,785,553
Total capital assets		_					_
not being depreciated		15,109,645	24,821,086		(1,840,323)		38,090,408
Other capital assets:		_					_
Buildings and Improvements		83,651,191	1,362,093				85,013,284
Machinery and equipment		4,134,769	220,156				4,354,925
Total other capital assets		_					_
at historical cost		87,785,960	1,582,249		<u> </u>		89,368,209
Less accumulated depreciation		(41,544,604)	(3,462,224)				(45,006,828)
Other capital assets, net		46,241,356	(1,879,975)				44,361,381
Capital assets, net	\$	61,351,001	\$ 22,941,111	\$	(1,840,323)	\$	82,451,789

4. Capital Assets, continued

Capital asset activity for TARC for the year ended June 30, 2009 was as follows:

]	Beginning					Ending		
	Balance		Increases		Decreases		Balance		
Capital assets not being depreciated:									
Land	\$	3,177,782					\$	3,177,782	
Other capital assets:									
Buildings		23,974,497	\$	602,257				24,576,754	
Vehicles		69,903,298		1,526,622	\$	(5,065,704)		66,364,216	
Capitalized leased vehicles		4,734,946				(162, 129)		4,572,817	
Machinery and equipment		13,147,287		1,334,056		(820,698)		13,660,645	
Total other capital assets									
at historical cost		111,760,028		3,462,935		(6,048,531)		109,174,432	
Less accumulated depreciation		(72,007,154)		(7,584,853)		6,035,491		(73,556,516)	
Other capital assets, net		39,752,874		(4,121,918)		(13,040)		35,617,916	
Capital assets, net	\$	42,930,656	\$	(4,121,918)	\$	(13,040)	\$	38,795,698	

Capital asset activity for Riverport for the year ended June 30, 2009 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance			ncreases	Decreases			Ending Balance	
Capital assets not being depreciated:		_						_	
Land and improvements	\$	8,101,986					\$	8,101,986	
Other capital assets:									
Buildings		29,876,198	\$	55,041	\$	(77,100)		29,854,139	
Other		172,887						172,887	
Total other capital assets		_						_	
at historical cost		30,049,085		55,041		(77,100)		30,027,026	
Less accumulated depreciation for:		_						_	
Buildings		(15,690,228)		(850,181)				(16,540,409)	
Other		(149,297)		(15,245)				(164,542)	
Total accumulated depreciation		(15,839,525)		(865,426)		-		(16,704,951)	
Other capital assets, net		14,209,560		(810,385)		(77,100)		13,322,075	
Capital assets, net	\$	22,311,546	\$	(810,385)	\$	(77,100)	\$	21,424,061	

Capital asset activity for MSD for the year ended June 30, 2009 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Construction in progress	\$ 136,695,000	\$ 77,424,000	\$ (31,408,000)	\$ 182,711,000
Other capital assets:				
Infrastructure	2,281,413,000	37,118,000	(4,125,000)	2,314,406,000
Less accumulated depreciation	(628,296,000)	(56,144,000)	4,060,000	(680,380,000)
Other capital assets, net	1,653,117,000	(19,026,000)	(65,000)	1,634,026,000
Capital assets, net	\$ 1,789,812,000	\$ 58,398,000	\$ (31,473,000)	\$ 1,816,737,000

4. Capital Assets, continued

Capital asset activity for the LSC for the year ended June 30, 2009 was as follows:

]	Beginning						Ending
	Balance		I	ncreases	Decreases		Balance	
Capital assets not being depreciated:		·						
Exhibits in progress	\$	242,756			\$	(223,682)	\$	19,074
Other capital assets:								
Leasehold improvements		4,836,913	\$	1,154,499				5,991,412
Machinery and equipment		861,688		124,580				986,268
Museum exhibits		18,508,497		313,223				18,821,720
Total other capital assets								_
at historical cost		24,207,098		1,592,302		-		25,799,400
Less accumulated depreciation		(15,928,654)		(1,241,898)				(17,170,552)
Other capital assets, net		8,278,444		350,404		-		8,628,848
Capital assets, net	\$	8,521,200	\$	350,404	\$	(223,682)	\$	8,647,922

5. Land Held for Development

Land held for development at June 30, 2009 is summarized as follows:

	F	Riverport			
	Authority				
Land held for development	\$	6,863,302			

6. Risk Management

Metro Government is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; professional liability exposures; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Insurance and Risk Management Fund ("Fund"), an internal service fund, was established in 1976 to consolidate all of the former City of Louisville's insurance or self-insurance under a comprehensive risk management program. Under merger, this program now includes all Metro Government departments including PARC and the former Jefferson County Fiscal Court Risk Management Fund established in 1974. The Fund consists of a comprehensive self-insurance program relating to the following:

- A. Automobile Liability: Self-insured up to \$500,000 per occurrence. Excess coverage is purchased through the Louisville Area Governmental Self-Insurance Trust ("LAGIT").
- B. Workers' Compensation (covering all employees): Self-insured up to \$1,000,000 per occurrence with a \$1,000,000 corridor. Excess coverage is purchased above this retained level.
- C. Unemployment Compensation: Completely self-insured.

6. Risk Management, continued

- D. Group Health Coverage: Prior to January 1, 2009, eligible Metro Government employees participated in group health coverage through six Preferred Provider Organization ("PPO") plans offered through Metro Government's health self-insurance fund, which were administered by Humana, Inc and Anthem Blue Cross and Blue Shield ("Anthem"). On January 1, 2009, the PPO plans administered by Anthem were terminated and all eligible employees electing coverage participated in the PPO plans administered by Humana, Inc. In addition to the plans offered to all eligible Metro Government employees, eligible members of the Fraternal Order of Police may participate in two additional PPO plans offered through Metro Government's health self-insurance fund, which is administered by Humana, Inc.
- E. General Liability: Various general liability exposures (including public official liability, law enforcement liability, medical professional liability, employer's liability, and employment practices liability), are self-insured up to a \$500,000 deductible per occurrence. Employer's liability has a \$1,500,000 per occurrence deductible (\$1,000,000 limit of liability above a \$500,000 self-insured retention is provided by an underlying commercial excess insurance policy). Excess coverage is purchased through LAGIT.
- F. Automobile Physical Damage: Excess coverage is purchased for catastrophic losses through Louisville Area Governmental General Insurance Trust ("LAGGIT") above a \$100,000 self-insured retention per occurrence.
- G. Real and Business Personal Property: Metro Government's property exposures are self-insured up to \$250,000 per occurrence, except for flood coverage which carries a deductible of \$250,000 in addition to the amount of insurance available under the National Flood Insurance Program, whether purchased or not. Excess coverage is purchased on a blanket limit basis under LAGGIT for up to \$250 million, subject to certain sub-limits for specific exposures.

Revenues come from either Metro Government's General Fund or from interagency charges developed through an independent actuarial study each year. Revenues are forecasted to match expenses, which include estimated incurred losses for both known and incurred but not reported claims, premiums for excess insurance coverage to complement the self-insurance programs, various taxes and assessments, and administrative operating expenses.

It is Metro Government's policy to fund its reserves for all property and liability exposures by charging to expense the estimated reserve amounts anticipated for claims reported during the fiscal year in which the claim occurs. An additional expense is charged at the end of the fiscal year for claims which may have occurred during the fiscal year, but have not yet been reported.

In addition to the comprehensive self-insurance programs mentioned above, Metro Government purchases various types of primary insurance coverage, including government crime coverage (employee dishonesty and faithful performance coverage); aircraft and watercraft liability and hull coverage; and long-term disability coverage for full-time employees.

6. Risk Management, continued

The claims liability of \$71,153,837 reported in the Fund at June 30, 2009 is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 30, *Risk Financing Omnibus*. Claims liabilities are estimates of the ultimate cost of reported claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) and an estimate for claims incurred but not reported based on historical experience. Claims liabilities include specific incremental claim adjustment expenses; allocated loss adjustments; and are reduced for estimated recoveries on unsettled claims.

Changes in the Fund's claims liability amount in fiscal years 2008 and 2009 were as follows:

			(Claims and					
Year ending]	Beginning	C	Changes in					
June 30		Balance	Estimates		Claim Payments		Ending Balance		
2008	\$	24,999,327	\$	48,823,549	\$	49,593,626	\$	24,229,250	
2009		24,229,250		98,645,823		51,721,236		71,153,837	

The liability associated with the health self-insurance fund as of June 30, 2009 is \$2,700,000 and is included as a liability in the Fund.

Metro Government is also a member of LAGIT (for liability exposures) and LAGGIT (for property exposures) which are separate risk-sharing mechanisms formed for public entities located in Jefferson County, Kentucky. The Metro Risk Management Division has the administrative responsibility for actual operations of LAGIT and LAGGIT and independently audited financial statements of each trust are available through the Metro Government Office of Management and Budget.

Metro Government's annual administrative fee for LAGIT was \$37,998, of which \$20,913 was transferred to the County Attorney's Office for legal services. \$60,700 was paid by LAGIT directly to Risk and Insurance Solutions, LLC for administrative services delegated by Metro Government to this professional services company.

Metro Government's annual administrative fee for LAGGIT was \$33,084. \$25,292 was paid directly by LAGGIT to Risk and Insurance Solutions, LLC for administrative services delegated by Metro Government to this professional services company.

Metro Government has not had any settled claims that have exceeded the above coverage amounts in any of the past three fiscal years.

The LWC, Riverport, LSC, MSD and TARC have established and administer various insurance and self-insurance programs in the areas of Automobile Liability, General Liability, Employee Dishonesty, Workers' Compensation and Real and Personal Property with various retentions and deductibles to protect their assets.

Excess insurance for automobile liability and general liability, as well as real and personal property, are maintained through LAGIT and LAGGIT for MSD and TARC.

Metro Government, by contract, is responsible for LSC's primary general liability exposures; therefore they are also members of LAGIT.

7. Short-Term Debt

On July 1, 2008, the Escrow and Deposit Fund re-issued the Amended and Restated General Obligation Bond Anticipation Note, Series 2008A for \$3,500,000. The note is held in the Escrow and Deposit Fund as the nature of the note is fiduciary. This note was issued for public improvements related to projects originally authorized by the Series 2001A Bonds, and is renewable annually. The note was issued to cover any potential liabilities associated with the development projects authorized by the Series 2001A Bonds. The original note was issued by Metro Government in the principal amount of \$3,500,000 and the date of original issuance was January 30, 2004. The interest on the original note made by Metro Government has been paid in full through June 30, 2009.

The following table outlines activity on short-term notes during fiscal year 2009:

Year ending	В	eginning							
June 30	Balance		Additions		R	eductions	Ending Balance		
2009	\$	3,500,000	\$	3,500,000	\$	(3,500,000)	\$	3,500,000	

8. <u>Long-Term Debt</u>

A. Primary Government

Upon merger, Metro Government assumed all long-term debt of the former City of Louisville and Jefferson County. Prior to merger, the City and County each issued General Obligation Bonds and First Mortgage and Lease Revenue Bonds and notes to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities or to refund prior bond issues. The General Obligation Bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of Metro Government.

There are \$275,187,000 of General Obligation Bonds and Bond Anticipation Notes outstanding at June 30, 2009. The primary collateral for the General Obligation Bonds are the occupational license tax and net profits license tax collected by the Revenue Commission. The Revenue Commission is the fiscal agent for general obligation bonded debt issued by the City of Louisville before January 6, 2003, and by Metro Government thereafter. Metro Government is the fiscal agent for general obligation bonded debt issued before January 6, 2003 by Jefferson County Fiscal Court. Metro Government's General Fund is contingently liable as guarantor of the general obligation bonded debt.

In November 2004, Metro Government issued \$5,655,000 of General Obligations Bonds, Series 2004B for the purpose of financing capital improvements of designated parking facilities for PARC. PARC has entered into an operating sublease agreement with Metro Government to provide payment in amounts equal to the debt service on the series 2004B bonds. The sublease is renewable annually through fiscal year 2025 at the option of PARC.

In December 2008, Metro Government issued \$44,000,000 of General Obligation Bond Anticipation Notes, Series 2008A ("BAN"). The BAN will mature in full on December 1, 2009. Proceeds from the BAN are being used for the purpose of acquiring, constructing and equipping various municipal improvements of Metro Government in accordance with the Metro Government Capital Improvements Budget. Specifically,

8. Long-Term Debt, continued

some proceeds of this BAN are being used to purchase land related to the City Center Project.

In November 2009, Metro Government issued \$41,275,000 of General Obligation Bonds, Series 2009E, in part to refinance the BAN upon maturity. Pursuant to the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Statement No. 6, *Classification of Short-Term Obligations Expected to be Refinanced*, paragraph 11, Metro Government is classifying the BAN as a long-term liability in the financial statements as of June 30, 2009.

In May 2009, Metro Government issued the following refunding bonds:

- \$8,150,000 of General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2009A to refund, at a premium, the City of Louisville Public Properties Corporation First Mortgage Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 1998. The Series 2009A bonds are payable annually in principal installments ranging from \$40,000 to \$775,000 plus interest ranging from 2.0% to 4.0% over 14 years. The refunding provided for a cumulative savings of \$2,099,679 over the life of the bonds resulting in net present value savings of \$954,410 or 10.67% of refunded principal.
- \$33,285,000 of General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2009B to refund, at a premium, the City of Louisville, Kentucky, General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 1998A and the Jefferson County, Kentucky, General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 1998A. The Series 2009B bonds are payable annually in principal installments ranging from \$3,005,000 to \$3,735,000 plus interest ranging from 2.0% to 3.0% over 10 years. The refunding provided for a cumulative savings of \$3,022,708 over the life of the bonds resulting in net present value savings of \$2,675,727 or 8.17% of refunded principal.
- \$14,740,000 of General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2009C (Taxable) to refund, at par, the City of Louisville Public Properties Corporation First Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Second Series 1998. The Series 2009C bonds are payable annually in principal installments ranging from \$1,270,000 to \$1,710,000 plus interest ranging from 3.0% to 4.0% over 10 years. The refunding provided for a cumulative savings of \$2,286,014 over the life of the bonds resulting in net present value savings of \$1,926,872 or 13.01% of refunded principal.
- \$7,700,000 of General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2009D (AMT) to refund, at par, the Jefferson County, Kentucky, General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 1999C (AMT). The Series 2009D bonds are payable annually in principal installments ranging from \$975,000 to \$1,255,000 plus interest ranging from 3.0% to 5.0% over 7 years. The refunding provided for a cumulative savings of \$802,948 over the life of the bonds resulting in net present value savings of \$725,233 or 9.04% of refunded principal.

8. Long-Term Debt, continued

General Obligation Bonds outstanding, including accreted interest, at June 30, 2009, are as follows (in thousands):

Description of Issue	Original Issue Amount		Interest Rate	Maturity During Year	Out	Debt standing
Description of Issue City of Louisville General Obligation	Amount		Rate	Ended June 30	June	2009
Serial Bonds:						
Series 2001A	\$	13,490	4.00 to 5.00%	2022	\$	9,985
Series 2007A Series 2002A Exempt	Ф	38,900	3.75 to 5.00	2022	Ф	31,800
Series 2002A Exampt Series 2002B Taxable		8,550	4.625 to 6.05	2024		7,140
Jefferson Co. General Obligation		0,550	4.023 to 0.03	2024		7,140
Bonds:						
2000A Term & Coupon Bonds		2,595	7.70	2016		1,420
2000B Capital Appreciation Bonds		50,096	5.625 to 6.00	2015		27,581
2001A Current Interest Bonds		36,900	5.50	2013		12,620
2001A Current Interest Bonds		2,885	5.50	2012		700
2002A Serial Coupon		32,995	4.00 to 4.75	2020		20,350
Louisville/Jefferson Co. Metro		32,993	4.00 to 4.73	2020		20,330
Government General Obligation						
Bond Anticipation Notes:						
Series 2008A		44,000	2.50	2010		44,000
		44,000	2.30	2010		44,000
Louisville/Jefferson Co. Metro						
Government General Obligation						
Bonds:		22.040	200 500	2025		20.510
Series 2004A (Foundation for our Future)		23,840	3.00 to 5.00	2025		20,510
Series 2004B (PARC Improvements)		5,655	3.00 to 5.00	2025		4,865
Series 2006A (Blueprint for our Future)		33,255	4.00 to 4.50	2027		31,010
Series 2009A (Refunding)		8,150	2.00 to 4.00	2023		8,150
Series 2009B (Refunding)		33,285	2.00 to 3.00	2019		33,285
Series 2009C (Refunding)		14,740	3.00 to 4.00	2019		14,740
Series 2009D (Refunding)		7,700	3.00 to 5.00	2016		7,700
Total General Obligation Bonds						275,856
Net of premiums, discounts and deferre	d an	nounts or	refunding			(669)
Total Net General Obligation Bonds					\$	275,187

8. Long-Term Debt, continued

Debt service requirements to maturity for General Obligation Bonds, excluding accreted interest of \$11,480 (which is included in the table presented on page 62), are as follows (in thousands):

Year ending						
<u>June 30</u>	Principal	<u>I</u> 1	<u>nterest</u>	<u>Total</u>		
2010	\$ 64,944	\$	11,458	\$ 76,402		
2011	21,177		9,873	31,050		
2012	20,797		9,347	30,144		
2013	17,160		8,913	26,073		
2014	17,608		8,521	26,129		
2015-2019	71,460		22,225	93,685		
2020-2024	42,100		6,932	49,032		
2025-2027	9,130		499	 9,629		
Totals	\$ 264,376	\$	77,768	\$ 342,144		

There are \$99,442,000 of First Mortgage and Lease Revenue Bonds outstanding at June 30, 2009. They are collateralized by mortgages on improvements to facilities acquired or constructed with debt proceeds. Annual debt service requirements are provided from the General Fund in amounts pursuant to contracts and lease arrangements.

First Mortgage and Lease Revenue Bonds outstanding, including accreted interest, at June 30, 2009, are as follows (in thousands):

		original Issue	Interest	Maturity During Year		Debt standing
Description of Issue	Amount		Rate	Ended June 30	June	e 30, 2009
Jefferson County Capital Projects						<u> </u>
Corporation Lease Revenue Bonds:						
1992A Municipal Multiplier						
Term Bonds	\$	16,764	6.85 to 7.00%	2018	\$	44,556
2007A Current Interest Bonds		58,855	4.00 to 4.375	2028		56,855
Total First Mortgage and Lease Revenu			101,411			
Net of premiums, discounts and defen	red a	amounts	on refunding			(1,969)
Total Net First Mortgage and Lease	\$	99,442				

8. Long-Term Debt, continued

Debt service requirements to maturity for First Mortgage and Lease Revenue Bonds, excluding accreted interest of \$30,008 (which is included in the table presented on page 63), are as follows (in thousands):

Year ending					
<u>June 30</u>	:	Principal	<u>I</u>	nterest	<u>Total</u>
2010	\$	3,612	\$	5,446	\$ 9,058
2011		3,616		5,487	9,103
2012		3,809		6,037	9,846
2013		5,051		9,509	14,560
2014		4,146		7,158	11,304
2015-2019		19,519		30,699	50,218
2020-2024		16,095		5,522	21,617
2025-2028		15,555		1,738	17,293
Totals	\$	71,403	\$	71,596	\$ 142,999

Pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, Metro Government computes rebateable arbitrage on each of its outstanding bonds a minimum of every five years and at maturity. Metro Government has covenanted to rebate excess earnings on invested bond proceeds to the United States Treasury for each five-year computation period in accordance with the law. There was no arbitrage rebate liability for Metro Government at June 30, 2009.

Notes payable outstanding at June 30, 2009 is as follows:

		Maturity	Debt
	Interest	During Year	Outstanding
Description of Issue	Rate	Ended	June 30, 2009
New Market Tax Credit Promissory Note	4.00%	2011	\$ 2,000,000

Debt service requirements to maturity for notes payable are as follows:

Year ending				
<u>June 30</u>	Principal Principal	<u>I</u>	<u>nterest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2010		\$	81,111	\$ 81,111
2011	\$ 2,000,000		71,333	2,071,333
Totals	\$ 2,000,000	\$	152,444	\$ 2,152,444

B. Discretely Presented Component Units

i. Louisville Water Company

The LWC had \$67,070,000 in Water System Revenue Bonds, Series 2000, \$31,185,000 in Water System Refunding Bonds, Series 2001, and \$81,620,000 in Water System Revenue Bonds, Series 2006 outstanding at December 31, 2008.

8. Long-Term Debt, continued

The Series 2000 bonds mature annually in amounts ranging from \$2,540,000 to \$5,870,000 from November 15, 2009 through 2025 and bear interest at rates ranging from 5.0% to 5.5%. The Series 2001 bonds mature annually in amounts ranging from \$4,590,000 to \$5,845,000 from November 15, 2009 through 2014 and bear interest at rates ranging from 4.0% to 4.7%. The Series 2006 bonds mature annually in amounts ranging from \$2,180,000 to \$5,470,000 from November 15, 2009 through 2031 and bear interest at rates ranging from 4.0% to 5.0%.

Bonds payable at December 31, 2008 consist of the following (in thousands):

				Maturity		Debt
	C	Original		During Year	Out	standing
	Issue		Interest	Ended	Dec	ember 31,
Description of Issue	Amount		Rate	December 31		2008
Water System Revenue Bonds						
Series 2000	\$	78,500	5.0 to 5.5%	2025	\$	67,070
Series 2001		60,300	4.0 to 4.7	2014		31,185
Series 2006		83,845	4.0 to 5.0	2031		81,620
Total Water System Revenue Bonds						179,875
Net of premiums						2,284
Total Net Water System Revenue Bo	nds				\$	182,159

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for Water System Revenue Bonds are as follows (in thousands):

Year ending							
December 31	Principal		<u>Interest</u>		<u>Total</u>		
2009	\$	9,310	\$	8,789	\$ 18,099		
2010		9,945		8,369	18,314		
2011		10,215		7,920	18,135		
2012		10,695		7,458	18,153		
2013		11,200		6,975	18,175		
2014-2018		38,245		28,220	66,465		
2019-2023		41,275		19,001	60,276		
2024-2028		33,305		8,237	41,542		
2029-2031		15,685		1,593	17,278		
Totals	\$	179,875	\$	96,562	\$ 276,437		

ii. Parking Authority of River City, Inc.

PARC has \$6,795,000 of First Mortgage Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2001, \$17,825,000 of First Mortgage Revenue Bonds Series 2002, \$39,265,000 of First Mortgage Revenue Bonds Series 2009A, and \$16,110,000 of First Mortgage Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2009B outstanding at June 30, 2009, less \$2,561,723 of unamortized discount and loss on bond refunding, totaling \$77,433,277 of outstanding debt shown on the statement of net assets. The Series 2002 bonds were issued in December 2002, and the proceeds are being used for construction of a parking garage at the Muhammad Ali Center and completion of construction and improvements to other existing parking garages.

8. Long-Term Debt, continued

The Series 2001 bonds mature semi-annually in amounts ranging from \$460,000 to \$590,000 from December 1, 2009 through December 1, 2015 and bear interest ranging from 4.125% to 4.625%. The Series 2002 bonds mature annually in amounts ranging from \$355,000 to \$1,330,000 from June 1, 2010 through June 1, 2032 and bear interest ranging from 3.75% to 5.0%. The Series 2009A bonds mature annually in amounts ranging from \$670,000 to \$2,480,000 from December 1, 2010 through December 1, 2039 and bear interest ranging from 3.0% to 5.75%. The Series 2009B bonds mature annually in amounts ranging from \$1,950,000 to \$670,000 from December 1, 2009 through December 1, 2020 and bear interest ranging from 3.0% to 4.0%.

First Mortgage Revenue Bonds payable at June 30, 2009 consist of the following (in thousands):

	Original			Maturity	Debt	
	Issue		Interest	During Year	Outstanding	
Description of Issue	A	mount	Rate	Ended June 30	June	30, 2009
First Mortgage Revenue Bonds			-			
Series 2001	\$	12,960	4.125 to 4.625%	2016	\$	6,795
Series 2002		19,460	3.75 to 5.0	2032		17,825
Series 2009A		39,265	3.0 to 5.375	2040		39,265
Series 2009B		16,110	3.0 to 4.0	2021		16,110
Total First Mortgage Revenue Bonds						79,995
Net of premiums, discounts and deferre			(2,562)			
Total Net First Mortgage Revenue	Bono	ls			\$	77,433

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for PARC Revenue Bonds are as follows (in thousands):

Year ending							
<u>June 30</u>	<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>		<u>Total</u>		
2010	\$	3,235	\$	4,165	\$	7,400	
2011		3,835		3,449		7,284	
2012		3,965		3,316		7,281	
2013		4,100		3,178		7,278	
2014		4,255		3,031		7,286	
2015-2019		13,880		13,186		27,066	
2020-2024		10,255		10,876		21,131	
2025-2029		11,505		8,388		19,893	
2030-2034		11,875		5,145		17,020	
2035-2039		10,610		2,156		12,766	
2040		2,480		67		2,547	
Totals	\$	79,995	\$	56,957	\$	136,952	
						,	

8. Long-Term Debt, continued

iii. Louisville and Jefferson County Riverport Authority

On December 27, 2005, Riverport borrowed \$63,000,000 for the purchase of certain assets. The note has a fixed interest rate of 6% and is to be paid in annual installments of principal and interest based on an amortization of 30 years. The first installment was paid on December 27, 2005 with each subsequent installment due on December 27 of each year. The entire outstanding principal balance of the indebtedness, plus all accrued but unpaid interest, is due and payable on December 27, 2010. The property purchased with this note was leased back to the seller of the property through a direct financing lease. The outstanding principal balance was \$59,607,156 and interest expense on this note was \$3,634,917 for the year ended June 30, 2009.

Annual debt service requirements for the loan payable are as follows (in thousands):

Year ending					
<u>June 30</u>	<u>P</u> 1	rincipal	<u>In</u>	terest	<u>Total</u>
2010	\$	983	\$	3,550	\$ 4,533
2011		58,624		1,752	 60,376
Totals	\$	59,607	\$	5,302	\$ 64,909

iv. Metropolitan Sewer District

MSD has \$1,408,290,000 of Revenue Bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2009. MSD's various bonds outstanding are listed in the following table (in thousands):

Description of Issue	Original Issue Amount		Interest Rate	Maturity During Year Ended June 30	Debt tstanding e 30, 2009
Sewer and Drainage System					
Revenue Bonds:					
Series 1997A	\$	51,245	5.25 to 6.00 %	2027	\$ 24,815
Series 1998A		260,000	4.25 to 9.00	2030	159,135
Series 1999A		300,000	5.25 to 6.50	2033	285,060
Series 2001A		300,000	5.00 to 5.50	2036	291,890
Series 2003A and 2003B		191,000	variable	2023	149,645
Series 2004A		100,000	5.00 to 5.25	2038	100,000
Series 2005A		64,740	3.00 to 5.00	2026	60,090
Series 2006A		100,000	4.00 to 5.00	2038	98,385
Series 2007A		59,665	4.00 to 5.00	2025	57,995
Series 2008A		105,000	4.00 to 5.00	2038	105,000
Series 2009A		76,275	5.00	2022	76,275
Total Sewer and Drainage System Re	ven	ue Bonds			\$ 1,408,290

8. Long-Term Debt, continued

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for Sewer and Drainage System Revenue Bonds are as follows (in thousands):

Year ending						
<u>June 30</u>	Principal		<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>		
2010	\$	23,105	\$ 71,323	\$ 94,428		
2011		24,135	70,278	94,413		
2012		25,255	69,150	94,405		
2013		26,440	67,955	94,395		
2014		27,715	66,669	94,384		
2015-2019		159,745	311,878	471,623		
2020-2024		201,365	269,066	470,431		
2025-2029		255,730	213,610	469,340		
2030-2034		330,460	138,875	469,335		
2035-2039		334,340	41,357	375,697		
Totals	\$	1,408,290	\$ 1,320,161	\$ 2,728,451		

8. Long-Term Debt, continued

C. Summary of Debt Transactions:

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2009 was as follows (in thousands):

			A	dditions					A	mounts
	ъ			and				T 10		Due
		eginning	Accreted		D.	ductions	Ending		Within One Year	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:		Balance		nterest	K	eductions		Balance	<u>U</u>	ne Year
Bonds and notes payable: General obligation debt	\$	227,992	\$	109,449	\$	(61,585)	\$	275,856	\$	64,944
Revenue bonds	Ф	130,204	Ф		Ф		Ф		Ф	3,612
		2,000		2,972		(31,765)		101,411 2,000		3,012
Notes payable		360,196		112,421		(02.250)				69.556
Bonds and notes payable		300,190		112,421		(93,350)		379,267		68,556
Net of bond premiums, discounts and		(2.171)		570		(45)		(2 (27)		
deferred amount on refundings		(3,171)		579 113,000		(45)	-	(2,637)		(0.55(
Total bonds and notes payable		357,025		113,000		(93,395)		376,630		68,556
Other liabilities:		261				(77)		204		01
Capital lease		361		01.646		(77)		284		81
Claims and judgments		41,229		81,646		(51,721)		71,154		55,255
Compensated absences		18,887		18,948		(18,873)		18,962		1,788
Total other liabilities		60,477		100,594		(70,671)		90,400		57,124
Governmental activities										
long-term liabilities	\$	417,502	\$	213,594	\$	(164,066)	\$	467,030	\$	125,680
COMPONENT UNITS:										
Bonds and notes payable:										
LWC	\$	190,879			\$	(8,720)	\$	182,159	\$	9,310
PARC		41,998	\$	53,207		(17,772)		77,433		3,235
Riverport		60,533				(926)		59,607		983
MSD		1,427,060		76,275		(95,045)		1,408,290		23,105
Total bonds and notes payable		1,720,470		129,482		(122,463)		1,727,489		36,633
Other liabilities:										
Capital lease		1,836				(863)		973		783
Claims and judgments		2,298		1,264		(1,485)		2,077		2,077
Compensated absences		4,015		47				4,062		4,062
Total other liabilities		8,149		1,311		(2,348)		7,112		6,922
Component units								·		
long-term liabilities	\$	1,728,619	\$	130,793	\$	(124,811)	\$	1,734,601	\$	43,555

Balances for claims and judgments include \$71,153,837 reported in the Insurance and Risk Management Fund, an internal service fund.

9. Capital Lease Obligations

Primary Government

Jefferson County Fiscal Court financed the purchase of radio equipment for its public works department through a capital lease obligation of \$944,652, which has been assumed by Metro Government. The obligation requires quarterly payments of principal and interest of \$24,297 through September 2012. The interest rate of the obligation is 6.20%.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the capital lease are as follows:

Year ending					
<u>June 30</u>]	Principal	<u>I</u> 1	<u>nterest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2010	\$	81,445	\$	15,744	\$ 97,189
2011		86,613		10,576	97,189
2012		92,109		5,080	97,189
2013		23,926		371	 24,297
Totals	\$	284,093	\$	31,771	\$ 315,864

10. Conduit Debt Obligations

Metro Government occasionally issues Industrial Revenue Bonds to assist local privatesector entities in financing new or expanded industrial, commercial or residential facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are collateralized by the facilities financed with the bond proceeds and are payable solely from a pledge of revenues to be derived from those facilities. The bonds and related interest do not represent or constitute an indebtedness of Metro Government or a pledge of faith and credit of Metro Government or any political subdivision thereof. Accordingly, the bonds and related assets are not included in Metro Government's financial statements.

11. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

Interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2009, are as follows:

	Interfund	Interfund
Fund	 Receivable	Payable
General	\$ 38,602,254	
Special Revenue		\$ 10,993,822
Nonmajor Governmental	640,761	
Agency:		
Revenue Commission	12,263,941	
Mass Transit	3,566,090	
Internal Service:		
Revenue Commission		44,079,224
Totals	\$ 55,073,046	\$ 55,073,046

11. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers, continued

These balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and 3) payments between funds are made.

Interfund transfers during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009 were as follows:

Interfund Transfers

Transfers out:	Transfers in:										
			5	Special]	Nonmajor	
			R	evenue	Cap	ital Projects	Spe	cial Purpose	Go	vernmental	
	Ge	neral Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund		Funds	Total
General Fund			\$	262,224	\$	9,897,200	\$	12,856,427	\$	36,860,850	\$59,876,701
Special Revenue Fund	\$	1,031,874								350,900	1,382,774
Capital Projects Fund		1,713,540									1,713,540
Nonmajor Governmental Funds										22,980,947	22,980,947
Total	\$	2,745,414	\$	262,224	\$	9,897,200	\$	12,856,427	\$	60,192,697	\$85,953,962

Transfers are used to 1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, 2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and 3) move unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

12. Customer Contributions for Water Pipeline Construction

The LWC requires consumers to make a deposit for the cost of construction of pipelines and special services. These advances are refundable, within certain time limits up to 20 years, under the terms of the various contracts.

The customer advances and deposits payable account reflects the liability for probable refunds of construction advances at some future date. When the period during which the refund can be made has expired, any balance is transferred to contributions in aid of construction.

The net increase in contributions in aid of construction during the year totaled \$11,962,468 and is shown on the component unit's statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets as non-operating revenue.

13. Contingencies and Commitments

A. Litigation

The Metro Government has been named as a defendant in various legal actions, but the ultimate outcome of these various legal actions cannot be determined with certainty. Management does not anticipate that such actions will have a material impact on the financial position of Metro Government.

Subsequent to June 30, 2009, a settlement was reached in one lawsuit regarding the computation of overtime pay for firefighters in previous years. Please refer to Note 18 for additional detail.

B. Federal and State Grants

In the course of operations, Metro Government receives grant funds from various federal and state government agencies to be used for designated purpose only. The grant programs are subject to audit by agents of the granting authorities, the purpose of which is to insure compliance with conditions surrounding the granting of funds. If a grantor's review indicates that the funds have not been used for the intended purpose, the grantor may request a refund of monies advanced or refuse to reimburse Metro Government for its expenditures. In management's opinion, any liability for any refunds or reimbursements which may arise as a result of audits of grant funds would not have a material impact on the financial position of Metro Government. Continuation of Metro Government's grant programs is predicated upon the grantor's satisfaction that the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantor's intent to continue their programs.

C. Lease and Sublease Agreement, University of Louisville Stadium Bonds

In 1997, Jefferson County issued \$18,500,000 in bonds, which were used to pay for a portion of the cost of constructing the University of Louisville Papa John's Cardinal Stadium. The University of Louisville Athletic Association ("ULAA") had agreed to pay all principal, interest, and premiums on the bonds and to maintain and insure the project so long as any bonds remained outstanding. However, pursuant to the terms of a lease and sublease agreement, in the event that the ULAA did not make the debt service payments, Metro Government was to pay for all principal, interest, and premiums on the bonds, subject to a maximum financial obligation in any fiscal year of \$2 million.

On August 5, 2008, Metro Government issued its \$39,775,000 Louisville/Jefferson County Metro Government Mortgage Revenue Refunding and Improvement Bonds, Series 2008A, a portion of which was used to redeem the remaining outstanding Series 1997 bonds. Upon issuance of the 2008A bonds, all contingent obligations pursuant to the 1997 lease and sublease with ULAA were terminated. All payments of principal and interest on the 2008A bonds are the responsibility of ULAA exclusively.

D. Construction Commitments

The Metro Government has active construction projects as of June 30, 2009. The projects include improvements to major roadways, government buildings, parks, and other various ongoing projects.

13. Contingencies and Commitments, continued

E. Other Commitments

On September 3, 2008, the Kentucky Economic Development Authority issued \$349,218,518 Louisville Arena Project Revenue Bonds, Series 2008. The proceeds from these bonds are being used to fund the acquisition, development, construction, and financing of the Arena Project in downtown Louisville, a public project intended for multiple uses as a public recreational, cultural, and sports facility. Pursuant to Metro Government Ordinance 143, Series 2007, Metro Government agrees to pay up to \$309,000,000 to or on behalf of the Arena Authority over 30 years beginning in 2010.

Metro Government's minimum and maximum annual guaranteed payments are as follows:

Years	Minimum Annual Guaranteed Payments	Maximum Annual Guaranteed Payments
2010-2019	\$ 6,533,333	\$ 9,800,000
2020-2029	7,200,000	10,800,000
2030-2039	6,866,667	10,300,000

14. <u>Deferred Compensation</u>

Metro Government, the LWC and MSD offer their employees deferred compensation plans created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. MSD also offers their employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k). The plans, available to all employees, permit them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency.

GASB Statement No. 32, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans allows entities with little or no administrative involvement who do not perform the investing function for these plans to omit plan assets and related liabilities from the statement of net assets. Metro Government, the LWC and MSD therefore do not show these assets and liabilities on their respective statements of net assets.

15. Post-Employment Health Care Benefits

Retired Metro Government employees receive some health care benefits depending on their length of service. In accordance with KRS, these benefits are provided and advanced-funded on an actuarially determined basis through the CERS. As outlined in their respective union contracts, retired firefighters and policemen covered under the Pension Trust Funds may continue health care and life insurance through Metro Government, but they bear the full cost of premiums.

16. Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Care Costs

Metro Government owns three landfill sites that were operated by the former City of Louisville, which are closed and not accepting waste. State and federal laws and regulations require certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the sites for 30 years after closure.

16. Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Care Costs

If the landfills were still in operation, Metro Government would be required to report a portion of the closure and post-closure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each fiscal year end.

Because all landfills were closed in prior years, 100% of landfill closure and post-closure care costs, estimated at \$1,747,462, were recorded as an expense and corresponding liability at June 30, 1995, in the Capital Cumulative Reserve Fund of the former City of Louisville, which is now reported as Metro Government's Major Capital Projects Fund. Payments and changes in estimates have decreased this liability from prior years to \$39,029 at June 30, 2009. Future costs may vary from that amount because of inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

17. Pension Plans

A. County Employees' Retirement System

i. Plan Description

Metro Government, LWC, TARC, Riverport, MSD, and the Revenue Commission contribute to the CERS which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by Kentucky Retirement Systems, an agency of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. The CERS provides for retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The Kentucky Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplemental information for the CERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Kentucky Retirement Systems, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601-6124.

ii. Funding Policy

Plan members are required to contribute 5% (8% for participants in the Hazardous Duty Plan) of creditable compensation if hired before September 1, 2008. Plan members hired on or after that date are required to contribute 6% (9% for participants in the Hazardous Duty Plan) of creditable compensation. Employers are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The rate as of June 30, 2009 is 13.5% (29.5% under the Hazardous Duty Plan) of participating employees' compensation. The contribution requirements of employers and plan members are established and may be amended by the CERS Board of Trustees. Metro Government has met its funding requirement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009.

Metro Government's contribution to the CERS for the years ending June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$57,607,675, \$65,286,334, and \$54,511,578, respectively.

Contributions of Metro Government's Component Units are as follows:

- LWC's contribution to the CERS for years ending December 31, 2008, 2007, and 2006 were \$4,235,556, \$4,081,601, and \$3,411,290, respectively.
- TARC's contribution to the CERS for the years ended June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$3,602,392, \$4,410,909, and \$3,457,984, respectively.

17. Pension Plans, continued

- Riverport's contribution to the CERS for the years ended June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$46,617, \$52,147, and \$43,954, respectively.
- MSD's contribution to the CERS for the years ended June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$4,677,000, \$5,482,000, and \$4,221,000, respectively.
- The Revenue Commission's contribution to the CERS for the years ended June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$269,000, \$324,000, and \$288,000, respectively.

B. Fire and Police Pension Trust Funds

i. Plan Descriptions

Most of the former City of Louisville's firemen and policemen transferred to the CERS in 1989 and 1986, respectively. For those who did not transfer, Metro Government contributes to the Firefighters' Pension Fund and the Policemen's Retirement Fund ("Funds"). Both Funds are single employer defined benefit pension plans. These plans do not issue reports on a stand-alone basis.

The Funds provide retirement, death, and disability benefits. A member may retire under the provisions of the Firefighters' Pension Fund after reaching the age of 62 or having completed 20 years of service (25 years of service if hired after July 1, 1984). A member may retire under the provisions of the Policemen's Retirement Fund after reaching age 62 or having completed 20 years of service (25 years of service if hired on or after April 1, 1985). Employee accounts vest after 10 years of service under the Firefighters' Pension Fund and 5 years under the Policemen's Retirement Fund.

Employees who retire with 20 years of service are eligible to receive 50% of their three-year average salary (25 years of service are eligible to receive 56% of their three-year average salary, if hired after July 1, 1984) under the Firefighters' Pension Fund. The three-year average salary is the sum of the three highest fiscal years of annual base salary plus overtime and supplemental pay. Under the Policemen's Retirement Fund, employees who retire at or after age 62 with 5 or more years of service are entitled to receive payments for the remainder of their lives equal to 2% of their three-year average base salary times the number of years of service. Both Funds provide up to a maximum of 75% of the three-year average salary as the length of service increases. Upon termination, employees having completed 10 years of service but not considered eligible for normal retirement, shall receive a refund of contributions without interest under the Firefighters' Pension Fund. Policemen's Retirement Fund, an employee who completes 5 years of service but is not yet eligible for normal retirement shall receive three-fourths of his contributions to the Fund without interest, upon termination.

Both Funds include death and disability benefits whereby the surviving spouse or disabled employee is entitled to receive certain benefits. Death benefits may reach 75% of base pay (at time of death) plus overtime and supplemental pay for firefighters and 75% of base pay for policemen. Disability payments may reach 75% of base pay (at time of disability) plus overtime and supplemental pay for firefighters and 75% of base pay for policemen. Under both Funds, the disabled employee is

17. Pension Plans, continued

entitled to receive disability payments for life, while the surviving spouse may receive death benefits for life or as long as the spouse does not remarry.

Membership of each plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2009:

	Firefighters' Pension <u>Fund</u>	Policemen's Retirement <u>Fund</u>
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits and terminated employees not yet receiving benefits	231	194
Vested active plan participants	0	1

ii. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters

<u>Basis of Accounting</u> - The preparation of the financial statements of the Funds generally conform to the provisions of the GASB Statement No. 25, *Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Note Disclosures for Defined Contribution Plans*. The financial statements of the Funds are prepared on the accrual basis. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Metro Government's contributions are recognized when due and a formal commitment to provide the contributions has been made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. The cost of administering the plans is financed by Metro Government and is based on budgets submitted by the administrators on an annual basis.

<u>Investments</u> - Investments are stated at fair value. Securities traded on a national exchange are valued at the last reported sales price. Gains or losses on the sale of fixed income securities are recognized using the completed transaction method. There are no significant investments (other than U.S. Government and U.S. Government Agencies) in any one organization that represents 5% or more of net assets available for benefits. There are no investments or other assets legally reserved for purposes other than the payment of member benefits for either Fund.

iii. Contributions

The contribution requirements and benefit provisions for the Funds are established by state statute and Metro Government ordinance. Employees covered under the Firefighters' Pension Fund were required to pay 7.0% of their gross earnings to the Fund. The employee contribution rate is 6.5% for the Policemen's Retirement Fund. Metro Government contributed the required amount the Firefighters' Pension Fund and the Policemen's Retirement Fund for each of the past four fiscal years.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, there were no net pension obligations for the Policemen's Retirement Fund or the Firefighters' Pension Fund.

Based on the actuarial valuations performed by consulting actuaries at January 1, 2009, Metro Government is required to make contributions to the Policemen's Retirement Fund of \$1,553,716 and to the Firefighters' Pension Fund of \$2,113,368 for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2009.

17. Pension Plans, continued

Actuarial assumptions and other information used to determine the annual required contributions are presented in the following table:

<u>Fund</u>	Firefighters' Pension Fund	Policemen's Retirement Fund
Valuation date	January 1, 2009	January 1, 2009
Actuarial cost method	Entry age	Entry age
Amortization method	Level percent, closed	Level percent, closed
Remaining amortization period	15 years	15 years
Asset valuation method	Market	Market
Actuarial assumptions:		
Investment rate of return	7.5%	7.5%
Projected salary increases	N/A	7.5%
Projected inflation rate	N/A	N/A

LOUIS VILLE/JEFFERS ON COUNTY METRO GOVERNMENT COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS PENSION & BENEFIT TRUST FUNDS June 30, 2009

	Firefighters' Pension Trust	Policemen's Retirement Fund	Total Pension & Benefit Trust
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 522,285	\$ 722,673	\$ 1,244,958
Investments	6,985,555	6,850,939	13,836,494
Accounts receivable and accrued interest	183,294	167,009	350,303
Total assets	7,691,134	7,740,621	15,431,755
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	18,891		18,891
Health insurance reimbursement and accrued liabilities	182,165	158,450	340,615
Total liabilities	201,056	158,450	359,506
NET ASSETS			
Held in trust for pension benefits	\$ 7,490,078	\$ 7,582,171	\$15,072,249

17. Pension Plans, continued

LOUIS VILLE/JEFFERS ON COUNTY METRO GOVERNMENT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS PENSION & BENEFIT TRUST FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

Total

			Total
	Firefighters'	Policemen's	Pension &
	Pension	Retirement	Benefit
	Trust	Fund	Trust
ADDITIONS			
Contributions:			
Employer	\$ 1,863,306	\$ 1,396,080	\$ 3,259,386
Member		4,257	4,257
Total contributions	1,863,306	1,400,337	3,263,643
Investment earnings:			
Decrease in fair value of investments	(1,220,273)	(1,129,930)	(2,350,203)
Realized losses	(98,063)	(109,372)	(207,435)
Interest and dividends	67,174	218,775	285,949
Net investment earnings	(1,251,162)	(1,020,527)	(2,271,689)
Other income	1,030,782	838,206	1,868,988
Total additions	1,642,926	1,218,016	2,860,942
DEDUCTIONS			
Benefit payments	3,238,873	2,647,188	5,886,061
Administration expense	316,596	334,437	651,033
Health insurance reimbursement	659,422	498,106	1,157,528
Total deductions	4,214,891	3,479,731	7,694,622
Net decrease	(2,571,965)	(2,261,715)	(4,833,680)
Net assetsbeginning of the year	10,062,043	9,843,886	19,905,929
Net assetsend of the year	\$ 7,490,078	\$ 7,582,171	\$15,072,249

18. Subsequent Events

A. Bond Issues

Primary Government

In November 2009, Metro Government issued \$41,275,000 of General Obligation Bonds, Series 2009E and \$63,250,000 of General Obligation Bonds, Series 2009F (Federally Taxable – Build America Bonds – Direct Payment & Recovery Zone Economic Development Bonds).

The Series 2009E bonds are payable in principal installments of \$3,525,000 to \$4,845,000 plus interest at 2.5% to 5.0% over ten years. Proceeds of the Series 2009E Bonds will be used to refinance the BAN upon maturity.

The Series 2009F bonds provide for interest installments only for the first ten years of the life of the bonds. Beginning in fiscal year 2020, the Series 2009F bonds will be payable in principal installments of \$865,000 to \$7,060,000 plus interest at 4.4% to 5.65% over ten years. Proceeds of the Series 2009F Bonds will be used for various capital and economic development projects.

18. Subsequent Events, continued

The Series 2009F bonds were issued under the guidelines provided in the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act ("ARRA") as Build American Bonds in the amount of \$40,635,000 and Recovery Zone Bonds in the amount of \$22,615,000. Metro Government, under the guidelines set forth in the ARRA, is eligible to apply for an interest subsidy payment from the United States Treasury for Build America Bonds of 35% and Recovery Zone Bonds of 45% of the interest payable on each type of bond.

Metro Government intends to issue additional bonds as Qualified Energy Conservation Bonds. Metro Government expects to issue such debt to raise approximately \$3,200,000 of construction proceeds. The method of issue has not been determined as of the date of this report. Proceeds from this issue will be used to facilitate the replacement of energy related components of properties owned by the Metro Government.

Louisville Water Company

On December 8, 2009, the Louisville Water Company issued \$202.9 million in bonds to fund its capital program for the next three years. The bonds were issued with an AAA rating, yielding an average borrowing cost of 2.98%. Proceeds from the bond issue will fund upgrades to the Crescent Hill Water Treatment Plant, construction of new transmission pipelines along Interstates 64 and 65 and completion of the riverbank filtration project at the B.E. Payne Plant.

The sale included:

- The issue of Series 2009A, \$116.2 million in tax exempt bonds at an average borrowing cost of 2.58%. This issue included refinancing of \$78.4 million of bonds issued in 2000 and 2001, saving \$13 million in interest payments over the remaining life of the bonds.
- The issue of Series 2009B, \$86.7 million taxable Build America Bonds, at 5.00%, yielding a cost of 3.25% to the Company after a 35% federal tax subsidy provided from the federal stimulus program.

B. Litigation

During October 2009, a settlement was reached in the litigation action regarding the computation of overtime pay for firefighters in previous years. The settlement between Metro Government and the firefighters calls for payment of \$45,000,000 payable in three installments due as follows: 1) \$15,800,000 payable by December 1, 2009, 2) \$14,300,000 payable by March 31, 2010, and 3) \$14,900,000 payable by July 15, 2010. Metro Government will pay the first installment of the settlement out of its reserves and is currently pursuing an appropriate funding mechanism for the remaining installments. Metro Government is in the process of determining any associated employer costs that are not included in the proposed settlement. These costs are not known at this time, but Metro Government believes they will be a material amount.

On November 19, 2009 the Metro Council approved Metro Government's outlined settlement plan and the first payment. Once an appropriate funding mechanism has been determined, Metro Government will present the funding plan to the Metro Council no later than January 15, 2010.

18. Subsequent Events, continued

C. Natural Disaster

On August 4, 2009, the Metro Louisville area experienced a flash flood disaster that resulted in damage to several Metro Government properties. As of the date of this report, Metro Government estimates that there is approximately \$6,000,000 - \$8,000,000 in damage to Metro Government properties with the majority of the damage at the main branch of the Louisville Free Public Library. As a result of this flash flood, Metro Louisville was declared a disaster area and is eligible for coverage by the Federal Emergency Management Agency ("FEMA"). Metro Government has also filed a claim with LAGGIT and will be subject to a \$250,000 deductible on this claim. Metro Government expects to recover 75% of this deductible from FEMA and 12% from the Kentucky Division of Emergency Management.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

${\bf LOUISVILLE/JEFFERSON~COUNTY~METRO~GOVERNMENT}\\ SCHEDULE~OF~REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND~CHANGES~IN~FUND~BALANCE~-$ BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

	For the Year Ended June	30, 2009			
DEVENUES	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts - GAAP Basis	Variance with Final Budget - Over (Under)	
REVENUES Dromonty toyon	\$ 138,755,700	\$ 138,755,700	\$ 133,501,705	\$ (5,253,995)	
Property taxes Occupational taxes	\$ 138,755,700 313,953,100	\$ 138,755,700 309,725,800	\$ 133,501,705 301,344,426		
Licenses and permits	12,098,400	12,098,400	10,521,865	(8,381,374) (1,576,535)	
Intergovernmental	70,417,400	29,112,000	28,290,329	(821,671)	
Charges for services	85,196,500	85,755,958	56,761,309	(28,994,649)	
Fees and fines	3,074,200	3,104,100	2,447,186	(656,914)	
Investment income	3,586,200	3,586,200	2,044,037	(1,542,163)	
Dividends	16,560,000	16,560,000	17,288,555	728,555	
Donations	5,911,800	5,921,610	1,914,546	(4,007,064)	
Miscellaneous	16,863,400	1,357,601	2,672,131	1,314,530	
Total revenues	666,416,700	605,977,369	556,786,089	(49,191,280)	
EXPENDITURES					
Current operating:					
General Government:	7.710.000	7.047.070	5 (04 242	(2.152.726)	
Metro Council	7,710,000 3,028,600	7,847,078 3,045,481	5,694,342	(2,152,736)	
Mayor's Office Policy and Strategic Planning	649,800	649,800	2,618,525 587,717	(426,956)	
County Attorney		6,751,400	7,024,343	(62,083) 272,943	
Other Elected Officials	6,751,400				
Public Protection:	7,915,100	7,915,100	7,553,889	(361,211)	
Fire	53,632,600	53,632,600	50,715,880	(2,916,720)	
Emergency Medical Services	26,976,100	26,976,100	22,104,299	(4,871,801)	
Emergency Management	11,230,800	8,430,800	7,181,440	(1,249,360)	
Corrections	50,005,500	50,070,395	47,296,736	(2,773,659)	
Youth Detention Services	9,513,300	9,513,300	9,292,782	(220,518)	
Animal Control Services	3,172,800	3,179,500	2,773,448	(406,052)	
Criminal Justice Commission	429,600	429,600	356,402	(73,198)	
Firefighters' Pension Fund	2,979,900	2,979,900	2,875,485	(104,415)	
Policemen's Retirement Fund	2,258,700	2,258,700	2,089,725	(168,975)	
Police	148,509,400	148,596,380	134,558,266	(14,038,114)	
Economic Development:					
Metro Development Authority	15,041,600	15,060,260	13,990,982	(1,069,278)	
Community Development	66,874,300				
Air Pollution Control	1,109,300	1,139,200	633,423	(505,777)	
Codes & Regulations:					
Inspections, Permits and Licenses	7,220,100	7,169,000	6,262,268	(906,732)	
Planning and Design Services	2,822,500	2,904,100	2,506,155	(397,945)	
Parks & Recreation	25,120,900	25,580,529	21,402,980	(4,177,549)	
Housing & Family Services:					
Housing	1,032,400	980,700	810,099	(170,601)	
Human Services	10,396,100	10,559,702	9,621,854	(937,848)	
Community Action Partnership	587,800	464,166	322,601	(141,565)	
Public Health & Wellness	12,738,300	12,738,300	10,153,703	(2,584,597)	
Neighborhoods Public Works & Assets:	8,841,500	8,839,518	6,255,803	(2,583,715)	
Public Works	18,049,700	16,746,805	11,620,859	(5,125,946)	
General Services Administration	35,302,300	35,536,858	31,290,788	(4,246,070)	
Solid Waste Management Services	23,183,400	23,184,100	19,586,443	(3,597,657)	
Information Technology	11,085,400	11,085,400	9,975,852	(1,109,548)	
Finance & Administration	23,355,000	32,682,170	22,246,348	(10,435,822)	
Human Resources	4,416,800	4,504,500	4,187,516	(316,984)	
Related Agencies:	,,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1,-01,0-0	(===,===)	
Human Relations Commission	819,000	916,400	766,100	(150,300)	
Louisville Free Public Library	18,676,200	18,626,818	15,710,135	(2,916,683)	
Louisville Zoological Gardens	13,532,400	13,527,227	12,149,060	(1,378,167)	
Internal Audit	736,700	736,700	647,020	(89,680)	
Waterfront Development Corporation	4,036,300	4,043,682	2,631,694	(1,411,988)	
Debt service	26,675,100	26,675,100	941,275	(25,733,825)	
Total expenditures	666,416,700	605,977,369	506,436,237	(99,541,132)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		002,777,207	200,120,227	(>>,5 :1,152)	
over expenditures	\$ -	\$ -	50,349,852	\$ 50,349,852	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in			2,745,414		
Transfers out			(59,876,701)		
Total other financing sources (uses)			(57,131,287)		
Net change in fund balance			(6,781,435)		
Fund balancesbeginning			87,866,577		
Fund balancesbeginning Fund balancesending			\$ 81,085,142		
i and balanceschang			ψ 31,003,142		

Significant budget to actual variances are discussed in the MD & A.

LOUISVILLE/JEFFERSON COUNTY METRO GOVERNMENT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - PENSIONS June 30, 2009

Information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated.

SCHEDULES OF FUNDING PROGRESS

Actuarial Valuation Date		uarial Value of Assets (a)	Lial	Actuarial Accrued bility (AAL) - Entry Age (b)	Un	nfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a percentage of Covered Payroll (b-a)/(c)
Firefighters' Po		<u>Fund:</u>							
1/1/2003	\$	16,862,780	\$	26,081,663	\$	9,218,883	64.7%		0%
1/1/2004		15,299,159		24,691,614		9,392,455	62.0%		0%
1/1/2005		13,888,714		23,203,024		9,314,310	59.9%		0%
1/1/2006		12,900,389		28,786,353		15,885,964	44.8%		0%
1/1/2007		12,365,461		28,461,258		16,095,797	43.4%		0%
1/1/2008		11,719,592		27,777,145		16,057,553	42.2%		0%
1/1/2009		9,233,693		26,701,182		17,467,489	34.6%		0%
Policemen's Re	tireme	nt Fund:							
1/1/2003	\$	13,587,632	\$	20,667,741	\$	7,080,109	65.7%	\$ 46,883	15101.7%
1/1/2004		13,232,420		19,158,719		5,926,299	69.1%	41,643	14231.2%
1/1/2005		12,552,786		18,194,311		5,641,525	69.0%	42,210	13365.4%
1/1/2006		12,165,678		22,741,250		10,575,572	53.5%	46,525	22730.9%
1/1/2007		12,023,033		22,317,402		10,294,369	53.9%	51,542	19972.8%
1/1/2008		11,635,522		21,444,636		9,809,114	54.3%	50,704	19345.8%
1/1/2009		9,482,462		20,863,561		11,381,099	45.4%	53,435	21299.0%

SCHEDULES OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

	Firefigh	nsion Fund	Policemen's Retirement Fund							
Year Ended	Annual		Percentage	An	mual	Percentage				
June 30	Contribution		Contributed		ribution	Contributed				
2003	\$ 31	,479 *	100.0%	\$	150,544 *	100.0%				
2004	600	,129 *	100.0%		651,469 *	100.0%				
2005	1,057	,280	100.0%		1,282,519	100.0%				
2006	1,655	,809	100.0%		1,569,675	100.0%				
2007	1,404	,474	100.0%		1,063,968	100.0%				
2008	1,890	,353	100.0%		1,381,943	100.0%				
2009	2,113	,368	100.0%		1,553,716	100.0%				

^{*}These amounts have been restated from the prior year for consistent presentation with the current year. These amounts include the employer's required contribution and the supplemental contribution approved the Metro Council.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

LOUISVILLE/JEFFERSON COUNTY METRO GOVERNMENT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2009

		Debt Service Funds			Capital Projects Funds									_	
		General Obligation		Properties oration	ital Projects orporation	Во	nd Fund		olic Properties Corporation	_	ital Projects orporation		nue Finance orporation		al Nonmajor overnmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Investments Accounts receivable Due from other funds Restricted assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	640,761 9,580	\$	580	\$ 14,485	\$	8,111 54,651 22,584	\$	284,264 1,915,217	\$	43,717	\$	21,792 146,826	\$	357,884 2,116,694 22,584 640,761 24,645
Total assets	<u> </u>	650,341	\$	580	\$ 14,485	<u> </u>	85,346	\$	2,199,481	<u> </u>	43,717	\$	168,618	<u> </u>	3,162,568
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Matured bonds payable	\$	640,761			 			\$	2,738	\$	62			\$	2,800 640,761
Total liabilities		640,761		-	 -				2,738		62				643,561
FUND BALANCES Restricted for: Debt service Assigned to: Capital projects		9,580	\$	580	\$ 14,485	\$	85,346		2,196,743		43,655	\$	168,618		24,645 2,494,362
Total fund balances		9,580		580	14,485		85,346		2,196,743		43,655		168,618		2,519,007
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	650,341	\$	580	\$ 14,485	\$	85,346	\$	2,199,481	\$	43,717	\$	168,618	\$	3,162,568

LOUISVILLE/JEFFERSON COUNTY METRO GOVERNMENT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

		Debt Service Funds				_		
	General Obligation	Public Properties Corporation	Capital Projects Corporation	Bond Fund	Public Properties Corporation	Capital Projects Corporation	Revenue Finance Corporation	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES Intergovernmental Charges for services Investment income Total revenues	\$ 432,333 218 432,551		\$ 4,361,715 1,458 4,363,173					\$ 4,361,715 432,333 13,270 4,807,318
EXPENDITURES Current: Miscellaneous Debt service: Principal Interest and other charges Capital outlay	20,815,000 9,250,404	1,500,000	2,500 6,505,000 2,448,179		\$ 822,249	\$ 282,963		2,500 28,820,000 13,100,816 1,105,212
Total expenditures Deficiency of revenues under expenditures OTHER FINANCING	30,065,404		8,955,679 (4,592,506)	-	822,249 (822,249)	282,963	-	43,028,528 (38,221,210)
SOURCES (USES) Issuance of refunding bonds, par Issuance of refunding bonds, premium Refunded bond principal Refunded bond premium Refunded bond interest Transfers in Transfers out	63,875,000 874,372 (40,770,000 (654,900 (21,277 29,320,063 (22,980,947	(23,760,000) (89,450) (26,367,634)	4,505,000		_			63,875,000 874,372 (64,530,000) (744,350) (21,277) 60,192,697 (22,980,947)
Total other financing sources (uses)	29,642,311	2,518,184	4,505,000			<u> </u>		36,665,495
Net change in fund balances	9,458	(372,455)	(87,506)	-	(822,249)	(282,963)	-	(1,555,715)
Fund balancesbeginning	122	373,035	101,991	\$ 85,346	3,018,992	326,618	\$ 168,618	4,074,722
Fund balancesending	\$ 9,580	\$ 580	\$ 14,485	\$ 85,346	\$ 2,196,743	\$ 43,655	\$ 168,618	\$ 2,519,007

LOUISVILLE/JEFFERSON COUNTY METRO GOVERNMENT COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS June 30, 2009

		rance and Risk nagement Fund	Me	ille/Jefferson Co. etro Revenue Commission	Total
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,138,387	\$	59,406,003	\$ 62,544,390
Investments		21,144,777			21,144,777
Accounts receivable		374,239			374,239
Deposits with paying agents		55,000			55,000
Total current assets		24,712,403		59,406,003	84,118,406
Capital assets:		_			
Machinery and equipment, net				307,966	307,966
Total capital assets		-		307,966	 307,966
Total assets		24,712,403		59,713,969	 84,426,372
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable		139,252		2,689,411	2,828,663
Claims and judgments		55,254,589			55,254,589
Due to other funds				44,079,224	44,079,224
Unearned revenue		84,687		12,800,544	 12,885,231
Total current liabilities		55,478,528		59,569,179	115,047,707
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Claims and judgments		15,899,248			 15,899,248
Total noncurrent liabilities		15,899,248		-	 15,899,248
Total liabilities		71,377,776		59,569,179	130,946,955
NET ASSETS					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt				307,966	307,966
Unrestricted		(46,665,373)		(163,176)	(46,828,549)
Total net assets	\$	(46,665,373)	\$	144,790	\$ (46,520,583)

LOUISVILLE/JEFFERSON COUNTY METRO GOVERNMENT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES & CHANGES IN NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

		rance and Risk nagement Fund	Co. M	rille/Jefferson etro Revenue emmission	Total
OPERATING REVENUES:					
Collection, investment and other fees			\$	4,584,006	\$ 4,584,006
Insurance income	\$	14,092,194			14,092,194
Insurance premiums		44,665,900	1		44,665,900
Total operating revenues		58,758,094		4,584,006	63,342,100
OPERATING EXPENSES:					
Professional services		243,763		3,746,580	3,990,343
Contractual services		14,464		468,965	483,429
Repairs and maintenance				4,326	4,326
Other supplies and expenses		6,500		312,360	318,860
Insurance claims, settlements and losses		98,645,823			98,645,823
Insurance premiums		4,903,529			4,903,529
Depreciation		_		24,036	24,036
Total operating expenses		103,814,079		4,556,267	108,370,346
Operating income (loss)		(45,055,985)		27,739	(45,028,246)
NONOPERATING REVENUES:					
Investment income	1	477,552			477,552
Total nonoperating revenues		477,552			477,552
Change in net assets		(44,578,433)		27,739	(44,550,694)
Total net assetsbeginning		(2,086,940)		117,051	(1,969,889)
Total net assetsending	\$	(46,665,373)	\$	144,790	\$(46,520,583)

LOUISVILLE/JEFFERSON COUNTY METRO GOVERNMENT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

	rance and Risk agement Fund	Met	le/Jefferson Co. ro Revenue ommission	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Cash received from collection, investment, and other fees Insurance income Payments to employees Payments to suppliers Contractual services Claims paid Insurance premiums paid	\$ 58,755,093 (243,763) (40,553) (51,721,236) (4,903,529)	\$	4,584,006 (2,915,335) (710,893)	\$ 4,584,006 58,755,093 (3,159,098) (710,893) (40,553) (51,721,236) (4,903,529)
Increase (decrease) in cash collected for others Other payments	(6,500)		(793,001)	 (793,001) (6,500)
Net cash provided by operating activities	1,839,512		164,777	2,004,289
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL ACTIVITIES: Acquisition and construction of capital assets			(69,990)	 (69,990)
Net cash used in capital activities			(69,990)	(69,990)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Change in investment pool participation Investment income	(851,669) 477,552			(851,669) 477,552
Net cash used in investing activities	 (374,117)			(374,117)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the year	1,465,395 1,672,992		94,787 59,311,216	1,560,182 60,984,208
Cash and cash equivalents, end of the year	\$ 3,138,387	\$	59,406,003	\$ 62,544,390
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided/(used) by operating activities:	\$ (45,055,985)	\$	27,739	\$ (45,028,246)
Depreciation expense Increase (decrease) in cash due to changes in assets and liabilities:			24,036	24,036
Accounts receivable Accounts and other payables Liability for incurred claims Due to other funds and governmental agencies Unearned revenue	(3,001) (1,226,089) 48,124,587		906,003 (2,538,097) 1,745,096	(3,001) (320,086) 48,124,587 (2,538,097) 1,745,096
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 1,839,512	\$	164,777	\$ 2,004,289

During fiscal year 2009, there was no non-cash change to the fair value of investments.

LOUISVILLE/JEFFERSON COUNTY METRO GOVERNMENT COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS AGENCY FUNDS

June 30, 2009

	Mass Transit	 Escrow and Deposit	Revenue Commission	Total
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 100,158	\$ 7,518,504		\$ 7,618,662
Investments	6,197,862	11,989,273		18,187,135
Accounts receivable and accrued interest		201,463		201,463
Due from other funds	3,566,090		\$ 12,263,941	15,830,031
Due from other governmental agencies	1,254,074			1,254,074
Total assets	\$ 11,118,184	\$ 19,709,240	\$ 12,263,941	\$ 43,091,365
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable		\$ 44,017		\$ 44,017
Notes payable		3,500,000		3,500,000
Due to other governmental agencies	\$ 11,118,184	8,750,383	\$ 12,263,941	32,132,508
Refundable deposits		7,414,840		7,414,840
Total liabilities	\$ 11,118,184	\$ 19,709,240	\$ 12,263,941	\$ 43,091,365

LOUISVILLE/JEFFERSON COUNTY METRO GOVERNMENT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009

	Mass Transit									
		Balance July 1, 2008		Additions		Deductions		Balance June 30, 2009		
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Investments Due from other funds Due from other governmental agencies	\$	100,114 6,856,456 3,791,197	\$	158 22,639,971 3,566,090 1,254,074	\$	23,298,565 3,791,197	\$	100,158 6,197,862 3,566,090 1,254,074		
Total assets	\$	10,747,767	\$	27,460,293	\$	27,089,876	\$	11,118,184		
LIABILITIES Due to other governmental agencies	\$	10,747,767	\$	41,166,934	\$	40,796,517	\$	11,118,184		
Total liabilities	\$	10,747,767	\$	41,166,934	\$	40,796,517	\$	11,118,184		
				Escrow a	nd De	posit		_		
		Balance July 1, 2008		Additions		Deductions		Balance June 30, 2009		
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Investments Accounts receivable	\$	7,053,778 12,120,363 216,379	\$	4,678,788 97,595 229,565	\$	4,214,062 228,685 244,481	\$	7,518,504 11,989,273 201,463		
Total assets	\$	19,390,520	\$	5,005,948	\$	4,687,228	\$	19,709,240		
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Notes payable Due to other governmental agencies Refundable deposits	\$	41,883 3,500,000 8,879,365 6,969,272	\$	663,450 3,500,000 673,203 1,763,621	\$	661,316 3,500,000 802,185 1,318,053	\$	44,017 3,500,000 8,750,383 7,414,840		
Total liabilities	\$	19,390,520	\$	6,600,274	\$	6,281,554	\$	19,709,240		
		Balance		Revenue (Comm	ission		Balance		
		July 1, 2008		Additions		Deductions		June 30, 2009		
ASSETS Due from other funds	\$	13,183,582	\$	134,994,977	\$	135,914,618	\$	12,263,941		
Total assets	\$	13,183,582	\$	134,994,977	\$	135,914,618	\$	12,263,941		
LIABILITIES Due to other governmental agencies	\$	13,183,582	\$	134,994,977	\$	135,914,618	\$	12,263,941		
Total liabilities	\$	13,183,582	\$	134,994,977	\$	135,914,618	\$	12,263,941		

Statistical Section

activities it performs.

This part of the Metro Government's CAFR presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about Metro Government's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>	Page
Financial Trends	94-98
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how Metro Government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	1
Revenue Capacity	99-104
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess Metro Government's most significant local revenue sources: Occupational and Property taxes.	
Debt Capacity1	05-109
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of Metro Government's current levels of outstanding debt and Metro Government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information1	10-112
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which Metro Governmen financial activities take place.	t's
Operating Information 1	13-114
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in Metro Government's financial report relates to the services Metro Government provides and the	ıl

LOUISVILLE/JEFFERSON COUNTY METRO GOVERNMENT SUMMARY OF NET ASSETS AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

Last Seven Fiscal Years (since Merger) (1)

	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	2008	2009
Primary Government/Governmental Activities:							
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 565,291,116	\$ 544,355,891	\$ 520,287,023	\$ 515,671,362	\$ 514,870,387	\$ 504,735,518	\$ 537,459,886
Restricted	82,123,082	65,930,660	74,553,001	62,355,267	88,865,414	81,047,323	71,526,320
Unrestricted	53,300,267	70,554,690	42,158,721	37,506,232	18,230,226	19,216,446	(12,934,120)
Total Primary Government/Governmental							
Activities Net Assets	\$ 700,714,465	\$ 680,841,241	\$ 636,998,745	\$ 615,532,861	\$ 621,966,027	\$ 604,999,287	\$ 596,052,086
Primary Government/Governmental Activities:							
Expenses (2)							
General Government	\$ 27,772,909	\$ 22,464,479	\$ 24,571,680	\$ 25,623,205	\$ 27,142,783	\$ 27,463,380	\$ 25,757,030
Public Protection	108,832,956	112,937,135	130,194,826	152,742,063	156,867,814	168,125,697	166,736,527
Police	121,700,362	120,446,100	138,751,554	132,793,664	135,962,267	140,438,253	147,980,259
Economic Development	25,171,229	21,638,429	28,451,908	26,276,189	30,710,291	25,275,680	39,617,092
Codes & Regulations	29,616,549	10,622,190	8,185,714	8,847,046	8,640,257	11,289,044	12,220,294
Parks & Recreation	25,618,761	21,653,602	24,943,797	25,479,670	25,515,919	25,131,824	24,615,331
Housing & Family Services	38,588,804	30,087,195	31,841,096	33,146,828	30,304,444	28,844,976	29,871,809
Public Health & Wellness	21,422,827	33,813,783	36,407,344	38,607,238	38,132,320	26,795,986	25,066,813
Neighborhoods	5,400,041	5,072,738	6,628,578	7,202,084	7,068,336	8,194,903	6,878,355
Public Works & Assets	129,032,678	113,837,465	129,373,570	128,850,571	127,157,541	130,173,516	117,838,351
Information Technology	7,346,791	6,046,175	9,205,957	9,543,827	10,111,462	11,858,166	12,428,088
Finance & Administration Human Resources	52,453,722 3,976,508	14,169,550	14,471,294	13,048,462	13,789,994 4,176,072	24,813,303 4,521,110	23,929,387 4,492,419
Related Agencies	56,902,694	3,947,479	4,299,291	4,452,275 48,141,028	48,736,693	53,572,010	41,302,782
Interest expense	14,372,117	45,157,161 16,072,154	48,140,137 17,077,617	48,141,028 16,302,423	48,736,693 17,214,454	14,425,027	19,424,674
Total Expenses	668,208,948	577,965,635	652,544,363	671,056,573	681,530,647	700,922,875	698,159,211
Program Revenues: Charges for Services:							
Emergency Medical Services	4,681,971	8,972,481	8,831,242	9,610,942	12,087,525	11,621,333	13,431,725
Inspections, Permits and Licenses	7,407,483	23,917	12,409,334	12,963,317	13,954,629	14,215,180	13,126,794
Louisville Zoological Gardens	7,631,624	7,737,208	7,887,283	7,503,751	8,224,299	8,667,497	8,519,092
Metro Development Authority	2,416,129	517,056	8,219,029	7,893,128	9,007,348	10,082,408	8,080,332
Other	39,701,945	30,936,383	34,837,445	31,781,000	40,182,710	33,471,796	32,930,586
Total Charges for Services	61,839,152	48,187,045	72,184,333	69,752,138	83,456,511	78,058,214	76,088,529
Operating Grants and Contributions	96,108,452	63,481,947	75,099,069	72,212,271	73,451,393	82,810,321	99,301,526
Capital grants and Contributions	43,008,216	33,251,324	29,167,632	56,127,486	42,118,743	31,815,335	37,242,327
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	200,955,820	144,920,316	176,451,034	198,091,895	199,026,647	192,683,870	212,632,382
Net (Expense) Revenue	(467,253,128)	(433,045,319)	(476,093,329)	(472,964,678)	(482,504,000)	(508,239,005)	(485,526,829)
General Revenues: Taxes							
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	114,569,931	118,655,718	120,575,832	120,750,897	126,741,678	133,966,466	134,091,146
Occupational taxes	250,215,859	260,797,870	275,767,186	285,559,281	307,856,301	309,491,515	301,344,426
Investment income	2,211,363	937,567	3,965,089	5,251,143	9,189,326	8,413,117	3,950,500
Dividends	12,379,583	12,687,780	13,935,078	17,715,564	14,625,718	18,531,912	17,288,555
Other intergovernmental revenue	12,386,356	1,963,651	4,672,662	12,764,992	13,591,805	11,419,069	11,291,887
Fees and fines	1,225,524	1,058,179	2,211,315	2,676,570			
Gain on sale of assets	187,679	349,995	650,000	1,156,848	1,047,399	2,626,001	1,622,208
Other taxes	223,684		319,838	319,388	271,059	209,376	269,634
Rental receipts	1,932,180	1,111,567	4,764,521	395,634	1,256,226	1,832,428	1,950,901
Miscellaneous	3,080,838	4,008,837	5,972,358	4,464,605	3,982,753	4,782,381	4,795,016
Total General Revenues	398,412,997	401,571,164	432,833,879	451,054,922	478,562,265	491,272,265	476,604,273
Change in Net Assets	(68,840,131)	(31,474,155)	(43,259,450)	(21,909,756)	(3,941,735)	(16,966,740)	(8,922,556)
Net Assets - beginning, restated	769,554,596	712,315,396	680,258,195	636,998,745	615,532,861	621,966,027	604,999,287
Increase due to acquired agency				443,872			
Prior period adjustment	¢ 700 711 155	e coo out out	£ 626,000,745	£ 615 500 061	10,374,901	£ 604 000 20=	£ 506.036.301
Net Assets - ending	\$ 700,714,465	\$ 680,841,241	\$ 636,998,745	\$ 615,532,861	\$ 621,966,027	\$ 604,999,287	\$ 596,076,731

For the implementation of GASB Statement No. 44*Economic Condition Reporting: The Statistical Section*, GASB recommends reporting ten years of statistical and demographic information. Since the former City of Louisville and the former Jefferson County Fiscal Court merged on January 6, 2003, Metro Government is implementing this pronouncement beginning with the year of merger in order to avoid comparability issues.
 Amounts reported for fiscal years 2003 - 2007 have been restated to conform with current year presentation.

LOUISVILLE/JEFFERSON COUNTY METRO GOVERNMENT FUND BALANCE, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Last Seven Fiscal Years (since Merger) (1)</u>

	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009 (2)</u>
General Fund Reserved Unreserved	\$ 4,896,863 73,833,428	\$ 3,388,723 83,658,675	\$ 4,155,586 92,669,401	\$ 5,493,394 95,386,671	\$ 6,931,347 97,232,552	\$ 3,469,429 84,397,148	
Nonspendable Committed Assigned Unassigned							\$ 3,787,983 6,499,730 5,390,322 65,407,107
Total General Fund	\$ 78,730,291	\$ 87,047,398	\$ 96,824,987	\$ 100,880,065	\$ 104,163,899	\$ 87,866,577	\$ 81,085,142
All Other Governmental Funds							
Reserved Unreserved, reported in:	\$ 22,714,767	\$ 20,630,432	\$ 18,591,392	\$ 32,587,646	\$ 37,478,627	\$ 53,123,245	
Special Revenue Fund	11,213,099	15,153,840	18,242,052	3,498,142	1,696,884	(5,723,981)	
Capital Projects Fund	57,111,280	37,377,818	50,884,092	48,926,550	55,858,957	40,137,381	
Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds	26,021,801	28,183,295	23,069,260	18,559,011	23,093,360	23,957,871	
Nonspendable Restricted							\$ 12,649,445
Debt service reserve Other capital projects Assigned							24,645 7,720,089
Capital projects Grant programs	 	 	 	 	 	 	 63,806,231 6,269,161
Total all other Governmental Funds	\$ 117,060,947	\$ 101,345,385	\$ 110,786,796	\$ 103,571,349	\$ 118,127,828	\$ 111,494,516	\$ 90,469,571

⁽¹⁾ For the implementation of GASB Statement No. 44, *Economic Condition Reporting: The Statistical Section*, GASB recommends reporting ten years of statistical and demographic information. Since the former City of Louisville and the former Jefferson County Fiscal Court merged on January 6, 2003, Metro Government is implementing this pronouncement beginning with the year of merger in order to avoid comparability issues.

⁽²⁾ Metro Government elected to implement GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and the Governmental Fund Type Definitions, in fiscal year 2009. This statement allows the entity to apply prospectively in the statistical section. Therefore, Metro Government has not reclassified prior information.

LOUISVILLE/JEFFERSON COUNTY METRO GOVERNMENT CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Seven Fiscal Years (since Merger) (1)

	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	2009
REVENUES							
Property taxes	\$ 110,578,566	\$ 113,164,349	\$ 120,912,806	\$ 121,338,886	\$ 127,919,524	\$ 134,259,325	\$ 133,501,705
Occupational taxes	235,901,121	260,797,870	275,767,186	285,559,281	307,856,301	309,491,515	301,344,426
Licenses and permits	23,741,060	10,544,820	11,521,182	11,457,731	11,811,402	11,600,220	10,521,865
Intergovernmental	127,477,833	131,510,281	113,503,540	133,762,762	122,899,040	123,701,933	140,964,634
Charges for services	60,847,632	33,941,527	60,026,636	54,494,156	68,620,013	65,046,880	65,033,024
Fees and fines	914,318	1,016,230	722,187	2,438,607	3,395,450	1,491,118	2,473,251
Investment income	4,156,510	937,567	3,965,089	5,251,143	9,189,326	8,413,117	3,950,500
Dividends	12,379,583	12,687,780	13,935,078	17,715,564	14,625,718	18,531,912	17,288,555
Donations	4,040,450	5,162,538	2,748,194	11,728,614	7,736,520	4,755,423	6,029,542
Miscellaneous	17,374,993	4,024,131	3,361,493	4,831,279	3,667,409	4,332,278	4,443,665
Total revenues	597,412,066	573,787,093	606,463,391	648,578,023	677,720,703	681,623,721	685,551,167
EXPENDITURES (2)							
General Government	26,683,532	21,652,466	22,265,724	22,981,366	24,679,207	25,525,729	23,478,816
Public Protection	100,658,079	105,409,514	116,010,331	137,404,977	142,118,284	155,794,072	153,421,244
Police	117,355,711	116,490,491	126,343,610	120,413,360	125,522,471	131,670,127	137,290,564
Economic Development	21,380,913	19,299,326	23,949,370	22,091,209	26,620,960	21,911,769	34,880,087
Codes & Regulations	28,911,602	10,327,482	7,491,076	8,058,948	7,998,515	10,615,953	10,192,927
Parks & Recreation	21,767,248	20,489,287	21,922,934	22,405,732	22,641,942	22,558,585	21,751,602
Housing & Family Services	37,415,658	29,276,331	29,154,534	30,228,338	28,133,973	27,177,609	27,848,133
Public Health & Wellness	20,747,662	32,662,513	33,031,631	35,020,251	35,181,838	25,011,628	23,148,305
Neighborhoods	3,871,939	4,936,210	6,066,781	6,565,329	6,559,384	7,717,628	6,409,530
Public Works & Assets	69,765,377	64,510,252	67,457,003	70,884,688	71,262,503	73,676,326	82,986,482
Information Technology	6,082,646	5,605,906	6,960,196	7,248,081	7,813,687	9,589,440	9,975,852
Finance & Administration	34,067,423	13,784,775	13,247,952	11,898,662	12,802,901	23,281,270	22,246,348
Human Resources	3,882,710	3,841,236	3,936,674	4,060,640	3,877,455	4,259,117	4,187,516
Related Agencies	49,430,840	38,684,963	38,518,437	38,562,734	39,521,940	44,246,849	32,429,223
Debt service principal	19,643,000	19,177,195	22,613,352	25,595,000	24,252,500	25,960,000	28,820,000
Debt service interest and other payments	14,372,117	16,072,154	16,033,918	15,210,706	17,892,454	14,425,027	15,227,787
Capital outlay	87,662,658	59,315,442	62,653,450	93,268,102	89,555,809	83,759,227	124,587,884
Total expenditures	663,699,115	581,535,543	617,656,973	671,898,123	686,435,823	707,180,356	758,882,300
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	187,679	349,995	650,000	1,156,848	1,047,399	2,626,001	1,622,208
Issuance of bonds, par	47,450,000		29,495,000		33,255,000		44,000,000
Issuance of bonds, premium/(discount)	363,474		1,267,582		(60,278)		448,800
Issuance of refunding bonds, par	49,445,000				58,855,000		63,875,000
Issuance of refunding bonds, premium/(discount)					(137,152)		874,372
Bond issuance costs paid	(199,324)						
Refunded bond principal, interest, and premium	(49,547,534)						(65,295,627)
Payment to bond refunding escrow agent	(2,999,382)				(58,220,426)		
Transfers in	110,805,958	42,774,751	46,270,744	45,960,731	65,293,175	72,426,546	85,953,962
Transfers out	(113,403,255)	(42,774,751)	(47,270,744)	(45,960,731)	(65,293,175)	(72,426,546)	(85,953,962)
Total other financing sources (uses)	42,102,616	349,995	30,412,582	1,156,848	34,739,543	2,626,001	45,524,753
Net change in fund balance	\$ (24,184,433)	\$ (7,398,455)	\$ 19,219,000	\$ (22,163,252)	\$ 26,024,423	\$ (22,930,634)	\$ (27,806,380)
Ratio of total debt service expenditures	6.28%	7.24%	7.48%	7.59%	7.60%	6.93%	7.46%

⁽¹⁾ For the implementation of GASB Statement No. 44, Economic Condition Reporting: The Statistical Section, GASB recommends reporting ten years of statistical and demographic information. Since the former City of Louisville and the former Jefferson County Fiscal Court merged on January 6, 2003, Metro Government is implementing this pronouncement beginning with the year of merger in order to avoid comparability issues.

to noncapital expenditures

⁽²⁾ Amounts reported for fiscal years 2003 - 2007 have been restated to conform with current year presentation.

GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES BY SOURCE (1)

Last Seven Fiscal Years (since Merger) (2)

Fiscal Year			Licenses and Permits		Inter- governmental		Charges for Services	Fines and Forfeitures		Investment Income		Donations and Miscellaneous Revenue		Total Revenues (3)	
2003	\$ 346,479,687	\$	23,741,060	\$	125,886,137	\$	56,029,421	\$ 914,218	\$	2,099,625	\$	4,349,907	\$	559,500,055	
2004	373,962,219		10,544,820		128,437,170		33,532,382	1,016,230		90,583		6,824,682		554,408,086	
2005	396,679,992		11,480,682		112,396,801		57,928,605	718,975		2,932,989		4,655,833		586,793,877	
2006	406,898,167		11,262,911		131,246,233		53,722,470	2,438,472		3,533,830		6,632,627		615,734,710	
2007	435,775,825		11,811,402		116,583,482		65,952,416	3,326,004		6,391,247		7,059,292		646,899,668	
2008	443,750,840		11,600,220		122,314,139		63,750,509	1,491,118		6,017,749		7,075,098		655,999,673	
2009	434,846,131		10,521,865		140,138,472		64,239,245	2,447,186		2,658,807		6,261,891		661,113,597	

- (1) Includes General, Special Revenue and Debt Service Funds.
- (2) For the implementation of GASB Statement No. 44, Economic Condition Reporting: The Statistical Section, GASB recommends reporting ten years of statistical and demographic information. Since the former City of Louisville and the former Jefferson County Fiscal Court merged on January 6, 2003, Metro Government is implementing this pronouncement beginning with the year of merger in order to avoid comparability issues.
- (3) Fiscal year 2003 revenues included the Major Capital Projects fund and other nonmajor capital funds. Fiscal year 2003 has been restated to conform to the current presentation.

LOUISVILLE/JEFFERSON COUNTY METRO GOVERNMENT GENERAL FUND TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE

Last Seven Fiscal Years (since Merger) (1)

Fiscal Year	Total Taxes		General Property Taxes		Bank and Life Insurance Shares		Public Service Corporations		Occupational Taxes		Other (2)		Interest, Penalties and Other Fees	
2003	\$	346,149,531	\$	92,608,431	\$	4,350,721	\$	6,763,891	\$	235,901,121	\$	5,944,104	\$	581,263
2004		373,962,220		93,016,802		4,803,193		7,402,223		260,797,870		7,411,472		530,660
2005		396,679,991		96,472,771		4,699,922		8,794,533		275,767,186		9,576,926		1,368,653
2006		406,898,167		101,294,625		4,536,598		6,684,538		285,559,281		8,290,703		532,422
2007		435,775,825		106,223,290		5,131,435		7,819,890		307,856,301		8,152,922		591,987
2008		443,750,840		112,610,250		5,001,374		7,883,195		309,491,515		8,336,658		427,848
2009		434,846,131		116,505,210		4,560,570		7,681,607		301,344,426		4,483,331		270,987

⁽¹⁾ For the implementation of GASB Statement No. 44, Economic Condition Reporting: The Statistical Section , GASB recommends reporting ten years of statistical and demographic information. Since the former City of Louisville and the former Jefferson County Fiscal Court merged on January 6, 2003, Metro Government is implementing this pronouncement beginning with the year of merger in order to avoid comparability issues.

⁽²⁾ Tax revenues designated as Other include deed taxes, delinquent taxes and other miscellaneous property taxes.

LOUISVILLE/JEFFERSON COUNTY METRO GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT, INCOME AND OCCUPATIONAL TAX REVENUES

Last Seven Fiscal Years (since Merger) (1)

Fiscal		Unemployment	Pe	er Capita	Percent Income	(Occupational	Percent Revenue	
Year	Employment (3)	Rate (3)	Inco	ome (2) (3)	Growth	Tax Revenue		Growth	
2003	330,666	5.7%	\$	33,466	2.11%	\$	235,901,121	2.87%	
2004	329,537	6.2%		34,646	3.53%		260,797,870	10.55%	
2005	330,575	5.5%		36,443	5.19%		275,767,186	5.74%	
2006	332,856	6.2%		37,121	1.86%		285,559,281	3.55%	
2007	339,832	5.6%		39,877	7.42%		307,856,301	7.81%	
2008	340,011	5.3%		41,626	4.39%		309,491,515	0.53%	
2009	335,398	6.4%		43,960	5.61%		301,344,426	-2.63%	

Source: Bureau of of Labor Statistics website: www.bls.gov

Workforce Kentucky website: www.workforcekentucky.ky.gov

- (1) For the implementation of GASB Statement No. 44, *Economic Condition Reporting: The Statistical Section*, GASB recommends reporting ten years of statistical and demographic information. Since the former City of Louisville and the former Jefferson County Fiscal Court merged on January 6, 2003, Metro Government is implementing this pronouncement beginning with the year of merger in order to avoid comparability issues.
- (2) Per capita income for 2009 is an estimate based on the average annual percentage increase over the last ten years. Per capita income for 2008, which had been an estimate, has been changed to reflect published figures as of April 2009.
- (3) Employment, unemployment and per capita figures represent the annual average for the full calendar year previous to fiscal year end. The sources referenced above have continually updated these figures subsequent to the publishing of prior years reports. For consistency, Metro Government has elected to not revise prior year information and is presenting our previously published data.

PRINCIPAL WITHHOLDING TAXPAYERS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

Rank	Employer
1	Jefferson County Board of Education
2	Norton Healthcare, Inc.
3	University of Louisville
4	General Electric Company
5	Humana, Inc.
6	Louisville Metro Government
7	Jewish Hospital & St. Mary's Healthcare, Inc.
8	Ford Motor Company
9	United Parcel Service (Ohio)
10	Humana Insurance Company
11	United Parcel Service
12	Brown Forman Corporation
13	Kentucky State Treasurer
14	Baptist Healthcare System
15	United States Postal Service
16	The Kroger Company
17	University Medical Center
18	UPS Worldwide Forwarding, Inc.
19	Wal-Mart Associates, Inc.
20	EON US Services, Inc.
21	U.S. Veterans Administration
22	The Wellpoint Companies, Inc.
23	UPS Supply Chain Solutions, Inc.
24	Bellsouth Telecommunications, Inc.
25	Yum Restaurant Services Group, Inc.
26	Kindred Healthcare Operating, Inc.
27	Insight Communications Co., Inc.
28	Defense Finance & Accounting Service
29	Louisville Gas & Electric Co.
30	Archdiocese of Louisville

Information obtained from the Louisville/Jefferson County Revenue Commission.

ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY (1)

Last Seven Fiscal Years (since Merger) (2)

	Real P	roperty	Personal	Property	To	otal	Ratio of Total Assessed Value to	
Fiscal Year	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Total Estimated Actual Value	Homestead Exemption (3)
2003	\$46,274,546,626	\$48,330,892,272	\$ 9,032,190,675	\$ 9,032,190,675	\$55,306,737,301	\$57,363,082,947	96.42 %	\$ 26,800
2004	48,823,781,592	50,939,965,058	8,777,257,634	8,777,257,634	57,601,039,226	59,717,222,692	96.46 %	28,000
2005	50,881,807,698	53,029,275,814	8,819,447,665	8,819,447,665	59,701,255,363	61,848,723,479	96.53 %	28,000
2006	53,883,962,963	56,308,314,219	8,594,585,408	8,594,585,408	62,478,548,371	64,902,899,627	96.26 %	29,400
2007	58,098,021,311	60,452,626,137	9,017,138,502	9,017,138,502	67,115,159,813	69,469,764,639	96.61 %	29,400
2008	61,651,282,888	64,229,369,264	8,359,422,318	8,359,422,318	70,010,705,206	72,588,791,582	96.45 %	31,400
2009	64,675,966,705	67,265,364,321	8,953,378,083	8,953,378,083	73,629,344,788	76,218,742,404	96.60 %	31,400

⁽¹⁾ Pursuant to the Constitution of Kentucky and applicable statutes, real property is to be revalued annually at 100 percent of its fair cash value.

⁽²⁾ For the implementation of GASB Statement No. 44, *Economic Condition Reporting: The Statistical Section*, GASB recommends reporting ten years of statistical and demographic information. Since the former City of Louisville and the former Jefferson County Fiscal Court merged on January 6, 2003, Metro Government is implementing this pronouncement beginning with the year of merger in order to avoid comparability issues.

⁽³⁾ Under the provisions of the Homestead Amendment to the Kentucky Constitution, persons 65 years or older are granted exemptions of these amounts on the assessed value of their bona fide residence.

PROPERTY TAX RATES

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS

TAX RATES (PER \$100 OF ASSESSED VALUATION)

Last Seven Fiscal Years (since Merger) (1)

Fiscal	Urban S	ervice									
Year	District (2) (3)		Metro Govern	ment (2) (3)	S	chool District		Total			
	Real	Personal	Real	Personal	Real	<u>Inventory</u>	Personal	Real	Inventory	Personal	
2003	0.376	0.057	0.128	0.166	0.572	0.572	0.572	1.076	0.572	0.795	
2004	0.374	0.566	0.128	0.166	0.576	0.576	0.576	1.078	0.576	1.308	
2005	0.374	0.566	0.128	0.166	0.592	0.592	0.592	1.094	0.592	1.324	
2006	0.373	0.566	0.128	0.166	0.625	0.625	0.625	1.126	0.625	1.357	
2007	0.372	0.566	0.126	0.166	0.615	0.625	0.625	1.113	0.625	1.357	
2008	0.368	0.566	0.126	0.166	0.615	0.627	0.627	1.108	0.627	1.359	
2009	0.367	0.566	0.126	0.166	0.625	0.631	0.631	1.118	0.631	1.363	

Tax rates obtained from the Jefferson County Clerk's Office.

- (1) For the implementation of GASB Statement No. 44, Economic Condition Reporting: The Statistical Section, GASB recommends reporting ten years of statistical and demographic information. Since the former City of Louisville and the former Jefferson County Fiscal Court merged on January 6, 2003, Metro Government is implementing this pronouncement beginning with the year of merger in order to avoid comparability issues.
- (2) Beginning in fiscal year 2004, property tax rates were set for the Urban Services District, which includes the prior boundaries of the City of Louisville, and for Metro Government as a whole which encompasses the entire area within Jefferson County.
- (3) Rates reported for fiscal year 2003 for the Urban Services District are for the former City of Louisville. Rates reported for fiscal year 2003 for Metro Government are for the former Jefferson County Fiscal Court.

LOUISVILLE/JEFFERSON COUNTY METRO GOVERNMENT PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

June 30, 2009 June 30, 2000 Percent of Percent of **Total Assessed** Total Assessed Valuation of Valuation of Assessed Taxpayer Type of Business Valuation Rank \$ 73,629,344,788 Assessed Valuation Rank \$ 48,066,143,116 Louisville Gas & Electric Co. Energy Utility \$ 1,186,576,331 707,189,319 1 1.6% 1 1.5% Insight Midwest LP Cable Media 424,289,808 2 0.6% 519,057,801 3 1.1% Humana, Inc. Healthcare 403,075,325 3 0.5% 386,244,350 5 0.8% AT&T Communications Telecommunications 339,643,253 4 0.5% Louisville Trophy LLC Miscellaneous Services 5 0.3% 188,690,628 MRI NCT LLC Real Estate 159,000,398 0.2% 6 Thomas W. Bullitt Retail 158,985,065 7 0.2% 96,492,595 9 0.2% Jefferson Corporate Center 129,000,398 8 0.2% Telecommunications 128,799,772 0.2% Sprint 9 Source Services Corporation 121,915,428 10 0.2% **BellSouth Telecommunications** Telecommunications 648,235,114 2 1.3% Commonwealth Life Financial Services 439,431,333 4 0.9% United Parcel Service, Inc. Air Express and Distribution 266,997,313 6 0.6% Ford Motor Company Automotive Manufacturer 133,370,149 7 0.3% 8 200 Block CHC LTD PTN Commercial Real Estate 121,177,139 0.3% 10 0.2% United Distillers Productions Distillery Company 90,344,578 4.4% 7.1% TOTAL \$ 3,239,976,406 \$ 3,408,539,691

Source: Jefferson County Sheriff's Office

LOUISVILLE/JEFFERSON COUNTY METRO GOVERNMENT PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

Last Seven Fiscal Years (since Merger) (1)

Fiscal Year	Amount of Levy	Amount Collected in Year of Levy	Percent Collected in Year of Levy	Delinquent Tax Collections (2)	Total Tax Collections	Ratio of Total Tax Collections to Total Tax Levy	Total Outstanding Delinquent Taxes Receivable at June 30, 2009
2003	\$ 101,151,309	\$ 97,734,411	96.6%	\$ 2,960,241	\$ 100,694,652	99.5%	\$ 6,389,780
2004	107,833,673	104,493,360	96.9%	4,337,307	108,830,667	100.9%	5,392,784
2005	112,929,657	109,744,607	97.2%	5,616,628	115,361,235	102.2%	9,262,583
2006	115,468,469	114,972,927	99.6%	4,062,710	119,035,637	103.1%	6,213,399
2007	122,324,736	121,888,305	99.6%	3,945,944	125,834,249	102.9%	5,679,253
2008	128,569,436	128,045,919	99.6%	4,892,137	132,938,056	103.4%	5,401,922
2009	133,040,752	129,573,177	97.4%	2,066,224	131,639,401	98.9%	7,225,768

Levies do not include autos. These are levied and collected by the Jefferson County Clerk's Office as required by Kentucky Revised Statutes Chapter 134 and City of Louisville Ordinance #185, Series 1984.

- (1) For the implementation of GASB Statement No. 44, *Economic Condition Reporting: The Statistical Section*, GASB recommends reporting ten years of statistical and demographic information. Since the former City of Louisville and the former Jefferson County Fiscal Court merged on January 6, 2003, Metro Government is implementing this pronouncement beginning with the year of merger in order to avoid comparability issues.
- Beginning in fiscal year 2003, Metro Government began reflecting delinquent tax information as it relates to total property tax collections in a given year within the statistical section of the financial statements.

LOUISVILLE/ JEFFERSON COUNTY METRO GOVERNMENT LEGAL DEBT MARGIN

Last Seven Fiscal Years (since Merger) (1)

Fiscal Year

	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>		
Debt Limit - 10% of assessed valuation	\$ 5,707,241,737	\$ 5,760,103,923	\$ 5,970,125,536	\$ 6,247,854,837	\$ 6,711,515,981	\$ 7,001,070,521	\$ 7,362,934,479		
Total bonded debt applicable to limit	389,639,029	372,825,790	382,672,355	362,507,086	378,309,052	357,226,453	377,246,329		
Legal debt margin	\$ 5,317,602,708	\$ 5,387,278,133	\$ 5,587,453,181	\$ 5,885,347,751	\$ 6,333,206,929	\$ 6,643,844,068	\$ 6,985,688,150		
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	6.83%	6.47%	6.41%	5.80%	5.64%	5.10%	5.12%		
Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2009									
	Assessed Valuation - J	anuary 1, 2008		\$73,629,344,788					
	Debt Limit (10% of assessed value) Debt applicable to limit:			7,362,934,479					

377,266,114

\$ 6,985,688,150

(19,785) 377,246,329

Metro Government is authorized by Section 158 of the Kentucky Constitution to incur indebtedness to a maximum of ten percent of the value of the taxable property located within the boundaries of Jefferson County. Value of taxable property is to be estimated by the assessment next before the assessment previous to incurring of additional indebtedness.

Bonded debt outstanding

of bonded debt

Legal debt margin

Less: Amount set aside for repayment

Total debt margin applicable to limit

(1) For the implementation of GASB Statement No. 44, *Economic Condition Reporting: The Statistical Section*, GASB recommends reporting ten years of statistical and demographic information. Since the former City of Louisville and the former Jefferson County Fiscal Court merged on January 6, 2003, Metro Government is implementing this pronouncement beginning with the year of merger in order to avoid comparability issues.

LOUISVILLE/ JEFFERSON COUNTY METRO GOVERNMENT DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT June 30, 2009

Governmental Unit	Del	ot Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to Louisville Metro Taxpayers	Louisville Metro Taxpayers Share of Debt	
Direct Debt:					
Revenue bonds	\$	99,441,761	100.00%	\$	99,441,761
General obligation debt		275,186,966	100.00%		275,186,966
Total direct debt		374,628,727			374,628,727
Overlapping debt:					
Jefferson County Public Schools		338,299,623	100.00%		338,299,623
Total direct and overlapping debt	\$	712,928,350		\$	712,928,350

LOUISVILLE/ JEFFERSON COUNTY METRO GOVERNMENT RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

Last Seven Fiscal Years (since Merger) (1)

(amounts in thousands except per capita)

Governmental Activities

Fiscal Year	General gation Bonds	Mortgage ue Bonds (3)	Le	ase Revenue Bonds	al Primary vernment	Percentage of Personal Income	Personal Income (2)	Per Capita
2003	\$ 254,041	\$ 33,835	\$	97,346	\$ 385,222	1.62%	\$ 23,791,641	554
2004	242,477	31,900		95,940	370,317	1.53%	24,184,881	530
2005	255,164	30,100		97,212	382,476	1.50%	25,470,269	547
2006	235,346	28,030		98,600	361,976	1.39%	25,949,674	517
2007	247,853	26,680		101,363	375,896	1.39%	27,122,740	536
2008	226,894	25,260		102,871	355,025	1.20%	29,497,015	501
2009	275,187			99,442	374,629	1.20%	31,274,740	525

Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis website: www.bea.gov

- (1) For the implementation of GASB Statement No. 44, *Economic Condition Reporting: The Statistical Section*, GASB recommends reporting ten years of statistical and demographic information. Since the former City of Louisville and the former Jefferson County Fiscal Court merged on January 6, 2003, Metro Government is implementing this pronouncement beginning with the year of merger in order to avoid comparability issues.
- (2) Personal Income for 2009 is an estimate based on the average annual percentage increase over the last ten years. Personal Income for 2008, which had been an estimate, has been changed to reflect published figures as of April 2009.
- (3) During fiscal year 2009 all remaining outstanding First Mortgage Revenue Bonds were refunded in full. See Note 8 in the Notes to the Financial Statements for further details on the refunding transactions.

LOUISVILLE/JEFFERSON COUNTY METRO GOVERNMENT RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING

<u>Last Seven Fiscal Years (since Merger) (1)</u>

Fiscal Year	Population (2)	Assessed Value	Gen	eral Obligation Bonds	Ratio of General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	General Bonded Debt Per Capita
2003	695,843	\$ 55,306,737,301	\$	254,041,148	0.46%	365
2004	698,059	57,601,039,226		242,476,886	0.42%	347
2005	698,903	59,701,255,363		255,164,338	0.43%	365
2006	699,827	62,478,548,371		235,345,580	0.38%	336
2007	701,500	67,115,159,813		247,852,649	0.37%	353
2008	709,264	70,010,705,206		226,893,208	0.32%	320
2009	713,877	73,629,344,788		275,186,966	0.37%	385

Source: Workforce Kentucky website: www.workforcekentucky.ky.gov

(1) For the implementation of GASB Statement No. 44, *Economic Condition Reporting: The Statistical Section*, GASB recommends reporting ten years of statistical and demographic information. Since the former City of Louisville and the former Jefferson County Fiscal Court merged on January 6, 2003, Metro Government is implementing this pronouncement beginning with the year of merger in order to avoid comparability issues.

LOUISVILLE/JEFFERSON COUNTY METRO GOVERNMENT PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE

Last Seven Fiscal Years (since Merger) (1)

First Mortgage Revenue Bonds	Lease Revenue Bonds
------------------------------	---------------------

Fiscal	Gross	Debt	Ser	vice			Gross	Debt S	ervice	
Year	Revenue (2)	Principal (3)		Interest	Coverage	R	evenue (2)	Principal (4)	Interest	Coverage
2003	\$ 3,553,871	\$ 1,625,000	\$	1,947,959	0.99	\$	7,649,620	\$ 3,645,000	\$ 4,004,820	1.00
2004	3,570,582	1,714,500		1,857,240	1.00		7,132,819	3,800,000	3,332,963	1.00
2005	3,563,081	1,800,000		1,760,475	1.00		4,487,594	1,290,000	3,196,519	1.00
2006	2,934,383	1,286,500		1,645,430	1.00		4,486,909	1,355,000	3,129,439	1.00
2007	2,902,850	1,350,000		1,552,433	1.00		2,810,307		1,998,724	1.41
2008	2,898,058	1,420,000		1,479,930	1.00		4,048,781	1,640,000	2,448,179	0.99
2009	2,904,294	1,500,000		1,402,233	1.00		8,865,673	6,505,000	2,448,179	0.99

Note: Metro Government makes annual lease payments in amounts sufficient to pay the required principal and interest payments on the First Mortgage Revenue Bonds and the Lease Revenue Bonds.

- (1) For the implementation of GASB Statement No. 44, *Economic Condition Reporting: The Statistical Section*, GASB recommends reporting ten years of statistical and demographic information. Since the former City of Louisville and the former Jefferson County Fiscal Court merged on January 6, 2003, Metro Government is implementing this pronouncement beginning with the year of merger in order to avoid comparability issues.
- (2) Gross revenues include lease income and nonoperating interest income in debt service and debt service reserve funds.
- (3) Fiscal year 2005 excludes \$225,000 in refunded principal on the First Mortgage Revenue Bonds paid from a pre-funded escrow account. Fiscal year 2006 excludes \$685,000 in refunded principal and \$105,000 in current principal due on the First Mortgage Bonds paid from proceeds of capital asset sales. Fiscal year 2009 excludes \$23,760,000 in refunded principal on the Series 1998A and 1998B First Mortgage Revenue Bonds paid from proceeds of general obligation refunding bonds.
- (4) In fiscal year 2007, excess revenues received for the Lease Revenue Bonds were paid to an escrow agent as partial payment in the refunding of all the outstanding Series 1997 Lease Revenue Bonds.

LOUISVILLE/ JEFFERSON COUNTY METRO GOVERNMENT DEMOGRAPHIC & ECONOMIC INDICATORS POPULATION GROWTH June 30, 2009

			% Change	Estimate	` '	% Change
<u>Area</u>	<u>1990</u>	<u>2000</u>	<u>1990-2000</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>1990-2008</u>
Louisville/Jefferson County	664,937	693,604	4.3%	709,264	713,877	7.4%
Kentucky	3,685,296	4,041,769	9.7%	4,241,474	4,269,245	15.8%
United States	248,709,873	281,421,906	13.2%	301,621,157	304,059,724	22.3%

Source: US Census Bureau website: www.census.gov

⁽¹⁾ Estimated population amounts for 2009 were not available from the Census Bureau.

LOUISVILLE/JEFFERSON COUNTY METRO GOVERNMENT PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		June 30, 2009			June 30, 2000		
				Percentage	•		Percentage
				of Total			of Total
Employer	Industry/Product	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
United Parcel Service, Inc.	Diversified Distribution/Logistics Services	20,560	1	3.49%	16,338	1	2.72%
Jefferson County Public Schools	K-12 Public Education	13,917	2	2.36%	13,467	2	2.25%
Humana, Inc.	Healthcare	9,854	3	1.67%	4,665	10	0.78%
Norton Healthcare, Inc.	Healthcare	7,978	4	1.35%	5,877	5	0.98%
Jewish Hospital & St. Mary's Healthcare, Inc.	Healthcare	6,203	5	1.05%	4,995	7	0.83%
Ford Motor Company	Automotive Manufacturer	5,929	6	1.01%	9,832	3	1.64%
University of Louisville	Higher Education	5,866	7	1.00%	4,898	8	0.82%
Louisville Metro Government	Government Services	5,639	8	0.96%			
GE Consumer & Industrial	Household Appliance Manufacturer	5,000	9	0.85%	7,446	4	1.24%
The Kroger Company	Retail Grocer	4,784	10	0.81%	4,700	9	0.78%
Kentucky State Government	Government Services				5,405	6	0.90%
Total		85,730		14.55%	77,623		12.94%

Source: Business First of Louisville

Bureau of Labor Statistics website: www.bls.gov

Note: Employee counts and employment figures are based on the eight county Louisville Metropolitan Statistical Area.

LOUISVILLE/ JEFFERSON COUNTY METRO GOVERNMENT NUMBER OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM June 30, 2009 (1)

		Full-Time Equivalent Employees as of June 30, (2) (5)					
	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	2006	<u>2007</u>	2008	2009	
General Government:							
Metro Council	80	81	85	80	79	82	
Mayor's Office	33	31	31	29	28	27	
Policy and Strategic Planning	6	6	7	4	7	6	
County Attorney	106	104	102	96	94	90	
Other Elected Officials	69	67	64	64	64	40	
Public Protection:							
Fire (3)	646	624	553	547	529	538	
Emergency Medical Services (3)	131	186	278	253	257	266	
Emergency Management (4)	26	26	171	160	169	180	
Corrections	524	545	569	582	577	563	
Youth Detention Services	130	128	129	129	130	133	
Animal Control Services	37	37	41	48	48	45	
Criminal Justice Commission	6	5	5	5	5	4	
Public Protection Cabinet	1	1	1				
Police (4)	1,547	1,605	1,514	1,480	1,511	1,502	
Economic Development:	-,	-,	-,	-,	-,	-,	
Metro Development Authority	54	67	66	63	65	76	
Redevelopment Authority	2	2	1		-		
Air Pollution Control	57	57	62	65	63	66	
Community Development	15	15	12	7	-	-	
Codes & Regulations:				•			
Inspections, Permits and Licenses	138	141	138	132	127	121	
Planning and Design Services	59	62	64	64	50	49	
Parks & Recreation	612	593	576	566	476	529	
Housing & Family Services:	012	0,0	5.0	200	., 0	02)	
Housing	58	56	58	58	51	52	
Human Services	189	183	173	155	107	80	
Community Action Partnership	94	99	96	94	92	118	
Public Health & Wellness	320	320	321	302	288	280	
Neighborhoods	41	48	44	44	75	46	
Public Works & Assets:	11	10	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		7.5	10	
Public Works	274	257	223	221	228	263	
General Services Administration	203	197	220	223	209	202	
Solid Waste Management Services	252	244	243	238	216	216	
Information Technology	49	49	59	66	68	69	
Finance & Administration	124	116	114	113	107	105	
Human Resources	53	49	49	44	47	43	
Related Agencies:	33	47	72		47	73	
Human Relations Commission	19	18	17	16	15	17	
Kentuckiana Works (6)	18	14	11	12	14	17	
Louisville Free Public Library	283	287	289	276	268	237	
Louisville Zoological Gardens	189	187	180	184	193	237	
Internal Audit	8	8	8	8	8	5	
Waterfront Development Corporation	14	14	67	112	66	77	
Total	6,467	6,529	6.641	6,540	6,331	6,362	
10111	0,407	0,347	0,041	0,540	0,331	0,302	

- (1) For the implementation of GASB Statement No. 44, Economic Condition Reporting: The Statistical Section, GASB recommends reporting ten years of statistical and demographic information. Since the former City of Louisville and the former Jefferson County Fiscal Court merged on January 6, 2003, Metro Government is implementing this pronouncement beginning with the year of merger in order to avoid comparability issues.
- (2) During fiscal year 2008, a reorganization of departments was implemented by the Metro Government. Numbers of employees have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation.
- (3) In 2006, certain Fire Department employees were transferred into Emergency Medical Services.
- (4) In 2006, the communication division of the Police Department was transferred to the Emergency Management Agency.
- (5) Numbers represent actual employees for the last pay period of each fiscal year, with full-time employees counted at 100% and part-time and seasonal employees counted at 50%.
- (6) In 2009, Kentuckiana Works was brought under the Metro Development Authority.

LOUISVILLE/ JEFFERSON COUNTY METRO GOVERNMENT MISCELLANEOUS OPERATING INDICATORS AND CAPITAL ASSET INFORMATION $\underline{\text{June 30, 2009 (1)}}$

 Date Founded (City of Louisville)
 1778

 Date of Incorporation (City of Louisville)
 1828

 Date of City/County Merger
 2003

 Form of Government
 Mayor/Council

 Area in Square miles
 386

	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	2006	<u>2007</u>	2008	<u>2009</u>
Public Works	2.000	2.000	2.000	2.000	2.025	2.540
Miles of streets maintained	3,000	3,000 138	3,000	3,000	3,025	2,540 42
Miles of streets paved Number of potholes filled	125 21,618	29,809	153 30,000	231 14,000	175 18,175	15,098
Overlay and pavement repairs (sq ft) (2)	21,016	29,009	30,000	203,000	123,274	71,147
General Services Administration						
Number of vehicles maintained (3)				2,587	2,590	2,578
Number of buildings maintained	67	67	67	67	68	73
Solid Waste Management Services						
Tons recycled	15,844	18,724	19,761	21,149	18,597	10,462
Tons composted Tons landfilled	20,149 136,900	20,594 146,521	16,570 200,455	19,507 206,556	13,085 206,146	9,582 96,754
Inspections, Permits and Licenses						
Number of inspections performed	90,961	160,023	162,545	164,467	179,118	183,330
Number of permits issued (4)	,	48,351	48,351	40,942	49,464	44,845
Planning and Design Services (5)						
Number of zoning adjustments					135	96
Number of plans submitted					1,179	1,340
Parks						
Community centers	17 123	17	17 123	17 123	17 123	15 124
Number of parks Park acreage	14,000	123 14,000	14,000	14,000	14,000	15,000
Golf courses	9	9	9	9	9	15,000
Swimming pools	12	12	12	11	5	5
Tennis courts	172	172	172	172	172	155
Number of walking trails/bike paths	40	40	40	40	41	33
Zoo and Louisville Nature Center						
Total acreage	151	151	151	151	151	151
Area developed in acres Number of animals	90 1,300	90 1,300	90 1,300	90 1,300	90 1,300	88 1,747
Number of visitors	783,657	757,517	741,930	810,546	818,129	835,807
Libraries						
Number of branches	16	16	16	16	16	16
Number of library card holders	325,524	343,043	358,927	470,000	457,979	460,247
Number of computers	402	410	470	455	470	495
Number of items in circulation Number of items borrowed	1,291,907 3,807,578	1,348,846 3,827,835	1,348,747 4,065,233	1,288,941 4,193,574	1,264,123 4,427,416	1,418,570 4,104,396
	3,807,378	3,027,033	4,003,233	4,193,374	4,427,410	4,104,390
Fire Protection (Urban Service District) Number of stations	22	22	22	22	22	21
Number of incidents (calls answered)	11,198	10,960	9,488	11,478	11,654	14,777
Number of medical runs	11,481	9,090	7,923	9,850	13,063	21,904
Number of fires extinguished	2,400	1,829	1,995	1,975	1,829	1,856
Number of home inspections conducted	12,316	12,132	11,053	13,470	13,474	18,245
Number of building inspections conducted	9,740	11,024	7,708	8,992	8,343	5,833
Police Protection						
Number of active patrol units	802	802	802	848	859	885
Number of incidents (calls answered) (6) Number of arrests	29,746	38,919	46,726	494,140 52,024	535,550 47,315	512,847 55,349
Number of citations	92,997	80,728	86,426	81,780	88,497	106,347
Competitions						
Corrections Number of prisoners	39,046	39,242	35,375	45,000	46,105	45,570
Number of prisoners Number of beds	1,919	1,919	1,919	1,919	1,919	1,961
Youth Detention						
Number of youth monitored	792	780	828	852	964	799
Number of youth housed	1,682	1,980	2,104	2,045	1,790	1,674
Health						
Number of clinics	12	12	12	12	12	12
Number of services provided	314,696	445,676	454,022	429,610	422,634	401,690

(continued)

LOUISVILLE/ JEFFERSON COUNTY METRO GOVERNMENT MISCELLANEOUS OPERATING INDICATORS AND CAPITAL ASSET INFORMATION June 30, 2009 (1)

		June 30, 2009 (1)				
Th 40	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>
EMS	02.105	02.916	111 627	140.096	126 077	120 694
Number of dispatches Number of transports	93,195 51,420	92,816 52,913	111,627 54,073	140,086 60,282	136,977 64,901	129,684 62,200
Number of transports	51,420	32,913	54,075	00,282	04,901	62,200
Animal Services						
Licensed pets	67,293	63,310	58,510	85,000	72,995	63,136
Number of animals spayed/neutered	899	1,063	2,058	1,800	3,886	3,776
Number of pets adopted	899	1,063	1,943	1,200	1,395	2,453
Housing						
Number of downtown market rate housing units	1,726	1,777	1,912	2,004	2,047	2,218
Community Antion Posts and in						
Community Action Partnership Number of families assisted	16,562	17,892	18,479	14,849	15,722	20,887
Number of individuals assisted	40.117	42,760	44,187	33,981	36,500	48.170
Number of individuals assisted	40,117	42,760	44,187	33,981	30,300	48,170
Louisville Water Company						
Number of residential customers	235,906	238,893	241,938	244,478	246,145	245,649
Annual residential consumption (1,000 Gallons)	15,655,594	17,089,874	17,089,874	15,305,832	17,479,922	16,390,030
Number of commercial and industrial customers	22,593	22,708	22,940	23,546	23,825	24,571
Annual comm. and ind. consumption (1,000 Gallons)	19,660,093	19,501,479	19,968,030	18,823,270	20,303,307	19,327,579
Number of fire hydrants	18,882	19,471	19,931	20,467	20,809	21,120
Parking Authority of River City, Inc.						
Number of PARC garages	11	12	12	12	12	12
Number of PARC surface lots	4	4	4	4	3	3
Number of parkers	7,055	7,067	7,345	7,332	8,322	8,777
Transit Authority of River City						
Total ridership	15,286,298	14,657,752	15,835,796	16,280,662	16,364,856	15,070,578
Total miles driven	11,482,333	11,909,817	12,163,639	12,167,757	12,072,337	12,169,443
Total hours driven	757,968	766,821	784,215	812,549	810,921	781,544
Buses in service	270	274	265	277	276	249
Number of hybrid buses (7)						12
Number of routes	55	55	53	52	51	54
Metropolitan Sewer District						
Miles of sewers	2,959	3,035	3,099	3,133	3,200	3,197
Number of treatment plants	25	25	23	21	21	21
Number of service connections	216,551	220,599	222,698	224,654	226,430	226,711
Daily average treatment (mgd)	143	145	155	134	152	127
Daily treatment capacity (mgd)	162	162	173	172	174	174
(mgd - millions of gallons per day)						
Facilities and services not included						
in the reporting entity:						
Jefferson County Public Schools						
Total enrollment	97.010	97.278	97,518	98.087	97,988	98,999
Number of elementary schools	87	87	87	87	89	89
Number of middle schools	23	22	22	22	22	23
Number of high schools	20	19	19	19	19	19
Number of instructors (8)		=-	5,267	5,383	5,363	5,468
			-,	- /	- /	-,

⁽¹⁾ For the implementation of GASB Statement No. 44, Economic Condition Reporting: The Statistical Section, GASB recommends reporting ten years of statistical and demographic information. Since the former City of Louisville and the former Jefferson County Fiscal Court merged on January 6, 2003, Metro Government is implementing this pronouncement beginning with the year of merger in order to avoid comparability issues.

⁽²⁾ During fiscal year 2007, the Public Works Department changed the method of reporting and tracking pothole repairs.

Pothole repairs are now reported for any repair 2' x 2' or smaller and overlay and pavement repairs are anything larger than 2' x 2'.

⁽³⁾ Fiscal year 2007 was the first year information related to number of vehicles maintained has been included with Metro Government's financial reports.

Due to system limitations, information for fiscal years 2004-2006 was not available and therefore has not been included.

⁽⁴⁾ Fiscal year 2005 was the first year information related to number of permits issued has been included with Metro Government's financial reports. Due to system limitations, information for fiscal years 2004 was not available and therefore has not been included.

⁽⁵⁾ Fiscal year 2008 was the first year information related to Planning and Design Services has been included with Metro Government's financial reports. Due to system limitations, information for fiscal years 2004-2007 was not available and therefore has not been included.

⁽⁶⁾ Fiscal year 2006 was the first year that number of incidents have been included with Metro Government's financial reports.

Archived information was not transferred to the new dispatch system and therefore information for fiscal years 2004-2005 was not available.

⁽⁷⁾ Transit Authority of River City added hybrid buses in 2008.

⁽⁸⁾ This information was not archived prior to fiscal year 2006 and therefore is not reported.



APPENDIX C

Opinion of Bond Counsel



June ___, 2010

Louisville/Jefferson County Metro Government Louisville, Kentucky 40202

RE: \$______,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2010A, dated as of the date hereof (the "Bonds"), of the Louisville/Jefferson County Metro Government (the "Issuer")

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have examined the transcript of proceedings for the authorization and original issuance on the date hereof of the above-referenced Bonds, including but not limited to a certified copy of the Bond Ordinance enacted May 13, 2010 (the "Bond Ordinance").

We have examined such documents and matters and conducted such research as we have deemed necessary to enable us to express the opinions set forth below. As to certain questions of fact, we have relied on statements and certifications of certain of the elected officials, officers and employees of the Issuer and other public officials, although in doing so we have not undertaken to verify independently the accuracy or completeness of such statements or certifications.

In rendering our opinions set forth below, we have assumed the authenticity of all documents submitted to us as originals, the legal capacity of natural persons, and the conformity to the originals of all documents submitted to us as copies. We have also relied for purposes of the opinions set forth below on the representations, warranties and certifications made in such documents by all parties thereto, although in doing so, we have not undertaken to verify independently the accuracy or completeness of the factual matters represented, warranted or certified therein.

Based on the foregoing, and based on our examination of applicable provisions of the Constitution and laws of the Commonwealth of Kentucky (the "Commonwealth"), and decisions of the appellate courts of the Commonwealth, and in reliance thereon, and on the basis of our examination of such other matters of fact and questions of law as we have deemed relevant in the circumstances, it is our opinion under existing law that as of the date hereof:

- 1. The Issuer is a consolidated local government and political subdivision of the Commonwealth.
- 2. The Bonds constitute valid obligations of the Issuer in accordance with their respective terms, which unless paid from other sources, are payable from taxes to be levied by the Issuer pursuant to the Bond Ordinance.
- 3. Based on existing laws, regulations and judicial decisions, and assuming the accuracy and completeness of certain representations and warranties of the Issuer made in connection with the original issuance of the Bonds, interest on the Bonds is excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes. Interest on the Bonds is not an item of tax preference nor an adjustment to adjusted current earnings for purposes of determining alternative minimum taxable income for federal income tax

purposes. The Bonds are not "qualified tax-exempt obligations" within the meaning of Section 265(b)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code (the "Code").

4. The Bonds are exempt from ad valorem taxation and the interest thereon is exempt from income taxation by the Commonwealth and all of its political subdivisions and taxing authorities.

Our opinion that interest on the Bonds is excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes is subject to the condition that the Issuer complies with all requirements of the Code that must be satisfied subsequent to the delivery of the Bonds in order that interest on the Bonds be and continue to be excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes. Failure to comply with such requirements could cause such interest to be included in gross income retroactive to the date hereof. The Issuer has covenanted in the Bond Ordinance to comply with such requirements. Except as provided in paragraphs 3 and 4 above, we express no opinion regarding any federal or state tax consequences relating to the ownership or disposition of, or the accrual or receipt of interest on, or otherwise arising with respect to, the Bonds.

We express no opinion on the investment quality of the Bonds or on the accuracy or completeness of any factual representations that may have been made by the Issuer or any statements or data that may have been furnished to any parties in connection with any offering or sale of the Bonds or otherwise. Our opinion is limited to the questions of law set forth herein. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, we undertake no responsibility herein for the accuracy or completeness of the Preliminary Official Statement or the final Official Statement relating to the Bonds or any other offering material relating to the Bonds, and we express no opinion with respect thereto.

The enforceability of the Bonds and the Bond Ordinance, including rights and remedies thereunder, may be limited by [i] the application of equitable principles, [ii] the exercise of judicial discretion and [iii] bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, arrangement, fraudulent conveyance, moratorium or other laws heretofore or hereafter enacted relating to or affecting creditors' rights or remedies. We also express no opinion on the availability of equitable rights or remedies.

We express no opinion on the laws of any jurisdiction other than the Commonwealth and the United States of America.

Yours truly,

STITES & HARBISON, PLLC

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APPENDIX D

Summary of Certain Provisions of the Ordinance



There follows a brief description of certain provisions of the Bond Ordinance. This description is only a summary; it does not purport to be comprehensive or definitive and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the Bond Ordinance which is available for inspection at the principal office of the Louisville/Jefferson County Metro Government (the "Issuer").

Definitions. Certain provisions of the Bond Ordinance are described in the Official Statement under "GLOSSARY OF TERMS USED IN OFFICIAL STATEMENT". Unless the context otherwise requires:

"Act" means collectively, Sections 66.011 through 66.191 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes.

"Authorized Denomination" means the authorized denominations of the Bonds, which shall be \$5,000 or any multiple of \$5,000.

"Bond Fund" means the fund created by the Bond Ordinance.

"Bondholder," "bondholder," "Holder," or "holder" means the person in whose name a Bond is registered on the registration books maintained by the Bond Registrar. Notwithstanding this definition, with respect to any Bonds which are registered in Book-Entry Form, the Bond Registrar shall be entitled to rely on written instructions from a majority of the beneficial owners of the Bonds with reference to consent, if any, required from Bondholders under the Bond Ordinance.

"<u>Bond Ordinance</u>" means the ordinance of the Issuer, authorizing and approving the Bonds, as amended or supplemented from time to time.

"Bond Registrar" means the Bond Registrar selected on behalf of the Issuer by the Mayor, the Deputy Mayor, or the OMB Director of the Issuer or by resolution of the Metro Council of the Issuer and appointed pursuant to the Bond Ordinance (the selection to be pursuant to such additional procedures or provisions, if any, as may be recommended by counsel to the Issuer), and including any successor bond registrar designated as such pursuant to the provisions of the Bond Ordinance. The Bond Registrar shall also serve as paying agent for the Bonds and the interest thereon.

"Bonds" means the Issuer's "General Obligation Bonds" authorized under the provisions of the Bond Ordinance to be issued.

"Book-Entry Form" means, with respect to the Bonds, a form or system, as applicable, under which (i) the ownership of beneficial interests in Bonds and bond service charges may be transferred only through a book entry and (ii) physical Bond certificates in fully registered form are registered only in the name of a Securities Depository or its nominee as Holder, with the physical Bond certificates in the custody of the Securities Depository.

"<u>Code</u>" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended to the date of adoption of the Bond Ordinance, or as hereafter amended, including valid regulations of the Department of the Treasury and rulings of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue thereunder.

"Commonwealth" means the Commonwealth of Kentucky.

"Cost of Issuance Account" means the account created by Section 5.4 of the Bond Ordinance.

"<u>Fiscal Year</u>" means any period of twelve (12) months commencing July 1 of any year and ending June 30 of the ensuing year, or any other fiscal year of the Issuer after recognition of such fiscal year by a supplement to the Bond Ordinance.

"Financial Advisor" means Public Financial Management, Inc.

"<u>Funds and Accounts</u>" means, collectively, the Bond Fund, the Cost of Issuance Account and the Settlement Fund.

"General Obligation Debt" means, collectively, the Bonds as may be Outstanding from time to time, as well as all other general obligation debt of the Issuer (including bonds, notes, commercial paper and any other debt instruments in writing, authorized by or issued as general obligations of the Issuer pursuant to or in accordance with the Act) and bond anticipation notes of the Issuer, if any, as may be issued and outstanding from time to time under the Act.

"Investment Obligation" means any investment that the Issuer is authorized to acquire pursuant to the Kentucky Revised Statutes, as amended from time to time, and to the extent, if any, that the funds then proposed for investment are governed by an applicable formal investment policy of the Issuer, which complies with such investment policy.

"<u>Issuer</u>" means the Louisville/Jefferson County Metro Government, a municipal corporation and political subdivision of the Commonwealth.

"Kentucky Revised Statutes" or "KRS" means the Kentucky Revised Statutes as in effect at the date of the adoption of the Bond Ordinance, and any future amendments thereof to the extent that the same will not unconstitutionally impair the obligations of contracts created under the provisions of the Bond Ordinance.

"Official Statement" means collectively one or more final Official Statements of the Issuer relating to the original issuance of the Bonds.

"OMB Director" means the Director Office of Management and Budget of the Issuer, or such other official of the Issuer as may from time to time be designated by the Issuer to perform the functions or responsibilities of the Director Office of Management and Budget under the Bond Ordinance.

"Outstanding", when used with reference to any Bonds means, as of any date, all Bonds theretofore or then being authenticated and delivered under the Bond Ordinance, except:

- (a) any Bonds cancelled by the Bond Registrar at or prior to such date;
- (b) Bonds in lieu of or in substitution for which other Bonds shall have been authenticated and delivered; and
 - (c) Bonds deemed to have been paid as provided in the Bond Ordinance.

"Payment Date" means [i] with respect to the Bonds, each May 1 and November 1, commencing November 1, 2010, or such date or dates as may be determined by the OMB Director of the Issuer upon the recommendation of the Financial Advisor and except as may be provided pursuant to the procedures established for public sale or negotiated purchase in the Bond Ordinance accepting or ratifying bids for the purchase Bonds, and any date set for the redemption of Bonds, as provided in the Bond

Ordinance, and [ii] with respect to any other General Obligation Debt (if any), the applicable payment dates set forth or approved in the Issuer's legislation authorizing issuance of the General Obligation Debt.

"<u>Pledged Receipts</u>" means amounts received by or on behalf of the Issuer (including but not limited to ad valorem property taxes as permitted by law, occupational license fees, insurance premium taxes, excises, utility and service revenues, any available revenues received by the Issuer from tax increment financing not pledged to pay other indebtedness, and any other receipts from taxes, excises, permits, licenses, fines or other source of revenue of, or of revenue distributions to, the Issuer).

"Record Date" means the "Record Date" as defined in the Bond Ordinance.

"Revenue Commission" means Louisville/Jefferson County Metro Revenue Commission, as successor in interest to the Louisville and Jefferson County Revenue Commission as previously established and operated under the provisions of City of Louisville Codified Ordinances.

"Securities Depository" means any securities depository that is a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act, operating and maintaining, with its participants or otherwise, a Book-Entry System to record ownership of beneficial interests in bonds and bond service charges, and to effect transfers of bonds in Book-Entry Form, and means, initially, The Depository Trust Company (a limited purpose trust company), New York, New York.

"Settlement" means the Settlement Agreement and General Release, as approved by the Jefferson County Circuit Court on November 25, 2009, among the parties in connection with the litigation styled Metro Louisville/Jefferson County Government and the City of Louisville v. Shawn Aloma, et al, Jefferson County Circuit Court, Case Nos. 01-CI-00983, 02-CI-007291 and 02-CI-007323, Kentucky Court of Appeals Case No. 2007-CA-001417-MR and U.S. District Court, W.D.KY Civil Action No. 3:00-CV-546-S, related to the claims of the Louisville Fire Department employees for overtime wages

"Settlement Fund" means the fund created by the Bond Ordinance.

Authorization, Amount and Designation of Bonds. The Bond Ordinance has been adopted and approved, pursuant to the authority of Kentucky Revised Statutes, Sections 66.011 through 66.191, the general laws and the Constitution of the Commonwealth and all applicable decisions of the appellate courts of Kentucky.

Pledge of Pledged Receipts. The Issuer pledges in the Bond Ordinance to the payment of the principal of, interest on, and any premium for the redemption of, the Bonds, the Pledged Receipts received by the Issuer and all Funds and Accounts established by and in accordance with the provisions of the Bond Ordinance, including the investment income, if any, of Funds and Accounts established by the Bond Ordinance, all in accordance with the terms and provisions of the Bonds and the Bond Ordinance, and there is created under the Bond Ordinance in favor of the Bonds, a lien, pledge and charge on all of the Pledged Receipts over and ahead of all other bonds not contemplated by the Bond Ordinance payable from the Pledged Receipts which may be hereafter issued, and over and ahead of all other claims or obligations of any nature against the Pledged Receipts hereafter arising or hereafter incurred. The Issuer covenants and agrees that the pledge under the Bond Ordinance shall be valid and binding from and after the date of the issuance, sale and delivery of the Bonds issued pursuant to the Bond Ordinance, and all such money and securities so pledged shall be subject to the lien of this pledge without any physical delivery thereof, or any further action by the Issuer.

Bond Fund. There is in the Bond Ordinance recognized and there shall be maintained, with the Revenue Commission, at any time while the Bonds are outstanding, a "Bond Fund," which shall constitute a "sinking fund" within the meaning of KRS 66.081(1) which is pledged for the retirement of the General Obligation Debt. The Issuer covenants and agrees that it shall set aside as received and pay into the Bond Fund, all or such portion of the Pledged Receipts as will be sufficient to pay when due, in immediately available funds, the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on all Bonds Outstanding under the Bond Ordinance and all other General Obligation Debt (if any), in each of the foregoing cases at or before their maturity or earlier proceedings for redemption. No further payment need be made to the Bond Fund when, and so long as, the aggregate amount therein is sufficient to retire all of the Bonds then Outstanding, plus the amount of interest due and thereafter to become due on such Bonds on and prior to such retirement, together with redemption premium, if any.

The Bond Fund shall be maintained for and on behalf of the Issuer by the Revenue Commission, or shall from time to time be maintained in such other manner by or on behalf of the Issuer as shall be provided for in the proceedings of the Issuer, as a separate and special fund, apart and distinct from all other funds of the Issuer or the Revenue Commission. Separate account statements with respect thereto shall at all times be kept and maintained. On each Payment Date, there is authorized and directed to be withdrawn and made available out of the applicable account of the Bond Fund a sufficient amount to pay the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds and any other General Obligation Debt, if any, becoming due on such Payment Date, including Bonds redeemed pursuant to the optional or mandatory redemption provisions of the Bond Ordinance, if any.

Cost of Issuance Account. There is established in the Bond Ordinance a "Cost of Issuance Account", to be held and maintained by the OMB Director as a separate account within the Settlement Fund under the Bond Ordinance. The Issuer will, at the delivery of the Bonds, cause to be deposited with the OMB Director into the Cost of Issuance Account from Bond proceeds a sum sufficient to pay any and all duly authorized expenses of the issuance of the Bonds, including legal and accounting fees and expenses, financial advisors' fees and expenses, printing costs, fees of bond rating agencies, and initial fees and expenses of the Bond Registrar in connection with the issuance of the Bonds. On the payment or reimbursement of all costs of issuance of the Bonds, any proceeds of such Bonds, or any investment earnings thereof remaining in the Cost of Issuance Account shall be transferred by the OMB Director to the Bond Fund.

Settlement Fund. There is established in the Bond Ordinance a "Settlement Fund" which shall be held and maintained for and on behalf of the Issuer by the Revenue Commission, or shall from time to time be maintained in such other manner by or on behalf of the Issuer as shall be provided for in the proceedings of the Issuer, as a separate and special fund, apart and distinct from all other funds of the Issuer or the Revenue Commission. Separate account statements with respect thereto shall at all times be kept and maintained for the Bonds. The Settlement Fund shall be used solely for payment of costs of issuance of the Bonds and for payment of the costs associated with the Settlement except as provided in the Bond Ordinance. As provided above, on the payment or reimbursement of all costs of issuance of the Bonds, as certified by the Issuer, any proceeds of such Bonds or any investment earnings thereof remaining in the Cost of Issuance Account shall be transferred by the Revenue Commission to the applicable account of the Bond Fund.

Investment of Funds. Moneys from time to time in any Fund or Account, pending disbursement for the purposes of each Fund and Account, shall be invested or reinvested from time to time on order of the Issuer in Investment Obligations. Investments of moneys held in the Settlement Fund shall be made in such manner (i.e., maturing or subject to earlier redemption or retirement at the option of the holder thereof) as to make cash available in the Settlement Fund for disbursement as and when required to pay acquisition, construction, installation, equipping and related costs. Investments of

moneys held in the Bond Fund shall be made in such manner (i.e., maturing or subject to earlier redemption or retirement at the option of the holder thereof) as to make cash available in the Bond Fund for disbursement as and when required to pay interest on and principal (and premium, if any) of the Bonds as and when the same become due.

Maximum Percentages of Net Indebtedness. The Issuer covenants not to incur "net indebtedness" (within the meaning of the Act) in an amount exceeding any applicable limitation based on the value of taxable property within the Issuer's corporate limits and jurisdiction, as estimated by the last certified assessment previous to the incurring of the indebtedness.

Events of Default. Each of the following events is defined as and shall constitute an "Event of Default":

- a) Failure to pay any installment of interest on the Bonds when the same shall become due and payable or within thirty (30) days thereafter (or within such period, shorter than thirty (30) days, if any, as may be permitted in the Bonds);
- b) Failure to pay the principal of, or premium, if any, on any Bond when due and payable, at maturity or on redemption; and
- c) Default by the Issuer in the due or punctual performance or observance of any other covenants, pledges, conditions, provisions or agreements of the Issuer contained in the Bond Ordinance or in the Bonds or related documents and the continuance thereof for a period of thirty (30) days; provided that if such default can be corrected but not within such thirty-day period, it shall not constitute an Event of Default if corrective action is instituted by the Issuer within such period and diligently pursued until the default no longer exists.

Enforcement of Remedies; Any Bondholder May Enforce and Compel Performance. On the happening and continuance of any Event of Default, then and in every case any Bondholder, either at law or in equity, by suit, action, mandamus or other proceedings, may enforce and compel performance by the Issuer and its officers and agents of all duties imposed under the Act, under other applicable law, if any, under the Bonds and under the Bond Ordinance, including the levying and collection of sufficient taxes and the application thereof to the payment of principal of and interest (and premium, if any) on the Bonds in accordance with the provisions of the Bond Ordinance and the Bonds.

Notice of Default. The Bond Registrar shall as promptly as practicable mail, to the Issuer and the Holders of Bonds written notice of the occurrence of any Event of Default known to the Bond Registrar. The Bond Registrar shall not, however, be subject to any liability to any Bondholder by reason of its failure to mail any notice required by the Bond Ordinance.

Delay or Omission. No delay or omission of any holder of the Bonds to exercise any right or power arising on any default shall impair any right or power or shall be construed to be a waiver of any such default or an acquiescence therein; and every power and remedy afforded by the Bond Ordinance and every additional power and remedy, if any, afforded by the terms of the Bonds to the Holders of the Bonds may be exercised from time to time and as often as may be deemed expedient by the Bondholders.

Waivers of Events of Default. Any Bondholder, may on behalf of such Holder waive any past default under the Bond Ordinance or under the Bonds and the consequences thereof; and in case of any such waiver, the Issuer, the Bond Registrar and such Bondholder shall be restored to their former

positions and rights under the Bond Ordinance and under the Bonds, but no such waiver shall extend to any subsequent or other default, or impair any right consequent thereon.

Termination of Proceedings. If any Bondholder shall have proceeded to enforce any right due to any Event of Default and such proceedings shall have been discontinued or abandoned for any reason, or shall have been determined adversely to the Bondholder, then and in every case the Issuer, the Bond Registrar and the Bondholder shall, subject to any determination in such proceeding, be restored to their former positions and rights under the Bond Ordinance, and all rights of such Bondholder shall continue as if no such proceedings had been taken.

Remedies Not Exclusive. No remedy by the terms of the Bond Ordinance or the Bonds conferred on or reserved to the Holders of the Bonds is intended to be exclusive of any other remedy, and each and every such remedy shall be cumulative and shall be in addition to any other remedy given under the Bond Ordinance as now or hereafter existing at law or in equity or by statute.

Responsibilities of the Bond Registrar. The Bond Registrar shall have no responsibility with respect to the validity of the Bonds authorized or the legal sufficiency of the proceedings for their issuance. The Bond Registrar shall not have any obligation, except as otherwise provided in the Bond Ordinance, to assure that any duties imposed in the Bond Ordinance on the Issuer or covenants or agreements contained in the Bond Ordinance on behalf of said Issuer are performed. All compensation to the Bond Registrar for services leading up to and including authentication of the Bonds may be paid from the proceeds of the Bonds. Compensation for any service, cost or expense, including fees of its counsel, thereafter rendered or incurred by the Bond Registrar, in its capacity as Bond Registrar, shall be billed to and paid by the Issuer from time to time.

No implied covenants shall be read into the Bond Ordinance against the Bond Registrar. The Bond Registrar may in good faith buy, sell, own, hold and deal in any of the Bonds with like effect as if it were not the Bond Registrar. The Bond Registrar may act as depository for, or permit any of its officers or directors to act as a member of, or in any other capacity with respect to, any committee formed to protect the rights of Bondholders or to effect or aid in any reorganization growing out of the enforcement of the Bonds or the Bond Ordinance, whether or not any such committee shall represent the Holders of a majority in principal amount of the Bonds outstanding.

The Bond Registrar shall be protected and shall incur no liability in acting in good faith on any ordinance, order, resolution, notice, telegram, request, consent, certificate, affidavit, voucher, bond or other paper or document which it shall believe to be genuine and to have been passed or signed by the proper board or persons. The Bond Registrar shall not be bound to recognize any person as a holder of any Bond or to take any action at such person's request unless such Bond shall be submitted to the Bond Registrar for inspection, if required, and title thereto established to the satisfaction of the Bond Registrar, if disputed.

The Bond Registrar may in relation to the Bond Ordinance act on the opinion or advice of any attorney, accountant or other expert, whether retained by the Issuer or by the Bond Registrar, and shall not be responsible for anything suffered or done by it in good faith in accordance with any such opinion or advice. On written request of the Issuer, the Bond Registrar, not less than annually, shall make a written report to the Issuer, which report shall list the then Outstanding Bonds and shall report in detail as to any redemptions in respect of the Bonds. If requested, said written reports shall be furnished not less than thirty (30) days prior to each July 1 so long as any Bonds remain outstanding. The Issuer in its discretion may request the Bond Registrar to furnish other reports.

The Bond Registrar shall be under no obligation to institute any suit, or to take any remedial proceeding under the Bond Ordinance, or to enter any appearance or in any way defend in any suit in which it may be made defendant, or to take any steps in the enforcement of any rights and powers under the Bond Ordinance, until it shall be indemnified to its satisfaction against any and all costs and expenses, outlays and counsel fees and other reasonable disbursements, and against all liability. The Bond Registrar may, nevertheless, begin suit, or appear in and defend suit, or do anything else in its judgment proper to be done by it as Bond Registrar without indemnity, and in such case the Issuer shall reimburse the Bond Registrar from the Pledged Receipts for all costs and expenses, outlays and reasonable counsel fees and other reasonable disbursements properly incurred in connection therewith, as provided in the Bond Ordinance.

No Obligation to Insure. The Bond Registrar shall be under no obligation to effect or maintain insurance or to renew any policies of insurance or to inquire as to the sufficiency of any policies of insurance carried by the Issuer, or to report, or make or file claims or proof of loss for, any loss or damage insured against or which may occur, or to keep itself informed or advised as to the payment of any taxes or assessments, if any, or to require any such payment to be made. The Bond Registrar shall have no responsibility in respect of the validity or sufficiency of the Bond Ordinance or the due execution or acknowledgement thereof, or in respect of the validity of the Bonds or the due execution or issuance thereof. The Bond Registrar shall be under no obligation to see that any duties imposed in the Bond Ordinance on the Issuer or any party other than itself, or any covenants contained in the Bonds, or under the Bond Ordinance on the part of any party other than itself be done or performed, and the Bond Registrar shall be under no obligation for failure to see that any such duties or covenants are done or performed.

The Bond Registrar shall not be liable or responsible because of the failure of the Issuer or any of the employees or agents thereof to make any collections or deposits or to perform any act in the Bond Ordinance required of the Issuer or because of the loss of any moneys arising through the insolvency or the act, default or omission of any other depositary in which such moneys shall have been deposited under the provisions of the Bond Ordinance. The Bond Registrar shall not be responsible for the application of any of the proceeds of the Bonds or any other moneys deposited with it and paid out, withdrawn or transferred under the Bond Ordinance, if such application, payment, withdrawal or transfer shall be made in accordance with the provisions of the Bond Ordinance. The immunities and exemptions from liability of the Bond Registrar under the Bond Ordinance shall extend to its directors, officers, employees and agents.

Resignation and Discharge of Bond Registrar; Successor Bond Registrars. The Bond Registrar may resign and thereby become discharged from the duties created under the Bond Ordinance by notice in writing given to the Issuer and to all Holders of Bonds, by first class mail at least thirty (30) days prior to the effective date of such resignation, provided that such resignation shall take effect only on the appointment of a successor Bond Registrar, and, provided further, such resignation shall take effect immediately on the appointment of a new Bond Registrar if such new Bond Registrar be appointed and qualified before the time limit established by such notice. The Bond Registrar may be removed at any time at the written request of the Issuer or by an instrument in writing signed by the Holders of not less than a majority of the principal amount of the Bonds then outstanding.

If at any time the Bond Registrar shall resign, be removed, be dissolved or otherwise become incapable of acting or the offices of the Bond Registrar shall be taken over by any governmental official or board, or if the position of Bond Registrar shall become vacant for any reason, a successor shall be appointed by the Issuer; and unless such appointment be made within thirty (30) days after the vacancy shall have occurred, the Holders of a majority in principal amount of the Bonds then outstanding may make such appointment by an instrument in writing signed by any such Bondholders and filed with the

Issuer, or the Bond Registrar may petition a court of competent jurisdiction for the appointment of a successor. The Issuer may be designated as Bond Registrar for the Bonds after a vacancy has occurred. With the exception of the Issuer, any Bond Registrar hereafter appointed shall [i] be a trust company or bank in good standing having trust powers and subject to examination by a federal or state authority and [ii] have a reported combined surplus and capital aggregating at least \$75,000,000. The Issuer shall provide notice as soon as practicable of any change in the Bond Registrar to all Holders of Bonds in the same manner as required in the Bond Ordinance and Bonds re-registered or re-issued thereafter shall be altered or shall contain a legend identifying such successor Bond Registrar.

Every successor Bond Registrar appointed under the Bond Ordinance shall execute, acknowledge and deliver to its predecessor and also to the Issuer an instrument in writing accepting such appointment under the Bond Ordinance, and thereon such successor Bond Registrar, without any further act shall become fully vested with all the rights, immunities, powers, duties and obligations of its predecessor; but such predecessor shall, nevertheless, on the written request of the Issuer, or of its successor, execute and deliver any instrument transferring to such successor Bond Registrar all the rights, powers and duties of such predecessor under the Bond Ordinance, and every predecessor Bond Registrar shall deliver all securities, moneys, documents and records held by it to its successor; provided, however, that before any such delivery is required or made, all fees and expenses of such predecessor shall be paid in full. Should any instrument in writing from the Issuer be required by any successor Bond Registrar for more fully and certainly vesting in such Bond Registrar the rights, powers and duties vested or intended to be vested in the predecessor Bond Registrar, any such instrument in writing shall and will on request be executed, acknowledged and delivered by the Issuer.

Bond Ordinance is a Contract; Amendment Procedure. In consideration of the purchase and acceptance of the Bonds by those who shall purchase and hold the same from time to time after the sale thereof, the provisions of the Bond Ordinance shall constitute a contract between the Issuer and the Holders from time to time of the Bonds and such provisions are covenants and agreements with such Holders which the Issuer determines to be necessary and desirable for the security and payment thereof. After the issuance of the Bonds, no change, variation or alteration of any kind in the provisions of this Bond Ordinance shall be made in any manner except as provided in the Bond Ordinance until such time as all of the Bonds and the interest thereon have been paid in full. The provisions, covenants and agreements set forth in the Bond Ordinance to be performed on behalf of the Issuer shall be for the equal and ratable benefit, protection and security of the Holders of any and all of the Bonds, all of which, regardless of the time or times of their issue or maturity, shall be of equal rank without preference, priority or distinction of any of the Bonds over any other thereof. No Bonds may be issued under the provisions of the Bond Ordinance except in accordance with provisions thereof.

If it shall appear desirable and to the advantage of both the Issuer and the Holders of the Bonds, the Issuer shall adopt an ordinance (a "Supplemental Ordinance") altering or amending the Bond Ordinance, but providing therein that the Supplemental Ordinance shall not become effective unless and until it has received the approval of the Holders of the Bonds, as set out in the Bond Ordinance. Immediately on adoption of a Supplemental Ordinance a copy of the Supplemental Ordinance (or brief summary thereof or reference thereto in form approved by the Issuer) together with a request to Bondholders for their consent thereto in form satisfactory to the Issuer, shall be mailed by the Bond Registrar to Bondholders promptly after adoption. A Supplemental Ordinance shall not be effective unless and until there shall have been filed with the Bond Registrar the written consents of the Holders of sixty-six and two-thirds percent (66-2/3%) of the principal amount of the Bonds then Outstanding. Any such consent shall be binding on the Holder of the Bonds, after giving such consent and on any subsequent Holder of such Bonds, and of any Bonds, issued in exchange therefor (whether or not such subsequent Holder thereof has notice thereof), unless such consent is revoked in writing by the Holder of

such Bonds, giving such consent or a subsequent Holder thereof by filing with the Bond Registrar, prior to the time when the written statement of the Bond Registrar to the Issuer provided in the Bond Ordinance is filed, such revocation. At any time after the Holders of the required percentages of Bonds shall have filed their consent to a Supplemental Ordinance, the Bond Registrar shall make and file with the Issuer a written statement that the Holders of such required percentages of Bonds have filed such consents. Such written statement shall be conclusive that such consents have been so filed. At any time thereafter, notice, stating in substance that the Supplemental Ordinance (which may be referred to as a Supplemental Ordinance adopted by the Issuer on a stated date, a copy of which is on file with the Bond Registrar) has been consented to by the Holders of the required percentages of the principal amount of the Outstanding Bonds, and will be effective as provided in the Bond Ordinance, shall be given to Bondholders by the Issuer by mailing such notice, not more than ninety (90) days after the Holders of the required percentages of Bonds shall have filed their consents to the Supplemental Ordinance and the written statement of the Bond Registrar provided for is filed. The Issuer shall file with the Bond Registrar proof of the mailing of such notice. A transcript, consisting of the papers required or permitted by the Bond Ordinance to be filed with the Bond Registrar, shall be proof of the matters therein stated.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, no such modifications, alterations or amendments shall be made which will (a) permit an extension of the time of payment at maturity of the principal of or payment of the interest on any Bond, or a reduction in the amount of principal or the rate of interest thereon without the written consent of the Holder thereof or (b) reduce the percentage of Holders of Bonds required by the provisions of the Bond Ordinance for the taking of any action under the Bond Ordinance.

In addition to the foregoing, the Issuer may, without regard to the provisions hereinabove set forth, make any amendment or change in the Bond Ordinance (i) to evidence the succession of an institution as Bond Registrar or paying agent, (ii) to cure any ambiguity or to cure, correct or supplement any defective or inconsistent proceedings contained in the Bond Ordinance or in any ordinance or other proceedings pertaining thereto, (iii) to grant to or confer on the Bond Registrar for the benefit of the Holders of the Bonds, any additional rights, remedies, powers, authority or security which may lawfully be granted or conferred and which are not contrary to or inconsistent with the Bond Ordinance as theretofore in effect, (iv) to permit the Bond Registrar to comply with any obligations imposed on it by law, (v) to achieve compliance of the Bond Ordinance with any federal tax law, (vi) to maintain or improve any rating on the Bonds, or (vii) for any other purpose not inconsistent with the terms of the Bond Ordinance which shall not impair the security of the Bondholders or otherwise materially adversely affect the rights of the Bondholders. The Issuer may adopt Supplemental Ordinances to accomplish the foregoing.

Discharge of Bond Ordinance. If the Issuer shall pay or cause to be paid, or there shall otherwise be paid, to the Holders of all Bonds, the total principal and interest due or to become due thereon, including premium, if applicable, at the times and in the manner stipulated therein and in the Bond Ordinance, then the pledge of the Bond Ordinance, and all covenants, agreements and other obligations of the Issuer to the Bondholders, shall thereon cease, terminate and become void and be discharged and satisfied.

Whenever there shall be held in the Bond Fund or an escrow fund established for such purpose, either (a) moneys in an amount which shall be sufficient or (b) Defeasance Obligations (as defined below) the principal of and interest on which when due (without consideration of reinvestment income) will provide moneys which, together with other moneys, if any, then on deposit in the Bond Fund or such escrow fund, shall be sufficient to pay when due the principal of, interest and redemption premium, if applicable, on the Bonds, or any part thereof to and including the date on which the Bonds, or any of them will be redeemed in accordance with the Bond Ordinance, or the maturity date or dates thereof, as the case may be, then and in any of said events all such Bonds, shall be deemed to have been

paid within the meaning and with the effect expressed above in the Bond Ordinance, and the Bond Registrar shall and is hereby irrevocably instructed to publish notice thereof, such notice to contain a statement that the cash and obligations as provided above are held in the Bond Fund or such escrow fund, that such Bonds are deemed to have been paid in accordance with the Bond Ordinance, and a statement of the maturities or redemption date or dates on which the moneys are or will become available for the payment of the amounts due. Thereafter the Bondholders shall be entitled only to payment out of the cash and obligations deposited as aforesaid.

Neither such obligations or the moneys held in the Bond Fund pursuant to the Bond Ordinance, nor principal or interest payments on any such obligations shall be withdrawn or used for any purpose other than, and shall be held in trust for, the payment of the principal, interest and redemption premium, if applicable, on the Bonds; provided that any cash received from such principal or interest payment on such investments if not then needed for such purpose, shall, to the extent practicable, be reinvested in the same manner, in investments maturing at times and in amounts sufficient to pay when due the principal, interest and redemption premium, if applicable, on the Bonds, to and including such redemption date or maturity date thereof, as the case may be.

For purposes of the Bond Ordinance, "Defeasance Obligations" means the following:

- 1. direct obligations of (including obligations issued or held in book entry form) the United States of America; and
 - 2. pre-funded municipal obligations defined as follows:

Any bonds or other obligations of any state of the United States of America or of any agency, instrumentality or local governmental unit of any such state which are not callable at the option of the obligor prior to maturity or as to which irrevocable instructions have been given by the obligor to call on the date specified in the notice; and (1) which are rated, based on the escrow, in the highest rating category of Standard and Poor's Ratings Services and Moody's Investors Service or any successors thereto; or (2) which are fully secured as to principal and interest and redemption premium, if any, by a fund consisting only of cash or obligations described in paragraph (a) above, which fund may be applied only to the payment of such principal of and interest and redemption premium, if any, on such bonds or other obligations described in this paragraph on the maturity date or dates thereof or on the redemption date or dates specified in the irrevocable instructions referred to above, as appropriate.

APPENDIX E

Continuing Disclosure Certificate



Louisville/Jefferson County (Kentucky) Metro Government \$_____ General Obligation Bonds, Series 2010A

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE CERTIFICATE

The Louisville/Jefferson County Metro Government (the "Issuer") hereby delivers this Continuing Disclosure Certificate to the underwriters of the above-captioned Issuer's General Obligation Bonds, Series 2010A, dated on original issuance as of June ___, 2010 (the "Bonds"), which are being issued on and as of the date hereof, in order to assist the underwriters in complying with the requirements of subsection (5) of section (b) of Rule 15c2-12 (the "Rule") promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission. This Certificate is also delivered for the benefit of the holders from time to time of the Bonds.

- 1. The Issuer hereby undertakes to provide:
- A. To each Repository, annual financial information for the Issuer with respect to the fiscal year of the Issuer ending June 30, 2010, and each fiscal year thereafter;
- B. If not submitted as part of the annual financial information, then when and if available, to each Repository, audited financial statements for the Issuer with respect to the fiscal year of the Issuer ending June 30, 2010, and each fiscal year thereafter (provided the Issuer undertakes to provide unaudited financial statements as part of the annual financial information, to the extent audited financial statements are unavailable at the time the annual financial information is provided pursuant to A above);
- C. In a timely manner, to each Repository, notice of any of the following events with respect to the Bonds, if material:
 - [1] Principal and interest payment delinquencies;
 - [2] Non-payment related defaults;
 - [3] Unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties;
 - [4] Unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties;
 - [5] Substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform;
 - [6] Adverse tax opinions or events affecting the tax-exempt status of the Bonds;
 - [7] Modifications to rights of holders of the Bonds;
 - [8] Bond calls;
 - [9] Defeasances;

[10] Releases, substitutions or sales of property securing repayment of the Bonds; and

[11] Rating changes; and

- D. In a timely manner, to each Repository, notice of a failure of the Issuer to provide required annual financial information, on or before the applicable date, if any, specified below in this Continuing Disclosure Certificate.
- 2. Annual financial information and notices of material events will be provided under this Continuing Disclosure Certificate only for the Issuer.

3.	Below is a description, in	reasonable detail, of the typ	e of financial information
and operating	data to be provided as part	of the annual financial inform	mation: (All references to
headings and	appendices below are to th	e final Official Statement da	ited, 2010,
for the Bonds	("Official Statement"), exc	ept where otherwise noted.)	The information and data
described und	ler the headings,	and	and in the
Appendix enti	tled	<u></u> .	

- 4. Below is a description, in reasonable detail, of the accounting principles pursuant to which financial statements of the Issuer will be prepared, and whether the financial statements will be audited. As described in the notes to the financial statements which are included in the Official Statement, the financial statements of the Issuer have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles as applied to governmental units, and the Issuer intends that its financial statements will continue to be so prepared. The Issuer has adopted, and intends to continue to utilize, Statement No. 20 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"), "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities that use Proprietary Fund Accounting." The Issuer has elected to apply, and intends to continue to apply, all applicable GASB pronouncements as well as Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board opinions, issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.
- 5. The date on which the annual financial information for the preceding fiscal year will be provided is each January 1 (including the actual audit). The annual financial information will be provided to each Repository, to the extent, if any, described above.
- 6. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions, the obligations of the Issuer described above in this Continuing Disclosure Certificate will be terminated, effective immediately if and when the Issuer no longer remains an "obligated person" (within the meaning of the Rule) with respect to the Bonds.
- 7. Any right to enforce this Continuing Disclosure Certificate shall be limited to obtaining specific enforcement of the Issuer's obligations hereunder. Failure by the Issuer to comply with this Continuing Disclosure Certificate shall <u>not</u> be an event of default under the Bonds or the Bond Ordinance (as defined in the Bonds).

8. The Issuer from time to time may elect (but is not contractually bound) to provide other periodic reports or financial information, or notice of the occurrence of other events, in addition to those described in this Continuing Disclosure Certificate.

The following definitions shall apply to this Continuing Disclosure Certificate:

"National Repository" means the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board (http://emma.msrb.org). The National Repositories approved from time to time by the Commission are set forth on the Commission's website (http://www.sec/gov/info/municipal/nrmsir.htm).

"Repository" means National Repository and each State Repository.

"State Repository" shall mean any public or private repository or entity designated by the Commonwealth of Kentucky as a state repository for the purpose of the Rule and recognized as such by the Commonwealth. As of the date hereof, there is no State Repository.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Louisville/Jefferson County Metro Government has caused this Continuing Disclosure Certificate to be executed and delivered this day on its behalf by its Mayor and OMB Director, each being duly authorized thereunto.

DATED this day of	, 2010.	
	LOUISVILLE/JEFFERSON COUNTY GOVERNMENT	METRO
	By Jerry E. Abramson, Mayor	
	By	
APPROVED AS TO FORM AND LEGALITY:	Jane Driskell Sistrunk, Director, Management and Budget	Office of
Mike O'Connell		
By:		
James T. Carey, Assistant County Attorney		